

Fujikon Industrial Holdings Limited

富士高實業控股有限公司





Vision

To become our customers' preferred strategic partner in the acoustics and electronics industries.



Mission

Through advancements in innovative technologies, we strive to provide value-added and distinct products to our customers.



Values

We, as a partner, abide by our commitment to our customers.

We, as an innovator, relentlessly pursue excellence.

We, as a team, cross the finish line together.

We, as a corporate citizen, devote ourselves to the prosperity of our society.



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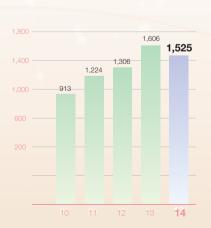
Financial Highlights

財務摘要

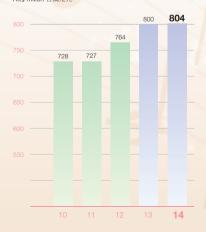
For the year ended 31 March 截至3月31日止年度

		2014	2013	Change 變化
Operating results	經營業績			
Gross margin (%)	毛利率(%)	17.1%	20.3%	-3.2%pts 百分點
Operating profit margin (%)	經營利潤率(%)	5.1%	8.7%	-3.6%pts 百分點
Net profit margin (%)	純利率(%)	4.1%	7.1%	-3.0%pts 百分點
Return on equity holders (%)	Return on equity holders (%) 資金回報率(%)			
Financial position	財務狀況			
Total assets (HK\$'000)	總資產(千港元)	1,152,835	1,193,025	-3.4%
Cash and bank deposits (HK\$'000)	現金及銀行存款(千港元)	468,852	453,432	3.4%
Bank borrowings (HK\$'000)	銀行借貸(千港元)	_	42,138	-100%
Shareholders' equity (HK\$'000)	股東權益(千港元)	803,630	800,013	0.5%
Financial Ratio	財務比率			
Current ratio (Times)	流動比率(倍)	3.0	2.8	7.1%
Quick ratio (Times)	速動比率(倍)	2.4	2.2	9.1%
Gearing ratio (%)	負債比率(%)	-	5.3%	-5.3%pts 百分點
Turnover ratio	週轉比率			
Inventory turnover (days)	存貨週轉(日)	51	49	4.1%
Debtors turnover (days)	應收賬週轉(日)	61	59	3.4%
Creditors turnover (days)	應付賬週轉(日)	48	46	4.3%
Operating cycle (days)	經營週期(日)	64	62	3.2%
Dividends per share (HK cents)	每股股息(港仙)	15.0	19.0	-21.1%
Interim	中期	4.0	3.0	33.3%
Final	末期	5.0	5.0	55.5 /0
Special	特別	6.0	11.0	-45.5%
Special	ויע עד	0.0	11.0	- 4 3.3 /0

Revenue 收入 HK\$ millon 百萬港元



Shareholders' equity 股東權益 HK\$ millon 百萬港元



Dividends per Share 每股股息 HK cent 港仙



Financial Summary 財務撮要

The following is a summary of the consolidated statement of comprehensive income and consolidated statement of financial position of Fujikon Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries:

以下為富士高實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司之綜合全面收益表及綜合財務狀況表之撮要:

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
Revenue	收入	1,525,276	1,605,551	1,305,943	1,223,641	913,229
Cost of sales	銷售成本	(1,265,028)	(1,280,150)	(1,075,889)	(1,039,813)	(729,664)
Gross profit	毛利	260,248	325,401	230,054	183,828	183,565
Other gains/(losses) – net	其他收益/(虧損)-淨額	4,466	14,890	(1,834)	1,093	74
Distribution and selling expenses General and administrative	分銷及銷售支出 一般及行政支出	(20,684)	(24,956)	(22,128)	(26,724)	(19,046)
expenses	<u> </u>	(166,518)	(176,269)	(134,540)	(115,983)	(102,753)
Operating profit	經營溢利	77,512	139,066	71,552	42,214	61,840
Finance income	融資收入	5,197	6,363	4,558	3,048	1,481
Finance costs	融資成本	(1,414)	(2,621)	(4,373)	(3,409)	(1,067)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	81,295	142,808	71,737	41,853	62,254
Income tax expenses	所得税支出	(15,352)	(23,926)	(11,910)	(6,496)	(7,260)
Profit for the year	年內溢利	65,943	118,882	59,827	35,357	54,994
Attributable to:	歸屬:					
Equity holders of the Company	本公司股權持有人	62,318	114,312	56,447	30,008	51,142
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	3,625	4,570	3,380	5,349	3,852
	1	65,943	118,882	59,827	35,357	54,994

Consolidated Statement of Financial Position

綜合財務狀況表

Property, plant and equipment 物業・阪房及設備 3,120 2,860 1,900 1,890 1							
Non-current assets							2010
Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠房及設備 239,129 208,813 196,191 200,146 20 1,890 1,8			HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Property, plant and equipment 物業、廠质及設備 3,129 208,813 196,191 200,146 20 1,890							
Investment properties							
Land use rights			·	•	-	-	203,891
Non-current deposits and other assets			3,120	2,860	1,900	1,890	1,600
other assets 其他資產 5,202 7,504 - - Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,067 4,604 7,249 7,741 Deferred income tax assets 遞延所得稅資產 4,189 238 208 - Total non-current assets 排流動資產 4,189 234,007 215,765 219,912 23 Current assets 流動資產 6 164,579 188,262 158,902 158,491 10 Trade receivables 其他應收款類 222,835 282,902 236,452 247,453 16 Other receivables 其他應收款類 22,800 29,627 17,069 13,294 2 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 - 121 164 326 Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Qurrent income tax recoverable Pledged bank/fixed deposits 其他財務資產 1,266 - - - - Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價額 468,8	•		9,864	9,988	10,217	10,135	23,090
Available-for-sale financial assets 一	•						
Assets			5,202	7,504	_	-	-
Deferred income tax assets 透延所得税資產	Available-for-sale financial	可供出售財務資產					
Current assets 非流動資產總值 262,571 234,007 215,765 219,912 23 Current assets 流動資產 Inventories 存貨 164,579 188,262 158,902 158,491 10 Trade receivables 應收質款 22,2835 282,902 236,452 247,453 16 Other receivables 其他應收款項 22,280 29,627 17,069 13,294 2 Other financial instruments 技企學問計入損益的 121 164 326 Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,266 — — — — Current income tax recoverable Pledged bank/fixed deposits 月抵押銀行存款/定期存款 —	assets		1,067	4,604	7,249	7,741	7,513
Current assets 流動資產 Inventories 存貨 164,579 188,262 158,902 158,491 10 Trade receivables 應收貨款 222,835 282,902 236,452 247,453 16 Other receivables 其他應收款項 22,280 29,627 17,069 13,294 2 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 — 121 164 326 Other financial assets at fair 按公平值計入損益的 value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial 可供出售財務資產 7 可供出售財務資產 8,984 1,633 54,032 56,883 7 Current income tax recoverable 可收回當期所得税 1,468 41 1,873 1,612 月 1,612 月 1,649 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	4,189	238	208	_	_
Inventories 存貨	Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值	262,571	234,007	215,765	219,912	236,094
Inventories 存貨							
Trade receivables 應收貨款 222,835 282,902 236,452 247,453 16 Other receivables 其他應收款項 22,280 29,627 17,069 13,294 2 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 - 121 164 326 Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,266 -<							
Other receivables 其他應收款項 22,280 29,627 17,069 13,294 2 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 - 121 164 326 Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,266 -					158,902	158,491	104,978
Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 - 121 164 326 Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,266 - - - - - Current income tax recoverable Pledged bank/fixed deposits 有抵押銀行存款/定期存款 - 11,499 -				282,902	236,452	247,453	163,723
Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,266 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Other receivables		22,280	29,627	17,069	13,294	24,006
value through profit or loss 其他財務資產 8,984 4,633 54,032 56,883 7 Available-for-sale financial assets 可供出售財務資產 1,266 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Derivative financial instruments		-	121	164	326	171
Available-for-sale financial 可供出售財務資產 assets	Other financial assets at fair	按公平值計入損益的					
1,266	value thr <mark>ough</mark> profit or loss	其他財務資產	8,984	4,633	54,032	56,883	73,885
Current income tax recoverable Pledged bank/fixed deposits 可收回當期所得税 有抵押銀行存款/定期存款 1,468 41 1,873 1,612 Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 468,852 441,933 425,391 352,599 38 Total current assets 流動資產總值 890,264 959,018 893,883 830,658 75 Current liabilities 流動負債 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Available-fo <mark>r-sa</mark> le financial	可供出售財務資產					
Pledged bank/fixed deposits 有抵押銀行存款/定期存款 - 11,499 - - Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 468,852 441,933 425,391 352,599 38 Total current assets 流動資產總值 890,264 959,018 893,883 830,658 75 Current liabilities 流動負債 Trade payables 應付貨款 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	assets		1,266	_	-	-	-
Cash and cash equivalents 現金及現金等價物 468,852 441,933 425,391 352,599 38 Total current assets 流動資產總值 890,264 959,018 893,883 830,658 75 Current liabilities 流動負債 Trade payables 應付貨款 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Current income tax recoverable	可收 <mark>回當</mark> 期所得税	1,468	41	1,873	1,612	720
Total current assets 流動資產總值 890,264 959,018 893,883 830,658 75 Current liabilities 流動負債 Trade payables 應付貨款 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — — —	Pledged bank/fixed deposits	有抵 <mark>押銀行存款/定期存款</mark>	-	11,499	_	-	6,810
Current liabilities Trade payables 應付貨款 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	468,852	441,933	425,391	352,599	385,407
Trade payables 應付貨款 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Total current assets	流動資產總值	890,264	959,018	893,883	830,658	759,700
Trade payables 應付貨款 163,028 168,227 151,656 134,261 9 Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22							
Accruals and other payables 應計費用及其他應付款項 113,032 107,797 83,169 80,164 8 Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得税負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Current liabilities	流動負債					
Derivative financial instruments 衍生金融工具 6,834 - - - - Current income tax liabilities 當期所得税負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Trade payables	應付貨款	163,028	168,227	151,656	134,261	96,786
Current income tax liabilities 當期所得稅負債 18,205 27,730 21,368 19,155 1 Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應付款項	113,032	107,797	83,169	80,164	80,872
Bank borrowings 銀行借貸 - 42,138 40,541 41,469 2 Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	6,834	-	_	_	-
Total current liabilities 流動負債總值 301,099 345,892 296,734 275,049 22	Current income tax liabilities	當期所得税負債	18,205	27,730	21,368	19,155	16,776
	Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	_	42,138	40,541	41,469	26,107
Net current assets	Total current liabilities	流動負債總值	301,099	345,892	296,734	275,049	220,541
	Net current assets	流動資產淨值	589,165	613 <mark>,</mark> 126	597,149	555,609	539,159
Total assets less current liabilities 總資產減流動負債 851,736 847,133 812,914 775,521 77	Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債	851,736	847,133	812,914	775,521	775,253

Consolidated Statement Of Financial Position (Continued) 綜合財務狀況表(續)

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2012 HK\$'000	2011 HK\$'000	2010 HK\$'000
	JL \(\start \) \(\frac{1}{2} \)					
Non-current liabilities	非流動負債					
Deferred income	遞延收入 (5.7.5.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.4.	-	494	1,864	2,064	1,986
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	1,967	759	575	613	1,132
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值	1,967	1,253	2,439	2,677	3,118
Net assets	資產淨值	849,769	845,880	810,475	772,844	772,135
Equity	權益					
Capital and reserves attributable	歸屬本公司股權					
to the Company's	持有人之股本					
equity holders	及儲備					
equity holders						
Share capital	股本	41,986	41,244	41,014	41,014	40,639
Other reserves	其他儲備	244,820	228,761	217,517	204,000	186,060
Retained earnings	保留溢利		-	•	•	
Proposed dividends	一建議股息	37,787	49,880	61,521	20,507	32,803
– Others	一其他	479,037	480,128	444,406	461,784	468,688
				·		
		803,630	800,013	764,458	727,305	728,190
		003,030	000,013	707,730	121,505	720,130
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益	46,139	45,867	46,017	45,539	43,945
Total equity	權益合計	849,769	845,880	810,475	772,844	772,135

Chairman's Statement 主席報告



To our shareholders,

On behalf of the Board of Directors (the "Board"), I am pleased to present the annual results of Fujikon Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries ("Fujikon" or the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2014.

The improving economic conditions in the United States have led to conflicting concerns of the Federal Reserve gradually winding down of the economic stimulus. As a result, a small fraction of the electro-acoustic industry has adopted a more defensive posture, wary of a possible weakening in consumer sentiment as well as rising interest rates. This defensive stance, combined with the consolidation of the market, an increase in provision for obsolete inventory and one-off impairment loss caused by flooding, has placed pressure on our financial performance. Nonetheless, riding on solid our ties with many of the top brands in the electro-acoustic industry and the healthy growth of our major customers, we remain in a strong position. This strength is most evident in an increase in both the quantity and quality of research projects conducted as well as the expanded patent portfolio during the reporting year.

We recognise that sustained commitment to development of new products with cutting-edge technology is the key to forging a closer bond with our customers. Over the past twelve months, we have not wavered from this commitment. Consequently, this has been a fruitful year for turning our innovations and technology platforms into commercialised products. We have applied for a number of patents to strengthen and protect our intellectual properties. Moreover, Fujikon has strengthened our leadership in developing applications incorporating various wireless technologies, including Bluetooth and Near Field Communication. It is no wonder then that leading brands choose us as a partner when they want to introduce state-of-the-art headphones and headsets.

致各位股東:

本人謹代表董事會(「董事會」)欣然提呈富士高實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(「富士高」或「本集團」)截至2014年3月31日止年度之年度業績報告。

鑑於美國經濟情況持續好轉,聯儲局逐步縮減經濟刺激措施,市場擔憂將會拖累經濟復甦。有鑑於此,由於擔憂消費氛圍可能走軟,加上利率上升,部份電聲企業採取較為保守的策略。此外,該行業進行市場整合,加上洪災導致呆貨撥備及一次性減值虧損增加,上述種種因素令本集團的財務表現受壓。儘管如此,憑藉與電聲業眾多頂尖企業的穩固業務關係及主要客戶的穩健業務增長,本集團表現依然向好,主要體現在報告年度內進行的研究項目數量及質量均有提升,專利組合亦見增加。

我們意識到,致力開發具備先進技術的新型產品,是 促進與客戶業務合作的關鍵之道。過去一年來,秉持 上述宗旨,我們堅持不懈,並取得累累碩果,將我們 的創新技術平臺轉化為商業產品。我們已作出多項專 利申請,以增強及保護我們的知識產權。此外,富士 高鞏固於發展附帶藍牙及近距離無線通訊等多項無線 技術應用的領導地位,成為領先企業在引入一流戴咪 耳機及音響耳機方面的首選合作夥伴。



Aside from our continued investments in production, industrial engineering and various technologies, we enjoy another important competitive advantage efficiency. Our adoption of the SAP Enterprise Resources Planning (ERP) system has enabled all units and operations of the Group to be improved as well as more effective strategies to be formulated and better decisions to be made. The ERP system also enables a guicker rollout of products in response to changing market conditions as well as cost-savings. And now with the integration of the task and content management system currently underway, we are further enhancing our business processes through closer collaboration with our customers and business partners.

除持續投資生產、產業工程及多項技術外,效率是 我們的又一重要競爭優勢。本集團採用SAP企業資源 計劃(ERP)系統,有助提升集團內各部門及業務的表 現,制定更具效益的策略及作出更為理想的決定。 ERP系統亦可加快產品推出以回應迅速轉變的市場狀 況,同時還可節省成本。本集團現正配置任務及內容 管理制度,诱過加深與客戶及業務夥伴的合作,進一 步改善我們的業務流程。

Moving forward, Fujikon remains fully committed to maintaining our position as a leading global electro-acoustic group and bolstering our position in the mid- to high-end products segment. We believe that the expected ongoing consolidation of the handsets and headphones industry will eventually force the weaker players out of the market. This consolidation should encourage more aggressive product development efforts by many of the top-tier brands to seize a larger market share, creating greater business opportunities to the Group to exploit our expertise in cutting-edge technologies. In addition, we will also offer our patented technologies exclusively to those preferred customers enabling them to better differentiate their products, while we build stronger business ties with them. By forging closer bonds, we can better enhance the profitability of the Group and overcome market challenges. Not content to rest on our laurels, we will also leverage our proven business model and implement effective cost control measures as our highly experienced management team leads sustained growth momentum in the long run.

展望未來,富十高仍矢志維持全球領先電聲集團的地 位, 並竭力提升本集團於中高端產品市場的地位。預 期戴咪耳機及音響耳機行業將持續整合,最終將迫使 弱勢企業淘汰出局。行業整合將鼓勵眾多頂尖企業加 大產品開發,以進一步擴大市場份額,同時為本集團 帶來更多商機,充分發揮於先進技術的專業知識。此 外,我們亦會向特選客戶獨家提供專利技術,助其生 產更佳產品,以在同業中脱穎而出,從而加強我們與 該等客戶的業務關係。透過與客戶建立更為深厚的業 務關係,有助提升本集團盈利能力,克服當前市場困 境。我們絕不會固步自封,相反,我們將利用優越的 業務模式,實施有效的成本控制措施,並在資深管理 團隊的帶領下,促進業務長期持續增長。

Dividends

The Board of Directors has recommended the payment of a final dividend of HK5.0 cents per ordinary share and a special final dividend of HK4.0 cents per ordinary share. Combined with an interim dividend of HK4.0 cents per ordinary share and a special interim dividend of HK2.0 cents per ordinary share already paid, a total annual payout of HK15.0 cents per ordinary share will be distributed to shareholders for the year ended 31 March 2014.

Appreciation

I wish to take this opportunity to express my appreciation to the management and the entire Fujikon workforce for their diligence and dedication during the financial year. I would also like to extend my gratitude on behalf of the Group to all of our business partners, shareholders and customers for their staunch support. I fully expect Fujikon to continue to make substantial progress, spurred on by the encouragement and endorsement from all of you.

股息

董事會建議派發末期股息每股普通股5.0港仙及特別 末期股息每股普通股4.0港仙。連同已派付的中期股 息每股普通股4.0港仙及特別中期股息每股普通股2.0 港仙,截至2014年3月31日止年度全年向股東派息總 額為每股普通股15.0港仙。

致謝

本人謹藉此機會對管理層及全體員工於財政年度內的 勤勉盡職表示感激。本人亦謹此代表本集團向各業務 夥伴、股東及客戶的鼎力支持致以誠摯謝意。相信在 大家的鼓勵及協助下,富士高將繼續長足發展。

Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny Chairman

Hong Kong, 26 June 2014

楊志雄

主席

香港,2014年6月26日

Management Discussion and Analysis 管理層討論及分析

BUSINESS REVIEW

Economic indicators point towards a gradual yet sustained economic recovery in the United States. However, concerns remain about the Federal Reserve's reduction of stimulus measures, such as quantitative easing, on the recovery. Evidence of these concerns in the consumer electronics industry has been the suspension orders by certain electro-acoustic brands, wary of a possible weakening in consumption sentiment.

The Group has been able to leverage ties with its other long-standing business partners and its revenue has only slightly dipped to HK\$1,525.3 million (2013: HK\$1,605.6 million) for the year ended 31 March 2014. Gross profit was, however, more noticeably affected, receding year-on-year to HK\$260.2 million (2013: HK\$325.4 million). The decline was the result of a combination of factors. Most important among these are the aforementioned suspension of orders, leading to an increase in provision for obsolete inventory; a one-time impairment loss incurred from flooding; and the increase in overall labour costs due to a rise in rush orders. Profit attributable to equity holders was consequently affected, slipping to HK\$62.3 million (2013: HK\$114.3 million) for the reporting year. Basic earnings per share were HK14.9 cents (2013: HK27.9 cents).

BUSINESS SEGMENT ANALYSIS

Headsets and Headphones

The headsets and headphones business continued to constitute the core business of Fujikon. During the reporting year, the business generated revenue of HK\$1,158.3 million (2013: HK\$1,248.4 million), thus accounting for 75.9% of total revenue raised by the Group.

During the year under review, the market has become crowded with new and old brands alike resulting in industry consolidation. While the majority of the Group's customers are established, leading industry brands, market saturation has strained their growth. Some of the key customers experienced sales declines, while others gained market share at the expense of peers by dramatically cutting product prices to maintain competitiveness and market share. This has inevitably affected their sales performance as well as the Group's. To sustain business growth in this challenging environment, these market leaders have exerted tremendous effort to refresh their product lines to meet the ever-changing market demand and differentiate themselves. Fujikon has met their needs with its dedicated focus on new product and technology development. The results of the Group's own efforts are apparent in its expanded patent portfolio and strong product development pipeline. The Group believes Fujikon will buck the trend of consolidation by becoming an important strategic partner of the leading brands.

業務回顧

經濟指標顯示美國經濟持續緩慢復蘇。然而,聯儲 局縮減量寬規模,收縮經濟刺激措施,市場憂慮將會 拖慢復蘇步伐。在消費電子行業方面,由於擔憂消費 氛圍可能走軟,一些電聲企業暫停訂單,其影響可見 一斑。

憑藉與其他長期業務夥伴的合作,截至2014年3月31日止年度,本集團收入輕微下滑至1,525,300,000港元(2013年:1,605,600,000港元)。毛利則受創較重,同期減少至260,200,000港元(2013年:325,400,000港元)。毛利減少受多項因素影響,最主要的原因為上文所述的暫停訂單,導致呆貨撥備增加;洪災引致一次性減值虧損;及加急訂單增加導致整體勞工成本增加。歸屬股權持有人的溢利亦相應受到影響,於報告年度減少至62,300,000港元(2013年:114,300,000港元)。每股基本盈利為14.9港仙(2013年:27.9港仙)。

業務分部分析

戴咪耳機及音響耳機

戴咪耳機及音響耳機業務仍為富士高的核心業務。於報告年度,該業務錄得收入1,158,300,000港元(2013年:1,248,400,000港元),佔本集團總收入的75.9%。

於回顧年度,市場上新舊企業林立,引致進行行業整合。本集團客戶雖多為業內領先知名企業,市場飽和仍大大削弱其業務增長。一些主要客戶出現銷量下滑,其他客戶則透過壓價搶佔同業公司市場,藉此維持競爭力及市場份額。這種作法勢必影響其銷售表現,而本集團亦無法獨善其身。市場領先企業為了在充滿挑戰的環境中維持業務增長,均竭盡所能推出新產品線,以迎合瞬息萬變的市場需求,並在市場中脱穎而出。富士高透過專注新產品及技術開發滿足這些品牌的需求,而從集團的專利組合和開發中產品增加,正是集團努力的成果。本集團相信成為這些知名品牌的重要策略夥伴,定能在市場整合潮中逆流而上。

Accessories and Components

The accessories and components business remains an important part of the Group's vertical integration efforts. For the year ended 31 March 2014, the segment recorded revenue of HK\$366.9 million (2013: HK\$357.2 million) and profit of HK\$3.6 million (2013: HK\$17.2 million), which were adversely affected by intense competition and price pressure. To raise the competitiveness and profitability of this business, the management is closely evaluating the product mix and intends to restructure certain product lines as necessary.

PROSPECTS

Looking ahead, the expected ongoing consolidation of the handset and headphone industry may impact the Group's financial performance in the short run, and may have been affected to some extent by the discontinuation of orders for a specific product as announced on 6 June 2014, until the Group's customers regain ground from the consolidation. Indeed, many of Fujikon's market-leading customers are poised to benefit from the trend and capture a larger market share in the medium to long term as weaker players exit the market. By building on its solid foundation, particularly in engineering and new product development, Fujikon is confident it will remain as a preferred partner of these world-class brands and achieve sustained organic growth riding on their business expansion in the long run.

The Group's strategy is to leverage its expertise in technology applications to meet the needs of these leading customers for both product and positioning differentiation. The Group will selectively offer its patented technologies to preferred customers, collaborating closely with them to develop signature products. Apart from being a leading manufacturer of wireless headsets and headphones incorporating Bluetooth and Near Field Communication (NFC) technologies, Fujikon will continue to develop and integrate proprietary technologies in its latest models and further enrich its patent portfolio. This technology and intellectual property prowess will further enhance its attraction as a strategic partner to leading brands, while also reducing dependence on external solution providers.

Raising operational efficiency is another goal of Fujikon. Therefore, the Group is extending the implementation of its SAP Enterprise Resource Planning (ERP) system to more facets of its operations, including cost control and quality management. Its task and content management system is now being configured and has already yielded a number of benefits. Particularly noteworthy here is the reduction in development time, enabling a quicker rollout of products in response to changing market conditions as well as cost-savings. At the same time, the Group also plans to upgrade its production facilities to meet its customers' requirements.

配件及零件

配件及零件業務仍為本集團垂直綜合業務的重要組成部份。截至2014年3月31日止年度,該分部錄得收入366,900,000港元(2013年:357,200,000港元)及溢利3,600,000港元(2013年:17,200,000港元),因競爭激烈及價格壓力而大受影響。為提高該業務的競爭力及盈利能力,管理層正加緊評估產品組合,需要時將會重組若干產品線。

展望

展望未來,預期戴咪耳機及音響耳機行業將持續整合,及因於2014年6月6日公告中提及某一產品停止訂單,在本集團客戶再度受惠之前,或會在短期內影響本集團的財務表現。事實上,從中長期來看,富士高多數市場領先客戶鋭意利用整合之機,進一步擴大市場份額,而弱勢企業則遭受市場淘汰。憑藉穩健的業務基礎,尤其是工程及新產品開發實力,富士高有信心繼續成為世界一流企業的首選合作夥伴,緊握該等企業業務擴展良機,促進業務長期持續增長。

本集團的策略是運用在技術應用上的專業知識,協助知名客戶在產品及定位方面突圍而出。本集團將會為特選客戶提供專利技術,並與這些客戶緊密合作,開發具有代表性的產品。富士高除了在生產附帶藍芽及近距離無線通訊(NFC)技術的無線戴咪耳機及音響耳機的範疇領先市場外,未來將繼續開發並整合專有技術於最新款產品之中,進一步豐富其專利組合。本集團在技術及知識產權方面的優勢,將能吸引更多知名品牌成為策略夥伴,同時亦減少集團對其他解決方案供應商的依賴。

此外,富士高致力提升營運效率,現正擴大SAP企業資源計劃(ERP)系統在不同營運層面的應用範疇,包括成本控制及質量管理。亦正在配置任務及內容管理制度,為集團帶來了顯著的優勢,包括縮短開發時間、加快產品推出以回應迅速轉變的市場情況,以及節省成本等。與此同時,本集團亦計劃提升生產設施,滿足客戶的需求。

FINANCIAL REVIEW

Liquidity and Financial Resources

The Group maintained at a strong financial position. Net current assets as at 31 March 2014 amounted to approximately HK\$589.2 million (2013: HK\$613.1 million). The Group's current and quick ratios were approximately 3.0 times (2013: 2.8 times) and 2.4 times (2013: 2.2 times), respectively.

The Group had cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits of approximately HK\$468.9 million as at 31 March 2014, representing an increase of approximately 3.4% against approximately HK\$453.4 million as at 31 March 2013. Approximately 72.5%, 24.4% and 2.2% of the total cash and cash equivalents were denominated in Renminbi, US dollars and Hong Kong dollars respectively, and the remainder were in other currencies. As at 31 March 2014, the Group had aggregated banking facilities of approximately HK\$273.8 million (2013: HK\$273.3 million) from several banks for loans and trade financing, with an unused balance of approximately HK\$273.8 million (2013: HK\$231.2 million).

Foreign Exchange Exposure

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and Mainland China with most transactions settled in Hong Kong dollars, Renminbi and US dollars. The Group is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entities to which they relate.

The Group entered into foreign exchange forward contracts to manage such exposure. The net fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts entered into by the Group for managing the risk relating to monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at 31 March 2014 was a liability of HK\$6.8 million (2013: an asset of HK\$0.1 million). Fair value losses on derivative financial instruments accounted for approximately HK\$7.0 million (2013: HK\$0.04 million) for the year and such fair value losses does not have impact to the Group's real cash flow.

On the contrary, net realised gains from derivative financial instruments of approximately HK\$20.0 million (2013: HK\$12.8 million) from derivative financial instruments represent actual settlements under derivative contracts during the year. Due to the appreciation of RMB during the year, the Group had net foreign exchange losses of approximately HK\$9.0 million (2013: gains HK\$2.1 million). If these net realised gains and net exchange losses were taken into account, the Group's foreign exchange exposure was in net gains of approximately HK\$11.0 million for the year, representing a decrease of approximately 26.0% against approximately HK\$14.9 million for last year.

財務回顧

流動資金及財務資源

本集團維持強健的財務狀況。於2014年3月31日,流動資產淨值約為589,200,000港元(2013:613,100,000港元)。本集團之流動及速動比率分別約為3.0倍(2013:2.8倍)及2.4倍(2013:2.2倍)。

本集團於2014年3月31日之現金及現金等價物及有抵押銀行存款約為468,900,000港元,較2013年3月31日約為453,400,000港元增加約3.4%。現金及現金等價物中約72.5%、24.4%及2.2%分別為人民幣、美元及港元計值,其餘則為其他貨幣計值。於2014年3月31日,本集團之銀行融資合共約為273,800,000港元(2013:273,300,000港元),為來自多家銀行之貸款及貿易信貸,而未動用之餘額約為273,800,000港元(2013:231,200,000港元)。

外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地經營業務,交易主要以港元、人民幣及美元結算。本集團所承擔之外匯風險主要來自未來商業交易、確認以集團實體相關功能貨幣以外之貨幣結算之資產及負債。

本集團訂立外匯期貨合約以管理是項風險。於2014年3月31日,本集團所訂立就管理有關外幣貨幣資產及負債之風險之外匯期貨合約之公平淨值為負債6,800,000港元(2013年:資產100,000港元)。衍生金融工具之公平值虧損於年內約為7,000,000港元(2013年:40,000港元),且該等公平值虧損並無對本集團之實際現金流構成影響。

相反,衍生金融工具之已實現收益淨額約為20,000,000港元(2013年:12,800,000港元),乃衍生工具合約項下於年內之實際結算金額。由於年內人民幣升值,本集團錄得外匯虧損淨值約9,000,000港元(2013年:收益2,100,000港元)。倘計及該等已實現收益淨額及外匯虧損淨值,本集團於年內之外匯風險達致收益淨額約11,000,000港元,較去年約14,900,000港元下降約26.0%。

Employee Information

As at 31 March 2014, the Group employed a total of approximately 5,500 (2013: 6,400) employees. The staff costs (including the directors' emoluments) accounted for approximately HK\$388.5 million (2013: HK\$369.1 million) during the year.

The Group has developed its human resources policies and procedures based on performance and merit. Employees are rewarded on a performance-related basis within the general framework of its salary and bonus system. Discretionary bonus is linked to the profit performance of the Group as well as individual performance. Benefits include staff accommodation, medical schemes, share option scheme, Mandatory Provident Fund for employees in Hong Kong and state-sponsored retirement plans for employees in Mainland China. The Group has also developed training programs to its management and employees to ensure they are properly trained.

Financial Guarantee

As at 31 March 2014, the Company had provided corporate guarantees of approximately HK\$155.7 million (2013: HK\$155.7 million) to several banks to secure banking facilities of its subsidiaries. No facilities were utilised by the subsidiaries as at 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$37.2 million).

僱員資料

於2014年3月31日,本集團共聘用約5,500名(2013:6,400名)僱員。僱員成本(包括董事酬金)於年內約為388,500,000港元(2013:369,100,000港元)。

本集團亦根據工作表現及成績制訂人力資源政策及程序。僱員報酬是根據慣常之薪酬及花紅制度按員工表現給予的。酌情花紅視乎本集團之溢利表現及個別員工之表現而定,而僱員福利已包括宿舍、醫療計劃、購股計劃、香港僱員之強制性公積金計劃及中國內地僱員之國家退休金計劃。本集團亦已為其管理層及僱員提供培訓計劃,以確保彼等獲得適當培訓。

財務擔保

於2014年3月31日,本公司已向多間銀行提供約為155,700,000港元(2013:155,700,000港元)之公司擔保,以作為其附屬公司之銀行融資之擔保。於2014年3月31日,附屬公司並沒有使用任何信貸額(2013:37,200,000港元)。

Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management 董事及高級管理層履歷

Executive Director

Mr. YEUNG Chi Hung, Johnny, M.H., aged 69, is a co-founder of the Group. He has been the Chairman and the executive Director since 2000 and was appointed as Chief Executive Officer of the Company on 1 October 2011. Mr. Yeung is responsible for the overall strategic planning and business development of the Group. He is instrumental in the formulation and implementation of the business policies of the Group. Mr. Yeung was elected the Honorary Fellowship 2004 by The Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries, Directors of The Year Awards 2007 (executive Director): Listed Companies (SEHK - Non Hang Seng Index Constituents) by The Hong Kong Institute of Directors, In 2014, he was awarded the University Fellow of The Hong Kong Polytechnic University, re-elected the Industrial Fellow of Warwick University and was awarded the Medal of Honour ("M. H.") by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government on 1 July 2014. Mr. Yeung has over 40 years of experience in the electronics and acoustics industry. In addition, Mr. Yeung is the Vice President of the Chinese Manufacturers' Association of Hong Kong, the Chairman of Hong Kong Electronics Industries Association and the Honorary Chairman & the Vice Chairman of Dongguan Electronics Industries Association, the President of Dongguan City Association of Enterprises with Foreign Investment Humen Branch, the Chairman of Electronics and Telecommunications Training Board of the Vocational Training Council and a Current Advisor of the 47th Yan Chai Hospital Board Office. Mr. Yeung is the father of Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben, the executive Director of the Company.

Mr. YUEN Yee Sai, Simon, aged 72, is a co-founder of the Group. He has been the Joint Deputy Chairman and the executive Director since 2000. Mr. Yuen is responsible for the overall strategic planning of production and operation related affairs of the Group. He was elected the Associateship 2004 by The Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries. Mr. Yuen has over 40 years of experience in the electronics industry and has in depth knowledge of trading in the PRC. In addition, he is a Vice Chairman of the Committee of the Association of Foreign Investment Enterprises of Dongguan City, Honorary Citizen of Dongguan City and Humen Town, a Vice Chairman of Dongguan Overseas Friendship Association. Mr. Yuen is the father of Mr. Yuen Chi King, Wyman, the executive Director of the Company.

Mr. CHOW Man Yan, Michael, aged 65, is a co-founder of the Group. He has been the Joint Deputy Chairman and the executive Director of the Group since 2000. He is responsible for the overall strategic planning of purchasing related affairs of the Group. Mr. Chow was elected the Associateship 2004 by The Professional Validation Council of Hong Kong Industries. He has over 40 years of experience in the electronics and acoustics industry, especially in production and material management and inventory control. Mr. Chow is the brother of Ms. Chow Lai Fung, the executive Director of the Company.

執行董事

楊志雄先生, M.H., 69歲, 本集團聯合創辦人。 自2000年出任本集團主席及執行董事,並於2011 年10月1日委任為本公司之行政總裁。楊先生負 責本集團之整體策略性規劃及業務發展。彼對 於為本集團制訂及業務政策上作出重大貢獻。 楊先生於2004年獲香港工業專業評審局頒發榮譽 院士、2007年獲香港董事學會頒發傑出董事獎 (執行董事):上市公司(香港交易所-非恆生指 數成分股)。彼於2014年獲香港理工大學頒發院 士及英國華威大學再度頒發工業院士及亦於2014 年7月1日獲香港特別行政區政府頒授榮譽勳章 (「M. H.」)。彼於電子及音響行業積逾40多年經驗。 此外,楊先生為中華廠商聯合會副會長、香港電子 業商會會長以及東莞電子業商會名譽會長及副會 長、東莞市外商投資企業協會虎門分會會長、職業 訓練局電子業及電訊業訓練委員會主席及仁濟醫院 第四十七屆董事會當年顧問。楊先生是本公司執行 董事楊少聰先生之父親。

源而細先生,72歲,本集團聯合創辦人,自2000年出任本集團之聯席副主席及執行董事。源先生負責本集團生產事務及營運之整體策略性規劃。彼於2004年獲香港工業專業評審局頒發副院士。源先生在電子行業方面積逾40多年經驗,並對中國貿易具有深入了解。此外,彼乃東莞市外商投資企業協會理事會之副會長,東莞市榮譽市民及虎門鎮榮譽市民,東莞市海外聯誼會副理事長。彼為本公司執行董事源子敬先生之父親。

周文仁先生,65歲,本集團聯合創辦人,自2000年 出任本集團之聯席副主席及執行董事。周先生負責 本集團採購事務之整體策略性規劃。彼於2004年獲 香港工業專業評審局頒發副院士。周先生於電子及 音響行業(特別是生產及物料管理及存貨控制)積逾 40多年經驗。周先生為本公司之執行董事周麗鳳女 士之胞兄。

Executive Director (Continued)

Mr. YUEN Chi King, Wyman, aged 39, is an executive Director of the Group. Mr. Yuen joined the Group in August 2006 and is responsible for overseeing the implementation of corporate strategy and the financial functions of the Group. Mr. Yuen graduated from the University of Toronto, Canada with a Bachelor degree of Commerce and from Saint Louis University, United States of America with a Master degree of Finance. Prior to joining the Group, Mr. Yuen has worked for a few regional financial securities institutions and was responsible for the provision of corporate finance advisory services. Mr. Yuen has more than 7 years of experience in financial securities industry and he is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Yuen was appointed as an independent non-executive director and a member of the audit committee, the nomination committee and the remuneration committee of Pak Tak International Limited (a company listed on the Main board of the Hong Kong Stock Exchange) in September 2009. Mr. Yuen is the son of Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon, the Joint Deputy Chairman of the Company.

Mr. YEUNG Siu Chung, Ben, aged 38, is an executive Director and Chief Strategy Officer of the Group. In November 2002, Mr. Yeung joined Fujikon Industrial Company Limited, a subsidiary of the Group, in which he served in numerous sales and marketing and project management positions for about 3 years. Mr. Yeung re-joined the Group as an executive Director in August 2007 and is responsible for overseeing the business development functions and implementing the corporate strategy of the Group. He holds a Master of Business Administration degree from Yale University in the United States of America and a Bachelor of Science degree in International Business from Pepperdine University in the United States of America. Mr. Yeung has more than 10 years of working experience in an engineering and marketing capacity. Mr. Yeung was elected 2013 Young Industrialist Awards of Hong Kong. In addition, he is a member of the National Committee of CPPCC of Sihui County, a member of the Youth Committee of Beijing Chinese Overseas Friendship Association (Hong Kong), a member of the Youth Officer of Hong Kong Wong Tai Sin Industry & Commerce Association, a member of the Young Executive Council of Federation of Hong Kong Industries and a Current Advisor of 47th Yan Chai Hospital Board Office. He is the son of Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, who is the Chairman and Chief Executive Officer of the Company.

Ms. CHOW Lai Fung, aged 50, is an executive Director of the Group. Ms. Chow joined the Group in March 2001 and was appointed as executive Director with effect from 1 August 2007. She is the Chief Financial Officer and Company Secretary of the Group. She graduated from the University of Missouri- Kansas City, United States of America with a Bachelor of Science degree in Accounting. She has over 20 years of experience in management, accounting and finance. Ms. Chow is a member of the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. She is the sister of Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael, the Joint Deputy Chairman of the Company.

執行董事(續)

源子敬先生,39歲,本集團之執行董事。源先生於2006年8月獲委任為執行董事,負責監察本集團在財務功能方面所採行之企業策略。源先生畢業於加拿大多倫多大學及美國聖路易大學,分別取得商學學士學位及金融碩士學位。於加入本集團前,源先生學於多間區內金融證券機構任職,負責提供企業融資顧問服務。源先生於金融證券業方面擁有逾7年經驗,彼為美國會計師公會成員。源先生於2009年9月獲委任為百德國際有限公司(一家於香港交易所主板上市之公司)之獨立非執行董事及審核委員會,提名委員會及薪酬委員會之成員。源先生為本公司聯席副主席源而細先生之兒子。

楊少聰先生,38歲,本集團之執行董事及首席策略總監。楊先生曾於2002年11月加入本集團之附屬公司富士高實業有限公司,彼於該公司擔任多項第任及項目管理職務約3年。楊先生於2007年8月重新加入本集團作為執行董事,並負責監督中襲之業務發展和企業策略。彼持有美國耶魯大學國際有人因大學國際有一大學國際有一大學國際有一大學國際有一大學大學國際,被為政協四會市委員會委員、香港員及上之工作經驗。楊先生於2013年獲香港工業家獎。此外,彼為政協四會市委員會委員,有年工業家獎。此外,彼為政協四會市委員會委員,看港大會,有一大學、大會等的。

周麗鳳女士,50歲,本集團之執行董事。周女士於2001年3月加入本集團,並於2007年8月1日獲委任為執行董事。彼為本集團之首席財務總監兼公司秘書。周女士畢業於美國密蘇裡大學肯薩斯分校,並持有會計專業理學士學位。彼於管理、會計及財務方面擁有逾20年以上經驗。彼為美國會計師公會及香港會計師公會之會員。周女士為本公司之聯席副主席周文仁先生之胞妹。

Independent Non-executive Director

Dr. CHANG Chu Cheng, aged 70, has been an independent non-executive Director of the Company from March 2000 to March 2014 cumulatively 14 years of service. Dr. Chang resigned on 1 April 2014.

Dr. Chung Chi Ping Roy, aged 61, was appointed as an independent non-executive Director, a member of each of the Remuneration Committee, the Nomination Committee and the Audit Committee of the Company on 1 April 2014.

Dr. Chung holds a Doctor of Engineering Degree from the University of Warwick, United Kingdom and a Doctor of Business Administration Degree from City University of Macau. He was appointed as an Industrial Professor by the University of Warwick, United Kingdom in December 2010. He was awarded an Honorary Doctor of Business Administration by the Hong Kong Polytechnic University in 2007 and an Honorary Doctorate Degree by the University of Newcastle, New South Wales, Australia in 2006. He was awarded the Bronze Bauhinia Star (BBS) Medal by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government on 1 July 2011. He was appointed as Justice of Peace by the Hong Kong Special Administrative Region Government on 1 July 2005 and won the Hong Kong Young Industrialists Award in 1997.

Dr. Chung is highly dedicated to the advancement of industry and was the Chairman of the Federation of Hong Kong Industries from July 2011 to July 2013. In addition, Dr. Chung holds positions on a number of Hong Kong SAR Government advisory committees and is also an active member of many social committees and associations.

Dr. Chung is a co-founder and non-executive director of Techtronic Industries Company Limited (stock code: 669)("Techtronic"), a company listed on the Main Board of The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange"). He is also an independent non-executive director of TK Group (Holdings) Limited (stock code: 2283), Kin Yat Holdings Limited (stock code: 638) and KFM Kingdom Holdings Limited (stock code: 3816), all listed on the Main Board of the Stock Exchange.

獨立非執行董事

張樹成博士,70歲,從2000年3月至2014年3月為本公司獨立非執行董事。張博士已服務本公司累計達 14年,彼已於2014年4月1日辭任。

鍾志平博士,61歲,於2014年4月1日獲委任為本公司獨立非執行董事、薪酬委員會、提名委員會及審核委員會之成員。

鍾博士持有英國華威大學工程學博士學位及澳門城市大學工商管理博士學位。彼於2010年12月獲英國華威大學委任為工程教授。彼分別於2007年獲香港理工大學頒授榮譽工商管理博士及於2006年獲澳洲新南威爾士紐卡斯爾大學頒授榮譽博士學位。彼於2011年7月1日獲香港特別行政區政府頒授銅紫荊星章(銅紫荊星章)。彼於2005年7月1日獲香港特別行政區政府委任為太平紳士,並於1997年榮獲香港青年工業家獎。

鍾博士推動香港工業發展不遺餘力,於2011年7月至2013年7月出任香港工業總會主席。此外,鍾博士亦分別出任政府多個委員會成員,並熱心參與眾多社福機構,服務社群。

鍾博士為香港聯合交易所有限公司(「**聯交所**」)主板上市公司創科實業有限公司(股份代號:669)(「創科」)之聯合創辦人之一及非執行董事。彼亦擔任聯交所主板上市公司東江集團(控股)有限公司(股份代號:2283)、建溢集團有限公司(股份代號:638)及KFM金德控股有限公司(股份代號:3816)之獨立非執行董事。

Independent Non-executive Director (Continued)

Mr. CHE Wai Hang, Allen, aged 46, had been an independent non-executive Director of the Company for 4 years since March 2000. On June 2005, Mr. Che re-joined the Company as an independent non-executive Director. He holds a bachelor of laws degree and a postgraduate certificate in laws from The University of Hong Kong. Mr. Che was admitted as a solicitor of the Supreme Court of Hong Kong in 1993 and also became as a member of The Law Society of Hong Kong in the same year. Mr. Che has been practicing as a solicitor in Hong Kong over 20 years and is currently a partner of Wong, Hui & Co., Solicitors.

Mr. LEE Yiu Pun, aged 52, has been an independent non-executive Director since June 2005. Mr. Lee holds a bachelor of commerce degree majoring in accounting and marketing from the University of Calgary, Canada. He is currently a fellow member of The Association of Chartered Certified Accountants and an associate member of the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Mr. Lee worked as the group financial controller of S.A.S. Dragon Holdings Limited from 1994 to 1999, the financial controller of Magician Industries (Holdings) Limited from 1999 to 2000, and deputy finance director of Henderson China Holdings Limited from 2000 to 2001, all of which are listed on the Hong Kong Stock Exchange. Mr. Lee is currently the vice president of finance of a private group of companies.

Senior Management

Mr. MAN Yu Ming, aged 74, is the Managing Director of Fujikon Packing Material Company Limited. He joined the Group in July 1987.

Mr. LEUNG Shiu Ki, aged 48, Managing Director of Fujikon International Limited. He joined the Group in October 1991.

Mr. CHEUNG Ying Chun, aged 61, is the Managing Director of Fujikon Precision Metal Products Limited. He joined the Group in September 1988.

Mr. ZHU Jianhuan, aged 54, is the Managing Director of Zhejiang Fousine Science & Technology Company Limited. He joined the Group in May 2000.

獨立非執行董事(續)

車偉恒先生,46歲,自2000年3月起曾出任本公司獨 立非執行董事4年。於2005年6月,車先生重返本公 司出任本公司獨立非執行董事。彼獲香港大學頒發 法律學士學位及法律專業證書。車先生於1993年獲 認許為香港最高法院律師,並亦於同年成為香港律 師公會會員。車先生作為香港執業律師逾20年,現 時為黃許律師行合夥人。

李耀斌先生,52歲,從2005年6月起成為本公司獨 立非執行董事。李先生持有加拿大The University of Calgary之商科學位,主修會計及市場推廣。彼現時 為特許會計師公會之資深會員及香港會計師公會之 會員。李先生於1994年至1999年期間在時捷集團有 限公司任職集團財務總監。於1999年至2000年期間 在 通達工業(集團)有限公司任職財務總監,並於 2000年至2001年在恆基中國集團有限公司任職副財 務董事,上述所有公司均在香港交易所上市。李先 生現時於一家私人集團公司任職財務副總裁。

高級管理層

萬汝明先生,74歲,富士高包裝物料有限公司之董 事總經理。彼於1987年7月加入本集團。

梁紹基先生,48歲,富士高國際有限公司之董事總 經理。彼於1991年10月加入本集團。

張應鎮先生,61歲,富士高精密五金製品有限公司 之董事總經理。彼於1988年9月加入本集團。

朱建焕先生,54歲,浙江富舜科技股份有限公司之 董事總經理。彼於2000年5月加入本集團。

Report of the Directors 董事會報告

The directors (the "Directors") of Fujikon Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") have the pleasure of presenting the annual report together with the audited financial statements of the Company and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") for the year ended 31 March 2014.

富士高實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)董事(「董事」) 欣然提呈本公司及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)截至 2014年3月31日止年度之年報及經審計財務報表。

Principal Activities and Segment Analysis of operations

The principal activity of the Company is investment holding. The activities of the subsidiaries are set out in note 10 to the audited financial statements.

An analysis of the Group's performance for the year by segment information is set out in note 5 to the audited financial statements.

Results and appropriations

The results of the Group for the year are set out in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on page 47 of this annual report.

Dividends

An interim dividend of HK4.0 cents per ordinary share and a special interim dividend of HK2.0 cents per ordinary share were paid during the year. The Directors recommend the payment of a final dividend of HK5.0 cents per ordinary share and a special final dividend of HK4.0 cents per ordinary Share (the "Dividends") which, subject to the approval by the shareholders at the forthcoming annual general meeting (the "Annual General Meeting"). The Dividends are expected to be paid on or about 28 August 2014, to those shareholders whose names appeared on the Register of Members of the Company on 13 August 2014.

Other reserves

Movements in other reserves of the Group and the Company during the year are set out in note 21 to the audited financial statements.

Share capital and share options

Details of movements in share capital and share options of the Company are set out in notes 19 and 20, respectively, to the audited financial statements.

主要業務及營運分部分析

本公司之主要業務為投資控股,其附屬公司之主要業務載列於經審計財務報表附註10。

本集團於本年度業績之分部資料分析載列於經審計財 務報表附註5。

業績及撥款

本集團本年度之業績載列於本年報第47頁之綜合全面 收益表。

股息

年內已派發中期股息每股普通股4.0港仙及特別中期股息每股普通股2.0港仙。董事建議派付末期股息每股普通股5.0港仙及特別末期股息每股普通股4.0港仙(「股息」),待股東於應屆股東週年大會(「股東週年大會」)批准後,股息預期於2014年8月28日或前後派付予於2014年8月13日名列本公司股東名冊之股東。

其他儲備

本集團及本公司於年內其他儲備之變動詳情載列於經 審計財務報表附註21。

股本及購股權

本公司股本及購股權之變動詳情分別載列於經審計財務報表附註19及20。

Distributable reserves

As at 31 March 2014, the Company's reserves of approximately HK\$138,800,000 (subject to provisions of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda (as amended)) and retained earnings of approximately HK\$47,234,000 were available for distribution to the Company's shareholders.

Pre-emptive rights

There is no provision for pre-emptive rights under the Company's bye-laws and the laws in Bermuda.

Purchase, sale or redemption of shares

Neither the Company nor any of its subsidiaries has purchased, sold or redeemed any of the Company's shares during the year.

Donations

Charitable and other donations made by the Group during the year amounted to approximately HK\$234,000.

Property, plant and equipment

Details of movements in property, plant and equipment of the Group during the year are set out in note 6 to the audited financial statements.

Retirement schemes

Particulars of retirement schemes are set out in note 33 to the audited financial statements.

Five-year financial summary

A summary of the Group's financial information for the last five financial years is set out on pages 3 to 5 of this annual report.

可供分派儲備

於2014年3月31日,本公司可供分派予本公司股東之儲備約為138,800,000港元(受百慕達《1981年公司法》(經修訂)之條文所限)及保留溢利約為47,234,000港元。

優先認購權

本公司之公司細則及百慕達法例並無載有優先認購權 之規定。

購買、出售或贖回股份

本公司及其任何附屬公司於年內概無購買、出售或贖回任何本公司股份。

捐款

本集團於本年度之慈善及其他捐款約為234,000港元。

物業、廠房及設備

本集團於本年度物業、廠房及設備之變動詳情載列於 經審計財務報表附註**6**。

退休金計劃

退休金計劃詳情載列於經審計財務報表附註33。

五年財務撮要

本集團過去五個財政年度之財務資料之撮要載列於本年報第3至5頁。

Directors

The Directors who held office during the year and up to the date of this report were:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny

Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon

Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael

Mr. Yuen Chi King, Wyman

Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben

Ms. Chow Lai Fung

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (appointed on 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (resigned on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

Pursuant to bye-law 99 of the bye-laws (the "Bye-Laws") of the Company, Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon and Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael will retire from the office of Directors by rotation at the Annual General Meeting. Such Directors, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-election at the Annual General Meeting. According to the Listing Rules, a director appointed to fill a casual vacancy should be subject to election by shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment. Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 April 2014 to fill the causal vacancy of Dr. Chang Chu Cheng. Therefore, Dr. Chung will be eligible for re-election at the forthcoming Annual General Meeting. All the other Directors will remain in office.

Directors' service contracts

None of the Directors have an unexpired service contract which is not determinable by the Company or any of its subsidiaries within one year without payment of compensation other than statutory compensation.

Independence of Independent Non-Executive Directors

The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

董事

年內及截至本報告日期任職之董事如下:

執行董事

楊志雄先生

源而細先生

周文仁先生

源子敬先生

楊少聰先生

周麗鳳女士

獨立非執行董事

鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日辭任) 車偉恒先生

李耀斌先生

根據本公司之公司細則(「公司細則」)第99條,楊志雄先生、源而細先生及周文仁先生將於股東週年大會上輪流退任董事職務。該等董事符合資格且願意於股東週年大會膺選連任。根據上市規則,獲委任以填補臨時空缺之董事須於獲委任後之首個股東大會上接受股東選舉。鍾志平博士於2014年4月1日獲委任為獨立非執行董事,以填補張樹成博士之臨時空缺。因此,鍾博士將符合資格於應屆股東週年大會膺選連任。其餘所有董事繼續任職。

董事服務合約

董事概無訂立任何本公司或其任何附屬公司不得於一年內終止而毋須作出賠償(法定補償除外)之未屆滿服務合約。

獨立非執行董事之獨立性

本公司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合交易所有限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發出之年度獨立性確認函,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均屬獨立人士。

Directors' and chief executive's interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations

As at 31 March 2014, the Directors and chief executive of the Company had the following interests or short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of Part XV of the Securities and Futures Ordinance (the "SFO")) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise notified to the Company and The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange") pursuant to the Model Code for Securities Transactions by Directors of Listed Issuers (the "Model Code"), were as follows:

董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其聯營 公司之股份、相關股份及債券之權益

於2014年3月31日,本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其聯營公司(定義見證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)第XV部)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有下列須記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置之登記冊,或根據上市發行人董事進行證券交易的標準守則(「標準守則」)須知會本公司及香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)之權益或淡倉:

Interests in the Company

於本公司之權益

Number of underlying Shares (in respect of share options)⁽⁵⁾ 相關股份數目

Number of ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each (the "Shares") 每股面值0.10港元之普通股(「股份」)數目

相關股份數目 (就購股權而言)(5)

			Interest of			*Approximate
	Beneficial	Beneficiary	controlled	Beneficial		percentage of
Name of Directors	interest	of a trust	corporations	Interests	Total	shareholding
董事姓名	實益權益	信託權益	受控制法團權益	實益權益	總計	*概約持股百分比
Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny 楊志雄	10,521,000	-	70,571,500 ⁽¹⁾	3,700,000	84,792,500	20.20%
Yuen Yee Sai, Simon <mark>源</mark> 而細	1,000	-	64,571,500 (2)	4,110,000	68,682,500	16.36%
Chow Man Yan, <mark>Michael 周文</mark> 仁	8,355,000	_	70,571,500 ⁽³⁾	3,000,000	81,926,500	19.51%
Yuen Chi King, <mark>Wyman 源</mark> 子敬	1 7-		-	4,420,000	4,420,000	1.05%
Yeung Siu Chu <mark>ng</mark> , Ben 楊少聰	-	70,571,500	-	4,020,000	74,591,500	17.77%
Chow Lai Fung 周麗鳳	1,020,000		- /	3,000,000	4,020,000	0.96%
Chang Chu Cheng ⁽⁴⁾ 張樹成 ⁽⁴⁾	546,000	-	-	-	546,000	0.13%

^{*} The percentage has been compiled based on the total number of Shares in issue (i.e. 419,859,000 ordinary shares) as at 31 March 2014.

^{*} 有關百分比乃按於2014年3月31日已發行股份總數(即 419,859,000股普通股)計算。

Directors' and chief executive's interests in shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (Continued)

Interests in the Company (Continued)

Notes:

- 1. The 70,571,500 Shares are held by Loyal Fair Group Limited, a private limited company wholly owned by Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd, which was in turn wholly owned by Golden Hope Financial Limited. Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd was the trustee of Yeung Unit Trust, which was then beneficially owned by the Yeung Family Trust, a discretionary trust and the objects of which were the family members of Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, including Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben. Golden Hope Financial Limited was wholly owned by Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny.
- The 64,571,500 Shares are held by Sky Talent Enterprises Limited, a private limited company beneficially wholly owned by Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon.
- The 70,571,500 Shares are held by Asia Supreme Limited, a private limited company beneficially wholly owned by Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael.
- Dr. Chang Chu Cheng resigned as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 April 2014.
- Share options were granted to the Directors under the share option schemes of the Company, details of which are separately disclosed under the paragraph headed "Directors' rights to acquire Shares or debentures" below.

Save as disclosed above, none of the Directors and chief executive of the Company had any interests and short positions in the shares, underlying shares and debentures of the Company or its associated corporations (within the meaning of the SFO) as recorded in the register required to be kept under Section 352 of the SFO, or as otherwise required to be notified to the Company and the Stock Exchange pursuant to the Model Code as at 31 March 2014.

Information on share option schemes

The Company adopted share option schemes under which it may grant options to eligible participants (including executive Directors) to subscribe for Shares in the Company. Details of the schemes are set out in note 20 to the audited financial statements.

Pursuant to the ordinary resolutions of the Company passed on 21 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Old Scheme"). At the annual general meeting of the company held on 3 August 2012, an ordinary resolution was passed for the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") and the termination of the Old Scheme.

董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其聯營公司之股份、相關股份及債券之權益(續)

於本公司之權益(續)

附註:

- 該70,571,500股股份由Loyal Fair Group Limited持有, Loyal Fair Group Limited為一間由Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd全資擁有的私人有限公司,而Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd由Golden Hope Financial Limited全資擁有。Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd為Yeung Unit Trust之信託人,Yeung Unit Trust由全權信託基金Yeung Family Trust (其受益人 為楊志雄先生的家族成員,包括楊少聰先生)實益擁 有。Golden Hope Financial Limited由楊志雄先生全資擁 有。
- 該64,571,500股股份由Sky Talent Enterprises Limited持有·Sky Talent Enterprises Limited為一間由源而細先生全資實益擁有的私人有限公司。
- 該70,571,500股股份由Asia Supreme Limited持有,Asia Supreme Limited為一間由周文仁先生全資實益擁有的私 人有限公司。
- 4. 張樹成博士辭任獨立非執行董事·自2014年4月1日起 生效。
- 購股權乃根據本公司購股權計劃授予董事,購股權計 劃詳情於下文「董事購入股份或債券之權利」一段中披露。

除上文所披露者外,於2014年3月31日,概無本公司董事及主要行政人員於本公司或其聯營公司(定義見證券及期貨條例)之股份、相關股份及債券中擁有須記入根據證券及期貨條例第352條所存置之登記冊之權益及淡倉,或須根據標準守則知會本公司及聯交所之權益及淡倉。

購股權計劃之資料

本公司已採納購股權計劃。據此,本公司可向合資格 參與者(包括執行董事)授出可認購本公司股份之購股權。有關計劃詳情載列於經審計財務報表附註20。

根據本公司於2002年8月21日通過之普通決議案,本公司採納一項購股權計劃(「舊計劃」)。於2012年8月3日所舉行之公司股東週年大會上,通過一項普通決議案以採納新購股權計劃(「新計劃」)並終止舊計劃。

Information on share option schemes (Continued)

Subject to the exercise periods, all options (to the extent not already exercised) granted prior to the termination of the Old Scheme shall continue to be valid and exercisable in accordance with the Old Scheme. As at 31 March 2014, no options were granted under the New Scheme.

The principal terms of the New Scheme are as follows:

1. Purpose of the New Scheme

As incentive or rewards to eligible participants for their contribution to the Group.

2. Eligible participants of the New Scheme

Any eligible employee (whether full-time or part-time, including any executive Director), any non-executive Director, any shareholder, any supplier and any customer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest, and any other party having contribution to the development of the Group.

3. Total number of Shares available for issue under the New Scheme and percentage to the issued share capital as at 31 March 2014

41,013,900 Shares (approximately 9.77% of the total issued share capital).

4. Maximum entitlement of each participant under the New Scheme

Not exceeding 1% of the issued share capital of the Company for the time being in any 12-month period. Any further grant of options in excess of such limit must be separately approved by the Company's shareholders in general meeting.

5. The period within which the Shares must be taken up under an option

A period (which may not expire later than 10 years from the date of offer of that option) to be determined and notified by the Directors to the grantee thereof.

購股權計劃之資料(續)

受行使期間所規限,所有於舊計劃終止前授出之購股權(倘尚未行使)將繼續有效,並可根據舊計劃予以行使。於2014年3月31日,並無根據新計劃授出任何購股權。

新計劃之主要條款如下:

1. 新計劃之目的

作為合資格參與者為本集團所作貢獻之獎勵或 獎賞。

2. 新計劃之合資格參與者

本公司或其任何附屬公司或本集團任何成員公司持有任何股權之任何實體之任何合資格僱員 (不論全職或兼職,包括任何執行董事)、任何 非執行董事、任何股東、任何供應商及任何客 戶,以及對本集團發展貢獻良多之任何其他人 十。

3. 新計劃項下可供發行之股份總數及佔2014 年3月31日已發行股本之百分比

41,013,900股股份(相當於已發行股本總額約9.77%)。

4. 各參與者根據新計劃可獲發行之股份數目 上限

於任何12個月期間不超過本公司當時已發行股本之1%。超過此上限的任何進一步購股權批授 必須經本公司股東於股東大會逐項批准。

5. 必須根據購股權認購股份之期限

購股權認購期限將由董事釐定及通知承授人, 但該期限不得遲於購股權要約當日起計10年。

Information on share option schemes (Continued)

The minimum period for which an option must be held before it can be exercised

Unless otherwise determined by the Directors, there is no minimum period required under the New Scheme for the holding of an option before it can be exercised.

The amount payable on application or acceptance of the option and the period within which payments or calls must or may be made

A remittance in favour of the Company of HK\$1.00 on or before the date of acceptance (which may not be later than 21 days from the date of offer).

8. The basis of determining the exercise price

Being determined by the Directors and being not less than the highest of:

- a. the closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer;
- the average closing price of the Shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five business days immediately preceding the date of offer; and
- c. the nominal value of the Shares.

9. The remaining life of the New Scheme

The New Scheme is valid and effective for a period of 10 years commencing on 3 August 2012 (being the date of fulfilment of all conditions on the adoption of the New Scheme).

購股權計劃之資料(續)

6. 行使購股權前必須持有購股權之最短期限

除非董事另有決定,新計劃下並無規定行使購 股權前必須持有購股權之最短期限。

申請或接納購股權應付之款項,以及必須 或可予繳款或催繳款項之期間

於接納當日或之前(不得遲於自要約當日起計21 日)匯寄1.00港元予本公司。

8. 釐定行使價之基準

由董事釐定,惟不會低於下列各項之最高者:

- a. 要約當日股份於聯交所每日報價表所示之 收市價;
- b. 緊接要約當日前五個營業日股份於聯交所 每日報價表所示平均收市價:及
- c. 股份面值。

9. 新計劃餘下之期限

新計劃自2012年8月3日(即採納新計劃之全部條件達成之日)起計10年內有效及生效。

Directors' rights to acquire Shares or debentures

As at 31 March 2014, movements in the share options granted to and held by the Directors under the Old Scheme of the Company were as follows:

董事購入股份或債券之權利

於2014年3月31日,根據本公司之舊計劃,授予並由董事持有之購股權變動如下:

Number of underlying Shares 相關股份數目

	相關股份數日								
Name of Directors	Beginning of the year	Granted during the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed cancelled during the year 年內	End of the year	Subscription price per share	Date of grant	Exercise period (dd/mm/yyyy)	
董事姓名	年初	年內授出	年內行使	失效/註銷	年終	每股認購價	授出日期	行使期間(日/月/年)	
	′000 千股	′000 千股	′000 千股	′000 千股	′000 千股	(HK \$) (港元)			
Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny 楊志雄	3,700 410	- -	_ (410)	-	3,700	1.98 1.10	22/5/2007 28/3/2012	22/05/2008 - 21/05/2017 (Note 1)(附註1) 28/03/2013 - 27/03/2022 (Note 1)(附註1)	
Yuen Yee Sai, Simon 源而細	3,700 410	-	-	-	3,700 410	1.98 1.10	22/5/2007 28/3/2012	22/05/2008 - 21/05/2017 (Note 1)(附註1) 28/03/2013 - 27/03/2022 (Note 1)(附註1)	
Chow Man Yan, Michael 周文仁	3,700 410	-	(700) (410)		3,000	1.98 1.10	22/5/2007 28/3/2012	22/05/2008 - 21/05/2017 (Note 1)(附註1) 28/03/2013 - 27/03/2022 (Note 1)(附註1)	
Yuen Chi King, Wyman 源子敬	400 2,020 2,000	-	- - -	- - -	400 2,020 2,000	1.98 1.10 1.10	22/5/2007 28/3/2012 28/3/2012		
Yeung Siu Chung, Ben 楊少聰	2,020 2,000	-	-	-	2,020 2,000	1.10 1.10	28/3/2012 28/3/2012		
Chow Lai Fung 周麗鳳	2,020 2,000		(1,020) –		1,000 2,000	1.10 1.10	28/3/2012 28/3/2012	28/03/2013 - 27/03/2022 (Note 1)(附註1) 28/03/2014 - 27/03/2022 (Note 2)(附註2)	
Total: 總計:	24,790	-	(2,540)	-	22,250				

Notes:

- (1) The options were subject to a vesting period of one year from the date of grant.
- (2) The options were subject to a vesting period of two years from the date of grant.

Save as disclosed above, at no time during the year was the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holding companies a party to any arrangements to enable any of the Directors or the Company's chief executive to acquire benefits by means of the acquisition of shares in, or debt securities (including debentures) of, the Company or any other body corporate.

Directors' interests in contracts

Save for the related party transactions disclosed in note 35 to the audited financial statements, no contracts of significance in relation to the Group's business to which the Company or any of its subsidiaries or holding companies was a party and in which any of the Directors or the Company's chief executive had a material interest, whether directly or indirectly, subsisted at the end of the year or at any time during the year.

附註:

- (1) 該等購股權須遵守由授出日期起計之一年歸屬期。
- (2) 該等購股權須遵守由授出日期起計之兩年歸屬期。

除上文所披露者外,於年內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公司或控股公司並無參與任何安排,致使任何董事或本公司主要行政人員可藉購入本公司或任何其他法人團體之股份或債務證券(包括債券)而取得利益。

董事於合約中之權益

除經審計財務報表附註35所披露之關連人士交易外, 於年終或本年度內任何時間,本公司或其任何附屬公 司或控股公司並無就本集團之業務簽訂任何董事或本 公司主要行政人員直接或間接擁有重大權益之重要合 約。

Substantial shareholders' interests in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company

The following persons (not being a Director or chief executive of the Company) had interests or short positions in the Shares and underlying Shares at 31 March 2014 amounting to 5% or more of the ordinary Shares in issue which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO and which have been recorded in the register kept by the Company pursuant to the section 336 of the SFO.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權 益

以下人士(並非本公司董事或主要行政人員)於2014年3月31日持有已發行普通股5%或以上之股份及相關股份之權益或淡倉,而須根據證券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部向本公司披露,並且已載入本公司根據證券及期貨條例第336條存置之登記冊。

			*Approximate
			percentage of
Name of shareholders	Number of Shares	Capacity	interest
股東名稱	股份數目	身份	*概約權益百分比
Sky Talent Enterprises Limited	64,571,500	Beneficial owner (Note 2) 實益擁有人(附註2)	15.38%
Asia Supreme Limited	70,571,500	Beneficial owner (Note 3) 實益擁有人(附註3)	16.81%
Loyal Fair Group Limited	70,571,500	Beneficial owner (Note 4) 實益擁有人(附註4)	16.81%
Golden Hope Financial Limited	70,571,500	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 4) 受控制法團之權益(附註4)	16.81%
Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd	70,571,500	Trustee (other than a bare trustee) (Note 4) 信託人(被動信託人除外)(附註4)	16.81%
Fidelitycorp Limited	70,571,500	Trustee (other than a bare trustee) (Note 5) 信託人(被動信託人除外)(附註5)	16.81%
Ms. Yan Yau Tai, Ellen 殷有娣女士	84,792,500	Interest of spouse (Note 6) 配偶之權益(附註6)	20.20%
Ms. Leung Woon Yee 梁煥儀女士	68,682,500	Interest of spouse (Note 7) 配偶之權益(附註7)	16.36%
Ms. Cai Liting 蔡麗婷女士	81,926,500	Interest of spouse (Note 8) 配偶之權益(附註8)	19.51%
Ms. Zong Xiao Cui 宗小翠女士	74,591,500	Interest of spouse (Note 9) 配偶之權益(附註9)	17.77%
DJE Investment S.A.	31,932,000	Investment Manager (Note 10) 投資經理(附註10)	7.61%
Dr. Jens Ehrhardt Kapital AG	31,932,000	Investment Manager (Note 10) 投資經理(附註10)	7.61%
Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt	31,932,000	Investment Manager (Note 10) 投資經理(附註10)	7.61%
Mr. David Michael Webb	9,796,000	Beneficial owner 實益擁有人	2.33%
Mr. David Michael Webb	27,964,000	Interest of controlled corporation (Note 11) 受控制法團之權益(附註11)	6.66%
Preferable Situation Assets Limited	27,964,000	Beneficial owner (Note 11) 實益擁有人(附註11)	6.66%

^{*} The percentage has been complied based on the total number of shares of the Company in issue (i.e. 419,859,000 ordinary shares) as at 31 March 2014.

有關百分比乃按本公司於2014年3月31日已發行股份總數(即419,859,000股普通股)計算。

Substantial shareholders' interests in the Shares and underlying Shares of the Company (Continued)

Notes:

- Interests in the Shares and the underlying Shares stated above represented long 1 positions.
- 2. Sky Talent Enterprises Limited was wholly owned by Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon.
- 3. Asia Supreme Limited was wholly owned by Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael.
- Loyal Fair Group Limited was wholly owned by Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd, which was in turn wholly owned by Golden Hope Financial Limited. Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd was the trustee of Yeung Unit Trust, which was then beneficially owned by the Yeung Family Trust, a discretionary trust and the objects of which were the family members of Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, including Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben. Golden Hope Financial Limited was wholly owned by Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny.
- Fidelitycorp Limited was the trustee of Yeung Family Trust, a discretionary trust and the objects of which were the family members of Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, including Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben.
- Ms. Yan Yau Tai, Ellen is the wife of Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny. 6.
- 7. Ms. Leung Woon Yee is the wife of Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon.
- 8. Ms. Cai Liting is the wife of Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael.
- Ms. Zong Xiao Cui is the wife of Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben.
- DJE Investment S.A. held 31,932,000 Shares. DJE Investment S.A. was owned as to approximately 81.0% by Dr. Jens Ehrhardt Kapital AG, which was owned as to approximately 68.5% by Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt.
- 11. These Shares were held by Preferable Situation Assets Limited, the entire issued share capital of which was owned by Mr. David Michael Webb. By virtue of the SFO, Mr. David Michael Webb was deemed to be interested in all the Shares held by Preferable Situation Assets Limited. Mr. David Michael Webb had an aggregate interest in 37,760,000 Shares.

Save as disclosed above, so far as is known to the Directors, there was no other person who had an interest or short position in the Shares and underlying Shares which would fall to be disclosed to the Company under the provisions of Divisions 2 and 3 of Part XV of the SFO as at 31 March 2014.

主要股東於本公司股份及相關股份之權 益(續)

附註:

- 上文所列於股份及相關股份之權益指好倉。
- Sky Talent Enterprises Limited由源而細先生全資擁有。 2
- Asia Supreme Limited由周文仁先生全資擁有。 3.
- Loyal Fair Group Limited由Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd全 資擁有。Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd則由Golden Hope Financial Limited全資擁有。Silverfun Property (PTC) Ltd 為Yeung Unit Trust之信託人, Yeung Unit Trust由全權 信託基金Yeung Family Trust (其受益人為楊志雄先生的 家族成員,包括楊少聰先生)實益擁有。Golden Hope Financial Limited由楊志雄先生全資擁有。
- Fidelitycorp Limited為全權信託基金Yeung Family Trust之 信託人,其受益人為楊志雄先生的家族成員,包括楊 少聰先生。
- 殷有娣女士為楊志雄先生之妻子。
- 7 梁煥儀女士為源而細先生之妻子。
- 蔡麗婷女士為周文仁先生之妻子。
- 9. 宗小翠女士為楊少聰先生之妻子。
- DJE Investment S.A.持有31,932,000股股份。DJE Investment S.A.由Dr. Jens Ehrhardt Kapital AG擁有約81.0%權益,而Dr. Jens Ehrhardt Kapital AG則由Dr. Jens Alfred Karl Ehrhardt擁有 約68.5%權益。
- 11. 該等股份由Preferable Situation Assets Limited持有,而 Preferable Situation Assets Limited全部已發行股本由David Michael Webb先生擁有。根據證券及期貨條例, David Michael Webb先生被視為於Preferable Situation Assets Limited持有之全部股份中擁有權益。David Michael Webb 先生持有合共37,760,000股股份之權益。

除上文所披露者外,據董事所知,於2014年3月31 日,概無其他人士於股份及相關股份中擁有須根據證 券及期貨條例第XV部第2及第3分部之規定向本公司 披露之權益或淡倉。

Management contracts

No contract concerning the management and administration of the whole or any substantial part of the business of the Company was entered into or existed during the year.

Major customers and suppliers

For the year ended 31 March 2014, the five largest customers accounted for approximately 49% of the Group's total revenue and the five largest suppliers of the Group accounted for approximately 23% of the Group's total purchases. The largest customer to the Group accounted for approximately 14% of the Group's total revenue. None of the Directors, their associates, or any shareholders (which, to the knowledge of the Directors, owned more than 5% of the Company's share capital) of the Company had an interest in these five largest customers and/or these five largest suppliers.

Audit Committee

The Audit Committee has reviewed the Group's financial statements for the financial year ended 31 March 2014 and is of the opinion that such statements comply with the applicable accounting standards, the Listing Rules and the requirements of applicable laws, codes and regulations and that adequate disclosure pursuant thereto have been made.

Public Float

Based on the information that is publicly available to the Company and within the knowledge of the Directors as at the date of this report, there is sufficient public float of more than 25% of the Company's issued shares as required under the Listing Rules.

Auditor

The financial statements have been audited by PricewaterhouseCoopers who will retire and, being eligible, will offer themselves for re-appointment at the Annual General Meeting.

On behalf of the Board,

YEUNG CHI HUNG, JOHNNY Chairman & Chief Executive Officer

Hong Kong, 26 June 2014

管理合約

年內,並無訂立或存在任何有關本公司全部或任何大 部份業務之管理及行政合約。

主要客戶及供應商

截至2014年3月31日止年度,本集團五大客戶佔本集團總收入約49%,而本集團五大供應商佔本集團總採購額約23%。本集團之最大客戶佔本集團總收入約14%。本公司董事、彼等之聯繫人或任何股東(就董事所知,擁有本公司股本逾5%者)概無於該等五大客戶及/或五大供應商擁有權益。

審核委員會

審核委員會已審閱本集團截至2014年3月31日止財政 年度之財務報表,認為有關報表符合適用會計準則、 上市規則以及適用法律、守則及規例之規定,亦已據 此作出充分披露。

公眾持股量

根據本公司可從公開途徑取得的資料及就董事所知, 於本報告日期,公眾股東持有上市規則規定之足夠公 眾持股量(即佔本公司已發行股份25%以上)。

核數師

財務報表已由羅兵咸永道會計師事務所審核,彼等將告任滿,惟符合資格並願意於股東週年大會上連任。

代表董事會

楊志雄

主席兼行政總裁

香港,2014年6月26日

Corporate Governance Report 企業管治報告

Corporate Governance Practices

The Board is committed to maintaining high standards of corporate governance and endeavours in following the code provisions (the "Code Provisions") of the "Corporate Governance Code" (the "CG Code") as set out in Appendix 14 to the Rules (the "Listing Rules") Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Stock Exchange").

Throughout the year ended 31 March 2014, the Company has complied with the CG Code save the deviation from the Code Provision A.2.1, which is explained in the relevant paragraphs below.

Regarding the Listing Rules requirement, the management should provide monthly updates to board members giving a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects in sufficient detail to enable them to discharge their duties, the key business issues and the financial performance of the Company has be made available to the members of the Board on monthly basis from April 2012.

The Board of Directors

Responsibilities of Directors

The **Board** is responsible for the formulation of corporate strategies, the setting of appropriate strategic policies and internal control, and the oversight of the operation and financial performance of the Group and compliance with statutory and regulatory obligation.

The management of the Group, as delegated by the Board, are responsible for execution of business strategies adopted, implementation of adequate systems of internal controls and risk management procedures, and oversight of the day-to-day management of the Group's business.

To ensure the Board is in a position to exercise its powers in an informed manner, management provided Monthly Management Report which contain year-to-date with summaries of financial performance and key events of the Group. The Monthly Management Report gives board members a balanced and understandable assessment of the Company's performance, position and prospects in sufficient detail to enable the board members to discharge their duties.

The corporate governance duties are performed by the Board. Pursuant to the terms of reference of the Board of Directors, the primary duties of the Board in relation to corporate governance include introducing and proposing relevant principles concerning corporate governance and reviewing and determining the corporate governance policy, so as to enhance and to ensure the corporate governance practices in the Group are in line with the relevant requirements.

企業管治常規

董事會承諾維持高水準的企業管治,並致力遵循香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」)證券上市規則(「上市規則」)附錄14所載之「企業管治守則」(「企業管治守則」)之守則條文(「守則條文」)。

於截至2014年3月31日止年度內,本公司一直遵守企業管治守則,惟守則條文第A.2.1條有所偏離,詳情載於下文有關段落。

根據上市規則之規定,管理層應每月向董事會成員 提供最新資料,當中載列有關本公司的表現、財務 狀況及前景之公正及易於理解之評估,內容須足以 讓董事履行彼等之職責。由2012年4月起已每月向董 事會成員提供有關本公司之主要業務事項及財務表 現之資料。

董事會

董事職責

董事會負責制訂企業策略、訂立合適策略性政策及 內部監控,以及監察本集團之營運及財務表現及遵 守法定及法規的責任。

本集團管理層受董事會委派,負責執行獲採納之業 務策略、實施適當的內部監控系統及風險管理程 序、以及監察本集團業務之日常管理。

為確保董事會能於知情情況下行使其權力,管理層提供管理月報,內載本集團最新財務狀況資料及重要事項之總結。管理月報為董事會成員提供本公司的表現、財務狀況及前景的充足資料,讓董事會成員作出公正及可理解的評估以及履行彼等之職責。

企業管治職責由董事會履行。根據董事會之職權範 圍,董事會就企業管治之主要職責包括引入及建議 相關企業管治準則以及審查及制定企業管治政策, 以加強並確保本集團企業管治常規符合相關規定。

The Board of Directors (Continued)

Board Composition

The Board currently comprises six executive Directors and three independent non-executive Directors. The Directors during the year under review and up to the date of this annual report were as follows:

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny (Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon (Joint Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael (Joint Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Yuen Chi King, Wyman

Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben

Ms. Chow Lai Fung

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr Chung Chi Ping, Roy (appointed on 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (resigned on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

The brief biographical information of each Director is set out in the "Biographical Details of Directors and Senior Management" section in this Annual Report. Save as disclosed therein, there is no other relationship (whether financial, business, family or other material/relevant relationships) among the members of the Board.

During the year under view, the Board met the requirement of the Listing Rules relating to the appointment of at least three independent nonexecutive Directors representing at least one third of the Board.

Each of the independent non-executive Directors is appointed for a specific term of one year. The Company has received from each of the independent non-executive Directors an annual confirmation of independence pursuant to Rule 3.13 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited (the "Listing Rules") and considers all the independent non-executive Directors to be independent.

Each of the Directors is subject to retirement by rotation in accordance with the bye-laws of the Company (the "Bye-Laws"). According to Bye-Law 99, one-third of the Directors for the time being (or, if their number is not a multiple of three, the number nearest to but not less than one-third) shall retire from office by rotation provided that every Director shall be subject to retirement at an annual general meeting at least once every three years.

董事會(續)

董事會組成

董事會現時由六名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事 組成。於回顧年內及截至本年報日期之董事詳情如 下:

執行董事

楊志雄先生(主席兼行政總裁) 源而細先生(聯席副主席) 周文仁先生(聯席副主席) 源子敬先生

楊少聰先生

周麗鳳女士

獨立非執行董事

鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日辭任)

車偉恒先生 李耀斌先生

各董事之簡歷資料載於本年報「董事及高級管理層履 歷」一節。除此節所披露者外,董事會成員之間並無 任何其他關係(不論財務、業務、家族或其他重大/ 有關之關係)。

於回顧年內,董事會符合上市規則有關委任最少三 名獨立非執行董事及獨立非執行董事最少佔董事會 三分之一的規定。

各獨立非執行董事均按一年特定年期獲委任。本公 司已接獲各獨立非執行董事根據香港聯合交易所有 限公司證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第3.13條發出之 年度獨立性確認函,並認為所有獨立非執行董事均 屬獨立人士。

根據本公司細則(「細則」),各董事須輪值退任。根 據細則第99條,當時三分之一之在任董事(或倘人數 並非三之倍數,則最接近但不少於三分之一之數目) 須輪值退任,惟各董事須至少每隔三年在股東週年 大會上輪值退任一次。

The Board of Directors (Continued)

Board Composition (Continued)

In accordance with the Bye-Laws, Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon, Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael will retire by rotation at the forthcoming annual general meeting of the Company and being eligible, offer themselves for re-election. According to the Listing Rules, a director appointed to fill a casual vacancy should be subject to election by shareholders at the first general meeting after appointment. Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy was appointed as an independent non-executive Director with effect from 1 April 2014 to fill the casual vacancy of Dr. Chang Chu Cheng. Therefore, Dr. Chung will be eligible for re-election at the forthcoming annual general meeting.

Insurance

The Company has taken out appropriate insurance cover for the Directors in respect of legal actions taken against the Directors. The Board reviews the extent of the insurance cover every year.

Board and Committee Attendance

Each year, regular matters reserved for the Board include overall strategies of the Group, annual budgets, financial statements, dividend policy, corporate governance function and other major corporate activities. For such purposes, the regular Board meetings are held four times a year at approximately quarterly intervals. Regular Board meetings of the year are scheduled in advance. Notices and accompanying board papers are circulated with sufficient time to allow the Directors to prepare before meetings.

During the year under review, the chairman of the Board also met with the independent non-executive Directors without the presence of executive Directors.

According to the CG Code, independent non-executive directors and other non-executive directors should attend general meetings. In the 2013 annual general meeting, all Directors, including the Chairman of the Board, and the external auditor of the Company attended the meeting and answered shareholders' questions.

During the year, the Board held four meetings mainly to discuss and approve the overall strategies of the Group; to review and monitor the financial performance of the Group; to consider and approve the annual budgets, the financial reports and corporate governance related policies of the Group. The average attendance rate was approximately 94%.

董事會(續)

董事會組成(續)

根據細則,楊志雄先生、源而細先生及周文仁先生 將於本公司應屆股東週年大會上輪值退任,並符 合資格膺選連任。根據上市規則,獲委任填補臨時 空缺之董事應於委任後之首屆股東大會上經由股東 選舉。鍾志平博士自2014年4月1日起獲委任為獨立 非執行董事以填補張樹成博士留下之臨時空缺。因 此,鍾博士將符合資格於應屆股東週年大會上膺選 連任。

保險

本公司為董事購買適當保險,為董事所面對法律行 動提供保障。董事會每年檢討保險受保範圍。

董事會及委員會之出席情況

董事會每年需處理之固定事宜包括本集團之整體策略、年度預算、財務報表、股息政策、企業管治職能及其他主要企業活動。董事會每年就上述目的定期舉行四次會議,大約每季舉行一次。每年定期董事會會議均會預先擬定日期。通告及隨附之董事會文件將傳遞予董事,讓董事於會議前有充足時間做好準備。

於回顧年內,董事會主席亦曾於沒有執行董事列席 之情況下與獨立非執行董事會面。

根據企業管治守則,獨立非執行董事及其他非執行董事應出席股東大會。所有董事(包括董事會主席)及本公司之外部核數師均出席2013年股東週年大會並於會上回答股東問題。

於年內,董事會舉行了四次會議,主要討論及批准本集團之整體策略:審閱及監察本集團之財務表現; 考慮及批准本集團之年度預算、財務報告及企業管治相關政策。平均出席率約為94%。

The Board of Directors (Continued)

Board and Committee Attendance (Continued)

Details of the attendance of each of the Directors at board meetings, committee meetings and annual general meeting held for the year ended 31 March 2014 are set out in the table below:

董事會(續)

董事會及委員會之出席情況(續)

於截至2014年3月31日止年度,各董事出席董事會會議、委員會會議及股東週年大會之詳情載列於下表:

No. of meetings attended/held 出席/舉行會議次數

Name of Directors		Board	Audit Committee	Remuneration Committee	Nomination Committee	2013 Annual General Meeting
** ** III &		** - ^	- 4 4	## # # # # # #	10 4 T D A	2013年股東
董事姓名		董事會	審核委員會	薪酬委員會	提名委員會	週年大會
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny	楊志雄	4/4	_	2/2	1/1	1/1
Yuen Yee Sai, Simon	源而細	4/4	_	-	_	1/1
Chow Man Yan, Michael	周文仁	4/4	_	-	_	1/1
Yuen Chi King, Wyman	源子敬	3/4	_	-	_	1/1
Yeung Siu Chung, Ben	楊少聰	4/4	_	-	_	1/1
Chow Lai Fung	周麗 鳳	4/4	-	-	-	1/1
Independent non-executive	獨立非執行董事					
Directors						
Chang Chu Cheng	張樹成	3/4	2/2	1/2	1/1	1/1
Che Wai Hang, Allen	車偉恒	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1
Lee Yiu Pun	李耀斌	4/4	2/2	2/2	1/1	1/1
Average attendance rate	平均出席率	94%	100%	88%	100%	100%

Directors' Training

To assist the Directors to participate in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills, all Directors had attended relevant seminar and courses. The costs for such training are borne by the Company.

In April 2013, the Company has organised an inhouse training on topic of "Inside information and to avoid a false market disclosure obligations for a listed company". Directors also attended seminars/conferences/forums relevant to his/her professional duties as directors or self-study of the publications issued by the regulators, professional bodies and corporate lawyers during the year ended 31 March 2014.

Directors have participated in continuous professional development to develop and refresh their knowledge and skills and have provided a record of training they received during the year ended 31 March 2014 to the Company.

董事培訓

為幫助董事參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等 之知識及技能,全體董事均參加相關研討會及課 程。有關培訓費用由本公司承擔。

於2013年4月,本公司曾安排主題為「上市公司內幕消息披露及避免市場虛假信息披露之責任」之內部培訓。於截至2014年3月31日止年度,董事亦出席了與其董事專業職責有關之研討會/會議/論壇,或自學了監管機構、專業機構及公司律師發佈之刊物。

董事參與持續專業發展,以發展及更新彼等之知識及技能,並已向本公司提供彼等於截至2014年3月31日止年度之培訓紀錄。

Chairman and Chief Executive Officer

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, the chairman of the Company, is also the chief executive officer of the Company. According to the Code Provision A.2.1, the roles of chairman and chief executive officer should be separate and should not be performed by the same individual. In view of Mr. Yeung has extensive experience in the electronics and acoustics industry and is responsible for the overall strategic planning and business development of the Group. The Board believes that vesting the roles of both chairman and chief executive officer in Mr. Yeung provides the Group with strong and consistent leadership to improve the Company's efficiency in decision-making and execution, and effectively capture business opportunities. However, the Board will periodically review the effectiveness of this arrangement and consider to separate the roles of chairman and chief executive officer when it thinks appropriate.

The responsibilities of the chairman and the chief executive officer are as follows:

The chairman is responsible to determine the overall strategic planning and business development of the Group after consultation with the Board, provide leadership for the Board on corporate and strategic planning, ensure proper proceeding of the Board and encourage all Directors to have active contribution to the Board's affairs. With the support from the Board's members, he manages to implement the major strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board.

The chief executive officer, with support of the executive Directors, is to manage and operate the Group's day-to-day business, including the implementation of major strategies and initiatives adopted by the Board.

Board Diversity Policy

The Board adopted a board diversity policy in August 2013 in compliance with a new code provision on board diversity in the CG Code, which came into effect on 1 September 2013. The Board recognises and embraces the benefits of having a diverse Board to enhance the quality of the Company's performance. A truly diverse Board will include and make good use of differences in the skills, regional and industry experience, background, race, gender and other qualities of Directors. These differences will be taken into account in determining the optimum composition of the Board. All Board appointments will be based on merit while taking into account diversity.

The nomination committee of the Board will discuss and agree annually measurable objectives for implementing diversity on the Board and recommend them to the Board for adoption.

主席及行政總裁

本公司主席楊志雄先生,亦為本公司之行政總裁。根據守則條文第A.2.1條,主席及行政總裁之角色應有區分,並不應由同一人同時兼任。鑑於楊先生於電子及音響行業擁有豐富經驗,負責本集團整體策略規劃及業務發展,董事會相信,由楊先生兼任主席及行政總裁的安排能為本集團提供強大及貫徹的領導,提高本公司的決策及執行效率,及有效抓緊商機。然而,董事會將定期檢討此項安排之成效,並於其認為適當時考慮將主席及行政總裁之角色分開。

主席及行政總裁之職責如下:

主席主要負責與董事會協商後釐定本集團之總體策略規劃及業務發展、領導董事會進行企業及策略規劃、確保董事會按照恰當之程序運作及鼓勵全體董事對董事會事務作出積極貢獻。有賴董事會成員之支持,主席得以實行董事會所採納之主要策略及措施。

行政總裁在執行董事之支持下,負責管理及經營本 集團之日常業務,包括實行董事會所採納之主要策 略及措施。

董事會成員多元化政策

為符合於2013年9月1日生效之企業管治守則有關董事會成員多元化的新守則條文,董事會於2013年8月採納董事會成員多元化政策。董事會明白並深信董事會成員多元化對提升本公司表現素質的裨益。一個真正多元化的董事會應包括並善用董事於技能、地區及行業經驗、背景、種族、性別及其他素質等方面的差異。該等差異將成為於釐定董事會成員最佳組合時的考慮因素。董事會所有委任均以用人唯才為原則,並考慮多元化。

董事會的提名委員會每年會討論及同意用作推行董事會多元化的可計量目標,並會建議董事會採納該等可計量目標。

Board Committees

The Board has three committees, namely, the nomination committee, remuneration committee and audit committee. All the Board committees are empowered by the Board under their own terms of reference which have been posted on the Company's website and the Stock Exchange's website.

Audit Committee

The audit committee of the Company (the "Audit Committee") comprises all independent non-executive Directors, as follows:

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun (Chairman)

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (since 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (ceased on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

The duties of the Audit Committee are clearly defined in its terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the CG Code. The Audit Committee provides an important link between the Board and the Company's auditor in matters coming within the scope of the group audit. It also reviews the Group's financial reporting prior to their approval by the Board, the effectiveness of the external and internal audit, evaluation of internal controls and risk management.

During the year, the Audit Committee held two meetings to:

- review the results announcements, interim and annual reports of the Company, with a recommendation to the Board for approval;
- review the internal controls, risk management and financial matters of the Group in pursuance of the terms of reference;
- (3) review the reports from the auditor of the Company in respect of the interim and annual financial statements; and
- (4) make recommendation to the Board on the re-appointment of the auditor of the Company.

董事會委員會

董事會轄下設有三個委員會,即提名委員會,薪酬 委員會及審核委員會。所有董事會委員會均獲董事 會根據其各自之職權範圍授予權力,有關職權範圍 已刊載於本公司網站及聯交所網站。

審核委員會

本公司之審核委員會(「審核委員會」)由以下全體獨立非執行董事組成:

李耀斌先生(主席) 鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日終止委任) 車偉恒先生

審核委員會之職責已於根據企業管治守則而編製及採納之職權範圍內清楚界定。審核委員會為董事會及本公司核數師提供集團審核範疇以內事宜的重要橋樑,審核委員會亦於供董事會批准前審閱本集團之財務匯報、檢討外部及內部審核之成效、內部控制之評估及風險管理。

於年內,審核委員會曾召開兩次會議:

- (1) 審閱本公司之業績公佈、中期報告及年報,以 及向董事會提出之推薦意見以待批准;
- (2) 按職權範圍審閱本集團之內部監控、風險管理及財務事宜;
- (3) 審閱本公司核數師就中期及年度財務報表作出 之報告;及
- (4) 就續聘本公司核數師向董事會提出推薦建議。

Remuneration Committee

The remuneration committee of the Company (the "Remuneration Committee") comprises one executive Director and three independent nonexecutive Directors, as follows:

Independent non-executive Directors

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen (Chairman)

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (since 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (ceased on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

Executive Director

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny

The duties of Remuneration Committee are clearly defined in its terms of reference which have been prepared and adopted according to the CG Code.

The Remuneration Committee is primarily responsible for the review and determination of the remuneration policies and packages for Directors and senior management of the Company. The remuneration packages of the executive Directors are stipulated in their service agreements with the Company. Such packages, including basic salaries, director's fee and discretionary bonus, are determined by reference to their duties, responsibilities and experience, prevailing market conditions and their expected time spent and contributions on the affairs of the Company. The emoluments of the independent non-executive Directors are determined with regard to their estimated time spent on the affairs of the Company.

During the year, the Remuneration Committee held two meetings and conducted the following activities:

- to consider and approve the remuneration and service agreement of the proposed independent non-executive Director; and
- to review and approve the remuneration packages for each of the Directors and senior management of the Company.

薪酬委員會

本公司之薪酬委員會(「薪酬委員會」)由以下一名執 行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成:

獨立非執行董事

車億恒先生(丰席)

鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日起獲委任)

張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日終止委任)

李耀斌先生

執行董事

楊志雄先生

薪酬委員會的職責已於根據企業管治守則而編製及 採納之職權範圍內清楚界定。

薪酬委員會主要負責檢討及釐定本公司董事及高級 管理層之薪酬政策及組合。執行董事之薪酬組合乃 於彼等與本公司之服務協議內訂明。該等組合(包括 基本薪金、董事袍金及酌情花紅)乃經參考彼等之職 責、責任及經驗、當前市場狀況及預期彼等就本公 司事務所耗時間及貢獻而釐定。獨立非執行董事之 酬金乃就估計彼等於本公司事務所耗時間而釐定。

於年內,薪酬委員會曾召開兩次會議,並進行以下 事宜:

- 考慮及批准擬任獨立非執行董事之薪酬及服務 協議;及
- 審閱及批准本公司各董事及高級管理層之薪酬 組合。

Nomination Committee

The Nomination Committee of the Company (the "Nomination Committee") comprises one executive Director and three independent non-executive Directors, as follows:

Executive Director

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny (Chairman)

Independent non-executive Directors

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (since 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (ceased on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

The Nomination Committee was established on 12 March 2012 with specific written terms of reference which have been prepared in accordance with the CG Code. Its duties include, to recommend to the Board on the appointment of Directors, review the structure, size and composition (including the skills, knowledge and experience) of the Board on a regular basis, and assess the independence of the independent non-executive Directors taking into account the independence requirements set out in Rule 3.13 of the Listing Rules.

During the year, the Nomination Committee held a meeting or passed the resolutions by means of written resolutions to:

- review of the structure, size and composition of the Board;
- review the independence of Independent non-executive Directors;
- consider and make recommendation to the Board on adoption the Board Diversity Policy, its measurable objective and the terms of reference of Nomination Committee for the purpose of implementation of the Board Diversity Policy; and
- consider and make recommendation to the Board on the appointment of the proposed independent non-executive Director.

提名委員會

本公司之提名委員會(「提名委員會」)由以下一名執行董事及三名獨立非執行董事組成:

執行董事

楊志雄先牛(主席)

獨立非執行董事

鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任)

張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日終止委任)

車偉恒先生

李耀斌先生

提名委員會於2012年3月12日組建,並根據企業管治守則編製特定書面職權範圍。其職責包括就委任董事、定期檢討董事會架構、規模及組成(包括技能、知識及經驗)以及考慮到上市規則第3.13條所載之獨立性規定評估獨立非執行董事之獨立性而向董事會提出建議。

於年內,提名委員會曾舉行一次會議或以書面決議 案方式通過決議案:

- 檢討董事會架構、規模及組成;
- 審閱獨立非執行董事之獨立性;
- 考慮並向董事會提出推薦採納董事會成員多元 化政策,其可計量目標及提名委員會就實施董 事會成員多元化政策的職權範圍之建議;及
- 考慮並向董事會提出推薦擬任獨立非執行董事 之委任建議。

Auditor' Remuneration

During the year, PricewaterhouseCoopers, the auditor of the Company, provided both audit and non-audit services to the Company for a total remuneration of approximately HK\$2,344,000. The relevant fee paid for audit services amounted to approximately HK\$1,736,000. The balance of the remuneration related to the non-audit services which mainly included the review of interim results, amounting to approximately HK\$200,000; taxation services, amounting to approximately HK\$310,000; and other non-audit services, amounting to approximately HK\$98,000.

Internal Control

The Board is responsible for maintaining a sound and effective system of internal control so as to ensure the shareholders' investment and the Company's assets are properly safeguarded. The system of internal control is designed to manage the risk of failure to achieve corporate objectives and can only provide reasonable but not absolute assurance against material misstatement, loss or fraud.

During the year, the Board has reviewed the effectiveness of the system of internal control of the Group through the Audit Committee and the internal audit team of the Company. The Board has also considered the adequacy of resources, qualifications and experience of staff of the Company's accounting and financial reporting function, and their training programmes and budget.

Securities Transactions

The Company has adopted a code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and senior management of the Group on terms no less exacting than the required standard set out in Appendix 10 to the Listing Rules ("Model Code"). Having made specific enquiry of all Directors and senior management of the Group, all Directors and senior management of the Group have complied with the required standard set out in the Model Code and the Company's code of conduct regarding securities transactions by Directors and senior management throughout the year ended 31 March 2014.

The Board has also establish procedure for relevant employees, including certain employees of the Company, certain directors or employees of it subsidiaries who are considered to be likely to possess inside information in relation to the Company or its securities (the "Relevant Employees"), in respect of their dealings in the Company's securities.

核數師酬金

於年內,本公司核數師羅兵咸永道會計師事務所向本公司提供審計及非審計服務,酬金總額約為2,344,000港元。審計服務之有關費用約為1,736,000港元。酬金餘額為非審計服務之費用,主要包括審閱中期業績約為200,000港元,稅項服務約為310,000港元:及其他非審計服務約為98,000港元。

內部控制

董事會負責維持穩健及有效之內部控制系統,以確保股東之投資及本公司資產得到妥善保障。內部控制系統乃設計以管理未能達成企業目標之風險,並只可就重大錯誤陳述、損失或欺詐行為作出合理而非絕對之保證。

於年內,董事會亦透過本公司審核委員會及內部審計組審閱本集團內部控制系統之成效。董事會亦已考慮本公司在會計及財務匯報職能方面的資源、員工資歷及經驗,以及員工所接受的培訓課程及有關預算是否足夠。

證券交易

本公司已就本集團董事及高級管理層進行證券交易 採納一套行為守則,其條款不遜於上市規則附錄10 所載的規定準則(「標準守則」)。經向本集團全體董 事及高級管理層作出特定查詢後,於截至2014年3月 31日止年度,本集團全體董事及高級管理層已遵守 標準守則及董事及高級管理層進行證券交易的本公 司行為守則所載之規定準則。

董事會亦為相關僱員設立有關彼等進行本公司證券交易之程序,包括本公司之若干僱員、其附屬公司之若干董事或僱員(「相關僱員」),該等人士被認為可能擁有與本公司或其證券有關之內幕消息。

Disclosure Obligations Regarding Inside Information

In light of the new disclosure obligations under the Securities and Futures Ordinance (Cap. 571 of the Laws of Hong Kong) ("SFO") with effect from 1 January 2013, the Board has established the following processes and procedures across all relevant division(s) and department(s) of the Group for complying with the disclosure obligations regarding "Inside Information":

- the processes for identifying, assessing and escalating potential inside information to the Board; and
- (ii) the responsibilities of officers in preserving the confidentiality of inside information, escalating upwards any such potential information and cascading down the message and responsibilities to relevant staff.

Directors' and Auditor's Responsibilities for Financial Statements

The Directors acknowledge their responsibility for the preparation of financial statements of the Group.

The responsibilities of the independent auditor of the Company are set out in the Independent Auditor's Report to the shareholders of the Company on pages 43 to 44 of this annual report.

Shareholder's Right

- Procedures for convening special general meeting on requisition
 - 1.1 Shareholders have the right to requisition the Company to convene a special general meeting in the manner prescribed by and set out in the Bye-Laws and the Companies Act.
 - 1.2 Bye-Law 62 provides "The Board may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting, and special general meetings shall also be convened on requisition, as provided by the Companies Act, and, in default, may be convened by the requisitionists." Pursuant to section 74 of the Companies Act, Shareholders ("General Meeting Requisitionists") holding at the date of deposit of the requisition not less than one-tenth of the paid up capital of the Company as at the date of the deposit carrying the right of voting at general meetings of the Company may requisition the Directors of the Company to forthwith proceed duly to convene a special general meeting by depositing a written requisition ("General Meeting Requisition") at the registered office of the Company.

有關內幕消息之披露責任

鑒於香港法例第571章證券及期貨條例(「證券及期貨條例」)項下之新披露責任(於二零一三年一月一日生效),董事會制定下列涵蓋本集團各有關部門之流程及程序,以符合有關「內幕消息」之披露責任:

- (i) 發現、評估及向董事會提交潛在內幕消息之流 程;及
- (ii) 行政人員之責任,即要對內幕消息保密、向上級呈報任何有關潛在消息及向相關員工傳達有關訊息及責任。

董事及核數師對財務報表之責任

董事確認彼等對編製本集團財務報表之責任。

本公司獨立核數師之責任載於本年報第43至44頁之 致本公司股東之獨立核數師報告。

股東權利

- 1. 請求召開股東特別大會之議事程序
 - 1.1 股東有權按照細則及公司法規定及所載列 之形式向本公司申請召開股東特別大會。
 - 1.2 細則第62條規定,董事會每當其認為合適的時候召開股東特別大會,並須應公司法所訂定的請求書召開股東特別大會,則可應該請求書召開股東特別大會,則可證據人召開股東特別大會。根據公司法開稅,於遞交請求書當日須持有本公司股東大會會議交日止有權在本公司股東大會會議上表決之股份,且該股份佔本公司之會實制股本不少於十分之一的股東(「股東大會請求人」),可遞交書面請求(「股東大會請求者)到本公司註冊辦事處,以請求本。可董事立即妥為安排召開股東特別大會。

- Procedures for convening special general meeting on requisition (Continued)
 - 1.3 The General Meeting Requisition must state the purpose of the meeting (including the resolutions to be considered at the meeting), and must be signed by the General Meeting Requisitionists; the General Meeting Requisition may consist of several documents in like form each signed by one or more General Meeting Requisitionists.
 - 1.4 The General Meeting Requisition shall be deposited at the registered office and preferably, copied to the head office and principal place of business of the Company and marked for the attention of the board of Directors or the Company Secretary at their respective address below:

Registered office of the Company Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

Attention: Board of Directors/Company Secretary

Head office and principal place of business of the Company 16th Floor, Tower 1 Grand Central Plaza 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road Shatin, New Territories Hong Kong

Attention: Board of Directors/Company Secretary

- 1.5 If the Directors fails to proceed to duly convene such meeting within 21 days from the date of the deposit of General Meeting Requisition as set out in the paragraph 1.2 above, the General Meeting Requisitionists, or any of them representing more than one half of their total voting rights, may themselves convene a meeting, but any meeting so convened shall not be held after the expiration of three months from the date of the deposit of the General Meeting Requisition. A meeting so convened by the General Meeting Requisitionists shall be convened in the same manner, as nearly as possible, as that in which meetings are to be convened by the Directors.
- 1.6 Any reasonable expenses incurred by the General Meeting Requisitionists by reason of the failure of the Board to duly convene a meeting shall be repaid to the General Meeting Requisitionists by the Company.

股東權利(續)

- 請求召開股東特別大會之議事程序(續)
 - 1.3 股東大會請求書須載明會議的議題(包括 擬在會上審議的議案),並須經股東大會 請求人簽署;股東大會請求書可由多份格 式相似的文件組成,而每份須經一位或以 上的股東大會請求人簽署。
 - 1.4 股東大會請求書須遞交至本公司的註冊辦 事處,最好亦同時抄送其副本至本公司的 總辦事處及主要營業地點,註明收件人為 董事會或公司秘書,地址如下:

本公司計冊辦事處 Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda 董事會/公司秘書收

本公司總辦事處及主要營業地點 新界沙田 沙田鄉事會路138號 新城市中央廣場 第1座16樓 董事會/公司秘書收

- 1.5 倘董事會未能於上文第1.2段所載的股東 大會請求書遞交日期起21日內應要求召開 會議,則股東大會請求人或代表其所持 總表決權過半數的任何人士可自行召開會 議,惟於股東大會請求書遞交日期起三個 月屆滿後,概不得舉行依上述程序請求召 開的任何會議。股東大會請求人按上述程 序召開會議時,其召開方式應盡可能與董 事召開會議的方式相同。
- 1.6 本公司須向股東大會請求人補償其因董事 會未應要求召開會議而發生的任何合理費 用。

2. Procedures for raising enquiries

2.1 Shareholders should direct their questions about their shareholdings, share transfer, registration and payment of dividend to the Company's branch share registrar in Hong Kong, details of which are as follows:

Hong Kong Registrars Limited

Address: 17M Floor, Hopewell Centre,

183 Queen's Road East, Wanchai, Hong Kong

Tel: (852) 2862 8555 Fax: (852) 2529 6087

2.2 Shareholders may at any time raise any enquiry in respect of the Company at the following designated contacts, correspondence addresses, email addresses and enquiry hotlines of the Company:

Address: 16th Floor, Tower 1, Grand Central Plaza,

138 Shatin Rural Committee Road, Shatin,

New Territories, Hong Kong

Email: cosec@fujikon.com ir@fujikon.com (Company Secretary) (Investor Relations)

Tel: (852) 2605 5008 (852) 2688 8287 Fax: (852) 2694 1338 (852) 2694 1338

2.3 Shareholders are reminded to lodge their questions together with their detailed contact information for the prompt response from the Company if it deems appropriate.

股東權利(續)

2. 提出查詢之議事程序

2.1 股東如對其持股數、股份過戶、登記及股息支付有任何疑問,應聯絡本公司的香港股份登記過戶分處,詳情如下:

香港證券登記有限公司

地址: 香港灣仔

皇后大道東183號 合和中心17M樓

電話: (852) 2862 8555 傳真: (852) 2529 6087

2.2 股東可於任何時間透過本公司的如下指定 聯絡人、通訊地址、電郵地址及垂詢熱線 致詢本公司:

> 地址: 香港新界沙田 沙田鄉事會路138號 新城市中央廣場第1座16樓

電郵: cosec@fujikon.com ir@fujikon.com (公司秘書) (投資者關係)

電話: (852) 2605 5008 (852) 2688 8287 傳真: (852) 2694 1338 (852) 2694 1338

2.3 兹提醒股東在垂詢時提供詳細聯絡資料, 以便本公司在認為合適時作出及時回應。

Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meeting

- 3.1 Section 79 of the Companies Act provides that, at the expense of the Resolution Requisitionists (as defined in paragraph 3.2 below) unless the Company otherwise resolves, it shall be the duty of the Company on the requisition in writing by the Resolution Requisitionists:
 - to give to the Shareholders entitled to receive notice of the next annual general meeting notice of any resolution which may properly be moved and is intended to be moved at that meeting;
 - (b) to circulate to the Shareholders entitled to have notice of any general meeting sent to them any statement of not more than one thousand words with respect to the matter referred to in any proposed resolution or the business to be dealt with at that meeting.
- 3.2 "Resolution Requisitionists" means Shareholders making a requisition under paragraph 3.1 above and shall constitute either:
 - any number of Shareholders representing not less than onetwentieth of the total voting rights of all the Shareholders having at the date of the requisition a right to vote at the meeting to which the requisition relates; or
 - not less than one hundred Shareholders.
- 3.3 Notice of any such intended resolution shall be given, and any such statement shall be circulated, to Shareholders entitled to have notice of the meeting sent to them by serving a copy of the resolution or statement on each such Shareholder in any manner permitted for service of notice of the meeting, and notice of any such resolution shall be given to any other Shareholder by giving notice of the general effect of the resolution in any manner permitted for giving him notice of meeting of the Company, provided that the copy shall be served, or notice of the effect of the resolution shall be given, as the case may be, in the same manner and, so far as practicable, at the same time as notice of the meeting and, where it is not practicable for it to be served or given at that time, it shall be served or given as soon as practicable thereafter.

股東權利(續)

於股東大會上提出議案之程序

- 3.1 公司法第79條規定,於議案請求人(定義 見下文第3.2段)以書面作出請求及(除非 本公司另有議決)在議案請求人支付費用 的情況下,本公司有責任:
 - (a) 向有權接收下一屆股東週年大會通 告的股東發出通告,以告知可能會 在該會議上恰當地動議並擬在會上 動議的任何議案;
 - (b) 向有權獲發送任何股東大會通告的 股東傳閱任何字數不多於一千字的 陳述書,以告知在任何提呈議案內 所提述的事宜,或擬於該會議上處 理的事務。
- 3.2 「議案請求人」指根據上文第3.1段作出請 求書的股東,及應為:
 - (a) 代表在該請求書提出的日期有權在 該請求書有關的會議上表決的所有 股東總表決權不少於二十分之一的 任何人數的股東;或
 - (b) 不少於一百名的股東。
- 3.3 任何此等議案的通知及任何此等陳述書, 須以准許用於送達會議通知的任何方式, 將該議案或陳述書的副本向有權獲送交會 議通知的股東發出或傳閱; 至於向任何其 他股東發出任何此等議案的通知,則須以 准許用於向該等任何其他股東發出本公司 會議通知的任何方式,向其發出具該議案 大意的通知;惟該副本的送達方式或該議 案大意通知的發出方式(視屬何情況而定) 須與會議通知發出的方式相同,而送達或 發出的時間,亦須在切實可行範圍內與會 議通知發出的時間相同,如當時不能送達 或發出,則須於隨後在切實可行範圍內盡 快送達或發出。

Procedures for putting forward proposals at general meeting (Continued)

- 3.4 Section 80 of the Companies Act sets out the conditions to be met before the Company is bound to give any notice of resolution or to circulate any statement. Pursuant to section 80 of the Companies Act, the Company shall not be bound to give notice of any resolution or to circulate any statement as mentioned in paragraph 3.1 above unless:—
 - (a) a copy of the requisition signed by the Resolution Requisitionists, or two or more copies which between them contain the signatures of all the Resolution Requisitionists, is deposited at the registered office of the Company:—
 - in the case of a requisition requiring notice of a resolution, not less than six weeks before the meeting; and
 - (ii) in the case of any other requisition, not less than one week before the meeting; and
 - (b) there is deposited or tendered with the requisition a sum reasonably sufficient to meet the Company's expense in giving effect to the procedures in paragraph 3.1 above (i.e. the giving of notice of resolution and/or circulation of statement).

Provided that if, after a copy of the requisition requiring notice of a resolution has been deposited at the registered office of the Company, an annual general meeting is called for a date six weeks or less after the copy has been deposited, the copy though not deposited within the above-mentioned time shall be deemed to have been properly deposited for the purposes thereof.

4. Procedures for propose a person for election as a director

Pursuant to bye-law 103 of the Bye-laws of the Company, if a shareholder wishes to nominate a person to stand for election as a Director at any general meeting appointed for such election shall follow the procedures as prescribed in Bye-law 103. Details of the procedures for nomination of Directors for election are available on the websites of the Company.

股東權利(續)

3. 於股東大會上提出議案之程序(續)

- 3.4 公司法第80條載有本公司於承擔發出議案 的任何通知或傳閱任何陳述書前須達致的 條件。根據公司法第80條,本公司不須根 據上文第3.1段所述發出有關任何議案的 通知或傳閱任何陳述書,除非:一
 - (a) 已於下述時間,將一份由議案請求 人簽署的請求書(或兩份或以上載有 全體議案請求人簽字的請求書)遞交 至本公司的註冊辦事處:一
 - (i) 倘屬要求發出議案通知的請求 書,則須於有關會議舉行前不 少於六個星期:及
 - (ii) 倘屬任何其他請求書,則須於 有關會議舉行前不少於一個星 期:及
 - (b) 已隨該請求書遞交或付交一筆合理 足夠的款項,以供本公司應付為實 施上文第3.1段所述程序而發生的開 支(即發出議案的通知及/或傳閱陳 述書)。

但如要求發出議案通知的請求書在遞交至 本公司的註冊辦事處後,有關方面在該請 求書遞交後六個星期或較短期間內的某一 日召開股東週年大會,則該請求書雖然並 非在上述時間內遞交,但就此而言,亦須 視作已恰當地遞交。

4. 提名人士參選董事之程序

根據本公司之公司細則第103條,股東如有意 提名人士於任何指定選舉董事之股東大會上參 選董事職務,彼應遵循細則第103條所載之程 序。有關提名參選董事之程序詳情於本公司網 站刊載。

The relevant procedures are set out in the document titled "Shareholders' Rights" and "Procedures for shareholders to propose a person for election as a director" which are available on the websites of the Company.

Relations With Shareholders

The Company continues to enhance communications and relationships with its investors. Designated senior management maintains regular dialogue with institutional investors to keep them abreast of the Company's developments. The Company also holds regular meetings with institutional shareholders.

To ensure effective communication with shareholders, the Company has adopted a formal shareholders Communication Policy to ensure that shareholder are provided with ready, equal and timely access to balanced and understandable information about the Company (including its financial performance, strategic goals and plans, material developments, governance and risk profile), in order to enable Shareholders to exercise their rights in an informed manner, and to allow Shareholders and the investment community to engage actively with the Company.

The Company maintain a corporate website (www.fujikon.com) to keep our shareholders and the investing public posted of the Company's business developments and operations, list of directors and their role and function, constitutional documents, terms of reference of the Board and its committees, procedures of nomination of directors for election, shareholders' rights and communication policy, corporate governance practices, announcements, circulars and reports released to the Stock Exchange and other information are posted. Information on the Company's website will be updated from time to time.

The Company's Annual General Meeting is one of the important platforms to communication with its shareholders. 2014 Annual General Meeting of the Company will be held at 16th Floor, Tower I, Grand Central Plaza, 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road, Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong on 7 August 2014. The full text of the resolutions and explanatory notes in respect of the meeting are contained in the Notice of Annual General Meeting. All shareholders are invited to attend the Annual General Meeting and participate in communicating with the Company.

Hong Kong, 26 June 2014

股東權利(續)

有關程序載於「股東權利」及「股東提名人士參選董事 之程序」文件內,該等文件可於本公司網站覽閱。

與股東之關係

本公司一直致力加強與其投資者之溝通及關係。專 門高級管理人員會定期與機構投資者進行對話,及 時向其介紹本公司之發展。本公司亦定期與機構投 資者舉行會議。

為保證與股東溝通順暢,本公司採納正式之股東通 訊政策,確保股東均可同等隨時及適時地取得全面 及容易理解之本公司資料(包括其財務表現、策略目 標及計劃、重大發展、管治及風險概況),一方面使 股東可在知情情況下行使其權利,另一方面可讓股 東及投資人士積極與本公司互動。

本公司設有企業網站(www.fujikon.com),確保本 公司股東及公眾投資者隨時知悉本公司於聯交所刊 載之業務發展及營運狀況、董事名單與其角色及職 能、憲章文件、董事會及其委員會之職權範圍、提 名參選董事之程序、股東權利及通訊政策、企業管 治常規、公佈、通函及報告以及其他公佈資料。本 公司網站資料將會不時更新。

本公司之股東週年大會為本公司與其股東交流之重 要平臺之一。2014年股東週年大會將於2014年8月7 日於香港新界沙田沙田鄉事會路138號新城市中央廣 場第1座16樓舉行。有關大會之決議案全文及附註解 釋載於股東週年大會通知內。全體股東受邀出席股 東週年大會並與本公司進行交流。

香港,2014年6月26日

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告



羅兵咸永道

TO THE SHAREHOLDERS OF FUJIKON INDUSTRIAL HOLDINGS LIMITED (Incorporated in Bermuda with limited liability)

We have audited the consolidated financial statements of Fujikon Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together, the "Group") set out on pages 45 to 110, which comprise the consolidated and company statements of financial position as at 31 March 2014, and the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, the consolidated statement of changes in equity and the consolidated statement of cash flows for the year then ended, and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information

致富士高實業控股有限公司股東 (於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司)

本核數師(以下簡稱「我們」)已審計列載於第45至110 頁富士高實業控股有限公司(「貴公司」)及其附屬公 司(以下合稱「貴集團」)的綜合財務報表,此綜合財 務報表包括於2014年3月31日的綜合及公司財務狀況 表與截至該日止年度的綜合全面收益表、綜合權益 變動表及綜合現金流量表,以及主要會計政策概要 及其他解釋資料。

Directors' responsibility for the consolidated financial statements

The directors of the Company are responsible for the preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants and the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance, and for such internal control as the directors determine is necessary to enable the preparation of consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

董事就綜合財務報表須承擔的責任

貴公司董事須負責根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港 財務報告準則及香港《公司條例》的披露規定編製綜 合財務報表,以令綜合財務報表作出真實而公平的 反映,及落實其認為編製綜合財務報表所必要的內 部控制,以使綜合財務報表不存在由於欺詐或錯誤 而導致的重大錯誤陳述。

Auditor's responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audit and to report our opinion solely to you, as a body, in accordance with Section 90 of the Companies Act 1981 of Bermuda and for no other purpose. We do not assume responsibility towards or accept liability to any other person for the contents of this report.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Hong Kong Standards on Auditing issued by the Hong Kong Institute of Certified Public Accountants. Those standards require that we comply with ethical requirements and plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

核數師的責任

我們的責任是根據我們的審計對該等綜合財務報表作出意見,並按照百慕達《1981年公司法》第90條僅向整體股東報告我們的意見,除此之外本報告別無其他目的。我們不會就本報告的內容向任何其他人士負上或承擔任何責任。

我們已根據香港會計師公會頒佈的香港審計準則進行審計。該等準則要求我們遵守道德規範,並規劃及執行審計,以合理確定綜合財務報表是否不存在任何重大錯誤陳述。

PricewaterhouseCoopers

22/F, Prince's Building, Central, Hong Kong
T: +852 2289 8888, F: +852 2810 9888

www.pwchk.com

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 香港中環太子大廈22樓 電話:+852 2289 8888,傳真:+852 2810 9888 www.pwchk.com

Independent Auditor's Report 獨立核數師報告

Auditor's responsibility (Continued)

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation of consolidated financial statements that give a true and fair view in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by the directors, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements give a true and fair view of the state of affairs of the Company and of the Group as at 31 March 2014, and of the Group's profit and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards and have been properly prepared in accordance with the disclosure requirements of the Hong Kong Companies Ordinance.

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants

Hong Kong, 26 June 2014

核數師的責任(續)

審計涉及執行程序以獲取有關綜合財務報表所載金額及披露資料的審計憑證。所選定的程序取決於核數師的判斷,包括評估由於欺詐或錯誤而導致綜合財務報表存在重大錯誤陳述的風險。在評估該等風險時,核數師考慮與該公司編製綜合財務報表以能出真實而公平的反映相關的內部控制,以設計適當的審計程序,但目的並非為對公司內部控制的有效性發表意見。審計亦包括評價董事所採用會計政策的合適性及所作出的會計估計的合理性,以及評價綜合財務報表的整體列報方式。

我們相信,我們所獲得的審計憑證能充足和適當地 為我們的審計意見提供基礎。

意見

我們認為,該等綜合財務報表已根據香港財務報告 準則真實而公平地反映貴公司及貴集團於2014年3月 31日的事務狀況,及貴集團截至該日止年度的利潤 及現金流量,並已按照香港《公司條例》的披露規定 妥為編製。

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 執業會計師

香港,2014年6月26日

Statements of Financial Position 財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2014 截至2014年3月31日

			Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		Note 附註	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Non-current assets	非流動資產					
Property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備	6	239,129	208,813	-	_
Investment properties	投資物業	7	3,120	2,860	-	_
Land use rights	土地使用權	8	9,864	9,988	-	-
Non-current deposits and other	非流動按金及其他		F 202	7.504		
assets Available-for-sale financial assets	資產 可供出售財務資產	9	5,202 1,067	7,504 4,604	_	_
Investments in subsidiaries	於附屬公司之投資	10	1,007	4,004	142,778	142,193
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	18	4,189	238	-	-
Total non-current assets	非流動資產總值		262,571	234,007	142,778	142,193
Total Holl-Cullent assets	升加到其庄崧臣		202,371	234,007	142,770	142,133
Current assets	流動資產					
Inventories	存貨	11	164,579	188,262	_	_
Trade receivables	應收貨款	12	222,835	282,902	-	_
Other receivables	其他應收款項	12	22,280	29,627	223	2,625
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	13	-	121	-	-
Other financial assets at fair value	按公平值計入損益		0.004			
through profit or loss	的其他財務資產	14	8,984	4,633	-	_
Available-for-sale financial assets Amounts due from subsidiaries	可供出售財務資產 應收附屬公司款項	9 10	1,266	-	214,773	222.422
Current income tax recoverable	可收回當期所得稅	10	1,468	- 41	214,773	223,432 4
Pledged bank deposits	有抵押銀行存款	15	1,400	11,499	_	-
Cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物	15	468,852	441,933	341	782
Total current assets	流動資產總值		890,264	959,018	215,337	226,843
Current liabilities	流動負債					
Trade payables	應付貨款	16	163,028	168,227	-	
Accruals and other payables	應計費用及其他應					
	付款項	16	113,032	107,797	6,707	12,037
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	13	6,834	- 27 720	- 42	1/2/10
Current income tax liabilities	當期所得税負債 銀行借貸	17	18,205	27,730	42	X3///7
Bank borrowings		17		42,138		/////-
Total current liabilities	流動負債總值		301,099	345,892	6,749	12,037
Net current assets	流動資產淨值		589,165	613,126	208,588	214,806
Total assets less current liabilities	總資產減流動負債		851,736	847,133	351,366	356,999
Non current liabilities	北					
Non-current liabilities Deferred income	非流動負債 遞延收入			494		
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延 遞延 所得稅負債	18	1,967	759	_	_
			12.2	, 53		
Total non-current liabilities	非流動負債總值		1,967	1,253		
	\n → \vi +	N.			25.22	
Net assets	資產淨值	77	849,769	845,880	351,366	356,999

Statements of Financial Position 財務狀況表

As at 31 March 2014 截至2014年3月31日

				oup 集團	Company 本公司	
		Note 附註	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Equity Capital and reserves attributable to the Company's equity holders	權益 歸屬本公司股權持有人 之股本及儲備					
Share capital	股本	19	41,986	41,244	41,986	41,244
Other reserves Retained earnings	其他儲備 保留溢利	21	244,820	228,761	262,146	252,675
Proposed dividendsOthers	一建議股息 一其他	28	37,787 479,037	49,880 480,128	37,787 9,447	49,880 13,200
Non-controlling interests	非控制性權益		803,630 46,139	800,013 45,867	351,366 -	356,999 –
Total equity	權益合計		849,769	845,880	351,366	356,999

YEUNG CHI HUNG, JOHNNY

楊志雄

Chairman

主席

YUEN YEE SAI, SIMON

源而細

Joint Deputy Chairman

聯席副主席

The notes on pages 50 to 110 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第50至110頁之附註乃此等綜合財務報表之部份。

Consolidated Statement of Comprehensive Income 綜合全面收益表

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至2014年3月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Revenue Cost of sales	收入 銷售成本	22	1,525,276 (1,265,028)	1,605,551 (1,280,150)
Gross profit Other gains — net Distribution and selling expenses General and administrative expenses	毛利 其他收益-淨額 分銷及銷售支出 一般及行政支出	23	260,248 4,466 (20,684) (166,518)	325,401 14,890 (24,956) (176,269)
Operating profit	經營溢利	24	77,512	139,066
Finance income Finance costs	融資收入 融資成本	25 25	5,197 (1,414)	6,363 (2,621)
Profit before income tax Income tax expenses	除所得税前溢利 所得税支出	26	81,295 (15,352)	142,808 (23,926)
Profit for the year	年內溢利		65,943	118,882
Other comprehensive income: Items that may be subsequently reclassified to income statement: Currency translation differences Fair value (losses)/gains on available-for-sale financial assets	其他全面收益: 期後可被重新分類至收益表 之項目: 匯兑差額 可供出售財務資產之公平值 (虧損)/收益		7,554 (399)	2,774 280
Other comprehensive income for the year, net of tax	年內其他全面收益,已扣除 稅項		7,155	3,054
Total comprehensive income for the year	年內全面收益總額		73,098	121,936
Profit attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	溢利歸屬: 本公司股權持有人 非控制性權益		62,318 3,625	114,312 4,570
			65,943	118,882
Total comprehensive income attributable to: Equity holders of the Company Non-controlling interests	全面收益總額歸屬: 本公司股權持有人 非控制性權益		68,906 4,192	117,186 4,750
			73,098	121,936
Dividends	股息	28	62,944	78,590
Earnings per share for profit attributable to the equity holders of the Company during the year	年內歸屬本公司股權持有人 之溢利的每股盈利			K**
– Basic	一基本	29	HK14.9 cents	HK27.9 cents
– Diluted	- 攤薄	29	HK14.4 cents	HK26.9 cents

The notes on pages 50 to 110 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第50至110頁之附註乃此等綜合財務報表之部份。

Consolidated Statement of Changes in Equity

綜合權益變動表

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至2014年3月31日止年度

Attributable to equity holders of the Company

歸屬於本公司股權持有人

		Note 附註	Share capital 股本 HK\$'000	Other reserves 其他 儲備 HK\$'000	Retained earnings 保留 溢利 HK\$'000	Non- controlling interests 非控制性 權益 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2012	於2012年4月1日		41,014	217,517	505,927	46,017	810,475
Profit for the year	年內溢利		-	-	114,312	4,570	118,882
Other comprehensive income: - Currency translation differences - Fair value gains on	其他全面收益: 一匯兑差額 一可供出售財務	21	-	2,594	-	180	2,774
available-for-sale financial assets	資產之公平 值收益	21	_	280			280
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2013	· 截至2013年3月31日 止年度全面收益 總額		-	2,874	114,312	4,750	121,936
Employee share option scheme: - Value of employee services - Proceed from shares issued upon	作員購股權計劃: 一作員服務之價值 一行使購股權而	21	-	6,058	-	-	6,058
exercise of share options Release of investment reserves upon disposal of available-for-sale financial	發行股份之 所得款項 出售可供出售財務 資產時所解除之	21	230	2,304	-	-	2,534
assets Dividends paid	ります。 投資儲備 日付股 <mark>息</mark>	21	-	8 –	- (90,231)	– (4,900)	8 (95,131)
At 31 March 2013	於20 <mark>13年3</mark> 月31日		41,244	228,761	530,008	45,867	845,880
Profit for the year	年內 <mark>溢利</mark>		_	_	62,318	3,625	65,943
Other comprehensive income: - Currency translation differences - Fair value losses on available-for-	其他全面收益: 一匯兑差額 一可供出售財務	21	-	6,987	-	567	7,554
sale financial assets	資產之公平 值虧損	21	-	(399)	_	-	(399)
Total comprehensive income for the year ended 31 March 2014	· 截至2014年3月31日 止年度全面收益 總額		_	6,588	62,318	4,192	73,098
Employee share option scheme: — Value of employee services — Proceed from shares issued upon	作員購股權計劃: 一僱員服務之價值 一行使購股權而	21	-	1,439	- 02,310	-	1,439
exercise of share options	發行股份之 所得款項	21	742	8,032	- (35,502)	- (2.020)	8,774
Dividends paid	已付股息		-		(75,502)	(3,920)	(79,422)
At 31 March 2014	於2014年3月31日		41,986	244,820	516,824	46,139	849,769

The notes on pages 50 to 110 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第50至110頁之附註乃此等綜合財務報表之部份。

Consolidated Statement of Cash Flows

綜合現金流量表

For the year ended 31 March 2014 截至2014年3月31日止年度

		Note 附註	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Cash flows from operating activities Cash generated from operations	經營活動現金流量 經營活動所得之現金	31(a)	214,665	121,197
Interest paid Hong Kong profits tax paid	已付利息 已付香港利得税	, ,	(1,414) (22,853)	(2,621) (10,390)
Hong Kong profits tax refunded China corporate income tax paid	已退還香港利得税 已付中國企業所得税		(6,515)	537 (5,725)
Net cash generated from operating activities	經營活動所得之現金淨額		183,883	102,998
Cash flows from investing activities Interest received	投資活動現金流量 已收利息		4,614	6,363
Purchase of property, plant and equipment	購入物業、廠房及設備		(57,786)	(36,278)
Purchase of other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss	購入按公平值計入損益的 其他財務資產		(11,502)	(10,358)
Purchase of available-for-sale financial assets	購入可供出售財務資產		(1,258)	(3,129)
Proceeds from disposal of available-for-sale financial	出售可供出售財務資產 所得款項		(1,223)	
assets Proceeds from disposal of property, plant and equipment	出售物業、廠房及設備所得款項		186	6,046 542
Proceeds from disposal of other financial assets at fair value	出售按公平值計入損益的 其他財務資產所得款項		7.000	
through profit or loss Decrease/(increase) in deposits for property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之按金 減少/(增加)		7,009 2,403	58,749 (7,504)
Decrease/(increase) in pledged bank deposits	有抵押銀行存款減少/(增加)		11,499	(11,499)
Net cash (used in)/generated from investing activities	投資活動(所用)/所得之現金淨額		(44,835)	2,932
Cash flows from financing activities	融資活動現金流量			
Issue of shares upon exercise of share options	因行使購股權而發行股份	31(b)	8,774	2,534
Dividends paid to a non-controlling shareholder of a subsidiary	已付附屬公司非控權股東之股息 已付股息		(3,920) (75,502)	(4,900)
Dividends paid Proceeds from new bank borrowings	新增銀行借貸	31(b)	50,441	(90,231) 46,900
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	31(b)	(93,228)	(45,510)
Net cash used in financing activities	融資活動所用之現金淨額		(113,435)	(91,207)
Net increase in cash and cash equivalents	現金及現金等價物增加淨額		25,613	14,723
Exchange differences	匯兑差額		1,306	1,819
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of the year	年初現金及現金等價物		441,933	425,391
Cash and cash equivalents at end of the year	年終現金及現金等價物		468,852	441,933

The notes on pages 50 to 110 are an integral part of these consolidated financial statements. 第50至110頁之附註乃此等綜合財務報表之部份。

1 General information

Fujikon Industrial Holdings Limited (the "Company") and its subsidiaries (together the "Group") are principally engaged in the design, manufacture, marketing and trading of electro-acoustic products, accessories and other electronic products.

The Company is a limited liability company incorporated in Bermuda. The address of its registered office is Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda.

The Company is listed on The Stock Exchange of Hong Kong Limited ("Stock Exchange").

These consolidated financial statements are presented in thousands of units of Hong Kong dollars (HK\$'000), unless otherwise stated. These consolidated financial statements have been approved for issue by the Board of Directors on 26 June 2014.

2 Summary of significant accounting policies

The principal accounting policies applied in the preparation of these consolidated financial statements are set out below. These policies have been consistently applied to all the years presented, unless otherwise stated.

2.1 Basis of preparation

The consolidated financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Hong Kong Financial Reporting Standards ("HKFRS") under the historical cost convention, as modified by the revaluation of investment properties, available-for-sale financial assets, financial assets and financial liabilities (including derivative instruments) at fair value through profit or loss.

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with HKFRS requires the use of certain critical accounting estimates. It also requires management to exercise its judgment in the process of applying the Group's accounting policies. The areas involving a higher degree of judgment or complexity, or areas where assumptions and estimates are significant to the consolidated financial statements, are disclosed in Note 4.

1 一般資料

富士高實業控股有限公司(「本公司」)及其附屬公司(統稱「本集團」)主要從事設計、製造、推廣及銷售電聲產品、配件及其他電子產品。

本公司為於百慕達註冊成立之有限公司。其 註冊辦事處之地址為Canon's Court, 22 Victoria Street, Hamilton HM 12, Bermuda。

本公司於香港聯合交易所有限公司(「聯交所」) 上市。

除另有説明外,本綜合財務報表使用之貨幣單位為千港元(「千港元」)。本綜合財務報表已於 2014年6月26日獲董事會批准刊發。

2 主要會計政策概要

編製本綜合財務報表所應用之主要會計政策載 述於下文。除另有説明外,此等政策在所呈報 的所有年度內貫徹應用。

2.1 編製基準

本綜合財務報表乃根據香港財務報告準則 (「香港財務報告準則」)以歷史成本法編 製,並就投資物業、可供出售財務資產、 按公平值計入損益的財務資產及財務負債 (包括衍生工具)之重估而作出修訂。

編製符合香港財務報告準則的財務報表需要使用若干關鍵會計估算。這亦需要管理層在應用本集團的會計政策過程中行使其判斷。涉及高度的判斷或高度複雜性的範疇,或涉及對綜合財務報表作出重大假設和估算的範疇,在附計4中披露。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(a) Effect of adopting new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation are mandatory for the Group's financial year beginning on 1 April 2013:

HKFRSs (Amendment)

香港財務報告準則(修訂本)

HKFRS 1 (Amendment)

香港財務報告準則第1號(修訂本)

HKFRS 7 (Amendment)

香港財務報告準則第7號(修訂本)

HKFRS 10

香港財務報告準則第10號

HKFRS 11

香港財務報告準則第11號

HKFRS 12

香港財務報告準則第12號

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 11 and HKFRS 12 (Amendment)

香港財務報告準則第10號,香港財務報告準則 第11號及香港財務報告準則第12號(修訂本)

HKFRS 13

香港財務報告準則第13號

HKAS 1 (Amendment)

香港會計準則第1號(修訂本)

HKAS 19 (2011)

香港會計準則第19號(2011)

HKAS 27 (2011)

香港會計準則第27號(2011)

HKAS 28 (2011)

香港會計準則第28號(2011)

HK (IFRIC) - Int 20

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會)-詮釋第20號

The adoption of these new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation did not result in a significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(a) 採納新訂準則、準則之修訂及詮釋 之影響

下列新訂準則、準則之修訂及詮釋 於本集團2013年4月1日起之財政年 度強制採納:

Improvement to HKFRSs 2011

香港財務報告準則2011年之改進

Government loans

政府貸款

Financial Instruments: Disclosures – offsetting financial

assets and financial liabilities

金融工具:披露-財務資產及財務負債之抵銷

Consolidated financial statements

綜合財務報表

Joint Arrangements

共同安排

Disclosure of interests in other entities

披露於其他實體之權益

Consolidated financial statements, joint arrangements and disclosure of interests in other entities: transition quidance

綜合財務報表、共同安排及

披露於其他實體之權益:過渡指引

Fair value measurement

公平值計量

Presentation of financial statements

財務報表之列報

Employee benefits

僱員福利

Separate financial statements

獨立財務報表

Investment in associates and joint ventures

於聯營公司及合資公司之投資

Stripping costs in the production phase of a surface mine

露天礦場生產階段之剝採成本

採納上述新訂準則、<mark>準則之修訂及詮釋對本集</mark> 團業績及財務狀況並無重大影響。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

- 2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)
 - (b) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretation that have been issued but are not effective

The following new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation have been issued, but are not effective for the Group's financial year beginning on 1 April 2013 and have not been early adopted.

HKFRS 7 and HKFRS 9 (Amendments)

香港財務報告準則第7號及香港財務報告準則第9號 (修訂本)

HKFRS 9

香港財務報告準則第9號

HKFRS 10, HKFRS 12 and HKAS 27 (2011) (Amendment) 香港財務報告準則第10號,香港財務報告準則第12號 及香港會計準則第27號(2011)(修訂本)

HKFRS 14

香港財務報告準則第14號

HKAS 19 (2011) Amendment 香港會計準則第19號(2011)(修訂本)

HKAS 32 (Amendment)

香港會計準則第32號(修訂本)

HKAS 36 (Amendment)

香港會計準則第36號(修訂本)

HKAS 39 (Amendment)

香港會計準則第39號(修訂本)

HK (IFRIC) - Int 21

香港(國際財務報告準則詮釋委員會)-詮釋第21號

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒布但尚未生效之新訂準則、準 則之修訂及詮釋

> 下列新訂準則、準則之修訂及詮釋 於本集團2013年4月1日開始之財政 年度已頒布但尚未生效且並無提早 採納。

Mandatory effective date and transition disclosures³

強制性生效日期及過渡性披露3

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金融工具:呈列一財務資產及財務負債之抵銷1

Recoverable amount disclosures for non-financial assets¹

非財務資產之可收回金額披露1

Novation of derivatives and continuation of hedge accounting1

衍生工具之債務變更及對沖會計之延續1

Levies1

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2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.1 Basis of preparation (Continued)

(b) New standards, amendments to standards and interpretation that have been issued but are not effective (Continued)

- ¹ Effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2014 由2014年1月1日或之後開始之財政年度生效
- ² Effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 July 2014 由2014年7月1日或之後開始之財政年度生效
- ³ Effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2015 由2015年1月1日或之後開始之財政年度生效
- 4 Effective for financial years beginning on or after 1 January 2016 由2016年1月1日或之後開始之財政年度生效
- No mandatory effective date yet determined 尚未釐定強制生效日期

The directors anticipate that the adoption of the above new standards, amendments to standards and interpretation will not result in a significant impact on the results and financial position of the Group.

2.2 Consolidation

The consolidated financial statements include the financial statements of the Company and all its subsidiaries made up to 31 March.

A subsidiary is an entity (including a structured entity) over which the Group has control. The Group controls an entity when the Group is exposed to, or has rights to, variable returns from its involvement with the entity and has the ability to affect those returns through its power over the entity. Subsidiaries are consolidated from the date on which control is transferred to the Group. They are deconsolidated from the date that control ceases.

Intra-group transactions, balances and unrealised gains on transactions between group companies are eliminated. Unrealised losses are also eliminated. When necessary, amounts reported by subsidiaries have been adjusted to conform with the group's accounting policies.

(a) Business combinations

The Group applies the acquisition method to account for business combinations. The consideration transferred for the acquisition of a subsidiary is the fair values of the assets transferred, the liabilities incurred to the former owners of the acquiree and the equity interests issued by the Group. The consideration transferred includes the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair values at the acquisition date. The Group recognises any non-controlling interest in the acquiree on an acquisition-by-acquisition basis, either at fair value or at the non-controlling interest's proportionate share of the recognised amounts of acquiree's identifiable net assets.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.1 編製基準(續)

(b) 已頒布但尚未生效之新訂準則、準 則之修訂及詮釋(續)

> 董事預計,採納上述新訂準則、準 則之修訂及詮釋對本集團業績及財 務狀況並無重大影響。

2.2 綜合賬目

本綜合財務報表包括本公司及其所有附屬公司截至3月31日止之財務報表。

附屬公司指本集團對其具有控制權之實體(包括結構性實體)。當本集團因參與實體之營運而獲得或有權享有其可變回報,並能夠運用其對該實體之權力影響上述回報,本集團即對該實體擁有控制權。附屬公司自控制權轉移至本集團當日起綜合入賬,並於控制權終止之日起停止綜合入賬。

集團公司之間之交易、交易之結餘及未實現收益予以對銷。未實現虧損亦予以對銷。附屬公司所呈報之金額已按需要作出調整,以確保與本集團之會計政策符合一致。

(a) 業務合併

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

(a) Business combinations (Continued)

If the business combination is achieved in stages, the acquisition date carrying value of the acquirer's previously held equity interest in the acquiree is re-measured to fair value at the acquisition date; any gains or losses arising from such re-measurement are recognised in profit or loss.

Any contingent consideration to be transferred by the group is recognised at fair value at the acquisition date. Subsequent changes to the fair value of the contingent consideration that is deemed to be an asset or liability is recognised in accordance with HKAS 39 either in profit or loss or as a change to other comprehensive income. Contingent consideration that is classified as equity is not remeasured, and its subsequent settlement is accounted for within equity.

The excess of the consideration transferred, the amount of any non-controlling interest in the acquiree and the acquisition-date fair value of any previous equity interest in the acquiree over the fair value of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. If the total of consideration transferred, non-controlling interest recognised and previously held interest measured is less than the fair value of the net assets of the subsidiary acquired in the case of a bargain purchase, the difference is recognised directly in the income statement.

(b) Changes in ownership interests in subsidiaries without change of control

Transactions with non-controlling interests that do not result in a loss of control are accounted for as equity transactions – that is, as transactions with the owners of the subsidiary in their capacity as owners. The difference between fair value of any consideration paid and the relevant share acquired of the carrying amount of net assets of the subsidiary is recorded in equity. Gains or losses on disposals to non-controlling interests are also recorded in equity.

(c) Disposal of subsidiaries

When the Group ceases to have control, any retained interest in the entity is re-measured to its fair value at the date when control is lost, with the change in carrying amount recognised in profit or loss. The fair value is the initial carrying amount for the purposes of subsequently accounting for the retained interest as an associate, joint venture or financial asset. In addition, any amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income in respect of that entity are accounted for as if the Group had directly disposed of the related assets or liabilities. This may mean that amounts previously recognised in other comprehensive income are reclassified to profit or loss.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合賬目(續)

(a) 業務合併(續)

倘業務合併分階段達成,之前收購 方於被收購方所持有權益之收購日 期賬面值於收購日期按公平值重新 計量:重新計量所產生之任何收益 或虧損於損益確認。

本集團將予轉讓之任何或然代價於 收購日期按公平值確認。被視為資 產或負債之或然代價之公平值後 續變動則根據香港會計準則第39號 於損益確認或列為其他全面收益變 動。分類為權益之或然代價並不重 新計量,且其後續結算於權益內入 賬。

(b) 不涉及控制權變更之附屬公司所有 權權益變動

與非控制性權益之交易倘未導致失去控制權則按股權交易入賬一即按與附屬公司擁有人(以擁有人身份)進行之交易入賬。任何已付代價之公平值與附屬公司資產淨值賬面值之已收購相關份額之間的差額於權益內入賬。出售非控制性權益所產生之收益或虧損亦於權益內入賬。

(c) 出售附屬公司

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.2 Consolidation (Continued)

Investments in subsidiaries are accounted for at cost less impairment. Cost includes direct attributable costs of investment. The results of subsidiaries are accounted for by the company on the basis of dividend received and receivable.

Impairment testing of the investments in subsidiaries is required upon receiving a dividend from these investments if the dividend exceeds the total comprehensive income of the subsidiary in the period the dividend is declared or if the carrying amount of the investment in the separate financial statements exceeds the carrying amount in the consolidated financial statements of the investee's net assets including goodwill.

2.3 Segment reporting

Operating segments are reported in a manner consistent with the internal reporting provided to the chief operating decision-maker. The chief operating decision-maker, who is responsible for allocating resources and assessing performance of the operating segments, has been identified as the executive directors who collectively make strategic decisions.

2.4 Foreign currency translation

(a) Functional and presentation currency

Items included in the financial statements of each of the Group's entities are measured using the currency of the primary economic environment in which the entity operates ("the functional currency"). The consolidated financial statements are presented in Hong Kong dollars, which is the Company's functional and the Group's presentation currency.

(b) Transactions and balances

Foreign currency transactions are translated into the functional currency using the exchange rates prevailing at the dates of the transactions. Foreign exchange gains and losses resulting from the settlement of such transactions and from the translation at year-end exchange rates of monetary assets and liabilities denominated in foreign currencies are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income, except when deferred in equity as qualifying cash flow hedges or qualifying net investment hedges.

Changes in the fair value of monetary securities denominated in foreign currency classified as available for sale are analysed between translation differences resulting from changes in the amortised cost of the security and other changes in the carrying amount of the security. Translation differences related to changes in amortised costs are recognised in consolidated statement of comprehensive income, and other changes in carrying amount are recognised in other comprehensive income.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.2 綜合賬目(續)

於附屬公司之投資按成本扣除減值入賬。 成本包含投資之直接成本。附屬公司之業 績由本公司按已收及應收股息入賬。

倘股息超過宣派股息期內附屬公司之總全面收益,或倘於獨立財務報表之投資賬面值超過綜合財務報表中被投資方之資產淨值(包括商譽)之賬面值,則須於收到該等投資之股息時就於附屬公司之投資進行減值測試。

2.3 分部報告

營運分部按照向主要營運決策人提供的內部報告貫徹一致的方式報告。主要營運決策人負責就營運分部分配資源及評估表現,並已確定為共同作出策略性決策之執行董事。

2.4 外幣換算

(a) 功能貨幣和呈列貨幣

本集團每個實體之財務報表所列項 目均以該實體營運所在之主要經濟 環境之貨幣(「功能貨幣」)計量。綜 合財務報表以港元呈報,港元為本 公司之功能貨幣和本集團之呈列貨 幣。

(b) 交易及結餘

外幣交易採用交易日之匯率換算為 功能貨幣。結算此等交易產生之匯 兑盈虧以及將外幣計值之貨幣資產 和負債以年終匯率換算產生之匯於 盈虧計入綜合全面收益表,惟符合 在權益中遞延入賬的現金流對沖或 投資淨值對沖之項目,則遞延計入 權益內。

以外幣計值並分類為可供銷售之貨幣證券的公平值變動,應區分為證券之攤銷成本變動產生之換算差異與證券賬面值之其他變動。攤銷成本變動之相關換算差異計入綜合至面收益表內,而賬面值之其他變動則計入其他全面收益內。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.4 Foreign currency translation (Continued)

(b) Transactions and balances (Continued)

Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets and liabilities such as equities held at fair value through profit or loss are recognised in profit or loss as part of the fair value gain or loss. Translation differences on non-monetary financial assets such as equities classified as available-for-sale, are included in other comprehensive income.

(c) Group companies

The results and financial position of all the group entities (none of which has the currency of a hyperinflationary economy) that have a functional currency different from the presentation currency are translated into the presentation currency as follows:

- assets and liabilities for each statement of financial position presented are translated at the closing rate at the date of that statement of financial position;
- (ii) income and expenses for each statement of comprehensive income presented are translated at average exchange rates (unless this average rate is not a reasonable approximation of the cumulative effect of the rates prevailing on the transaction dates, in which case income and expenses are translated at the dates of the transactions); and
- (iii) all resulting exchange differences are recognised in other comprehensive income.

Goodwill and fair value adjustments arising on the acquisition of a foreign entity are treated as assets and liabilities of the foreign entity and translated at the closing rate.

2.5 Property, plant and equipment

Leasehold land classified as finance lease and all other property, plant and equipment, other than construction-in-progress, are stated at historical cost less accumulated depreciation and accumulated impairment loss. Historical cost includes expenditure that is directly attributable to the acquisition of the items.

Subsequent costs are included in the asset's carrying amount or recognised as a separate asset, as appropriate, only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance are charged in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.4 外幣換算(續)

(b) 交易及結餘(續)

非貨幣財務資產及負債(例如按公平 值計入損益的權益)之匯兑差額均計 入損益內為公平值收益或虧損之一 部分。非貨幣財務資產(例如分類為 可供出售之權益)之匯兑差額均會計 入其他全面收益內。

(c) 集團公司

所有功能貨幣與呈列貨幣不同之本 集團實體(當中沒有嚴重通貨膨脹貨 幣)之業績及財務狀況均按以下方法 換算為呈列貨幣:

- (i) 各財務狀況表呈列之資產及負 債均以該財務狀況表結算日之 收市匯率換算:
- (ii) 各全面收益表所呈報之收入及 支出均按平均匯率換算(除非 該平均匯率並不反映於交易日 通行匯率累計影響之合理近似 值,在此情況下收入及支出乃 按交易日之匯率換算):及
- (iii) 所有由此產生之匯兑差額均於 其他全面收益確認。

收購境外企業時產生之商譽及公平 值調整乃作為該境外企業之資產及 負債處理,並以期終匯率換算。

2.5 物業、廠房及設備

被劃分為融資租賃之租賃土地以及所有其他物業、廠房及設備(在建工程除外)按歷 史成本減累計折舊及累計減值虧損列賬。 歷史成本包括與購買項目直接相關的費 用。

其後開支只有在可預見與該項目有關的未來經濟利益流入本集團,而該項目的成本能可靠計量時,方計入資產的賬面值或確認為獨立資產(如適用)。所有其他維修及保養在產生的財政期間內於綜合全面收益表扣除。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.5 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Leasehold land classified as finance lease commences amortisation from the time when the land interest becomes available for its intended use. Amortisation on leasehold land classified as finance lease and depreciation on other assets is calculated using the straight-line method to allocate their cost to their residual values over their estimated useful lives, as follows:

Leasehold land classified as finance lease

Shorter of remaining lease term of 30-50 years or useful life

2.5% to 81/3%

10% to 30%

20% to 30%

30%

Buildings
Machinery and moulds
Furniture and equipment
Motor vehicles

The assets' residual values and useful lives are reviewed, and adjusted if appropriate, at the end of each reporting period.

An asset's carrying amount is written down immediately to its recoverable amount if the asset's carrying amount is greater than its estimated recoverable amount (Note 2.9).

Gains and losses on disposals are determined by comparing the proceeds with carrying amount and are recognised within "other gains — net", in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2.6 Land use rights

Land use rights are stated at cost less accumulated amortisation and accumulated impairment losses, if any. Cost represents consideration paid for the rights to use the land on which various plants and buildings are situated for a period of 50 years. Amortisation of land use rights is calculated on a straight-line basis over the period of leases.

2.7 Construction-in-progress

Construction-in-progress represents office buildings under construction and machinery and equipment pending installation. It is stated at cost less accumulated impairment loss. Cost includes the original cost of land, construction expenditures incurred, machinery and equipment and related installation costs, and other costs attributable to the construction of the buildings and installation of machinery and equipment. No depreciation is provided in respect of construction-in-progress until the construction work is completed and ready for intended use. When the assets concerned are brought into use, the costs are transferred to property, plant and equipment and depreciated in accordance with the policy as stated above.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.5 物業、廠房及設備(續)

劃分為融資租賃之租賃土地自土地權益可供作其擬定用途時開始攤銷。劃分為融資租賃之租賃土地之攤銷及其他資產之折舊以直線法計算,以將成本減剩餘價值於估計可使用年期內分攤,折舊率如下:

被劃分為融資租賃 之租賃土地

30至50年之剩餘 租期或可使用年期 (以較短者為準)

樓宇2.5%至8'/3%機械及模具10%至30%傢俬及器材20%至30%汽車30%

資產的剩餘價值及可使用年期在各報告期 間結束時進行檢討,及在適當時調整。

若資產的賬面值高於其估計可收回價值,其賬面值即時撇減至可收回金額(附註2.9)。

出售之收益及虧損乃按銷售所得款項與其 賬面值之差額計算,並於綜合全面收益表 中之「其他收益一淨額」中確認。

2.6 土地使用權

土地使用權按成本減累計攤銷及累計減值 虧損(如有)列賬。成本指就多間廠房及多 幢樓宇所在之土地為期50年的使用權所支 付之代價。土地使用權之攤銷乃於租期內 以直線法計算。

2.7 在建工程

在建工程指興建中之辦公室樓宇,以及待安裝之機械及器材,以成本減累計減值虧損列賬。成本包括土地原來價值、所產生工程費用、機械及器材及有關安裝成本,以及其他與樓宇工程及機械及器材安裝開之成本。在建工程不作折舊撥備,當有關資產投入使用時,成本會轉撥至物業、廠房及設備,並按上述政策予以折舊。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.8 Investment properties

Property that is held for long-term rental yields or for capital appreciation or both, and that is not occupied by the companies in the consolidated group, is classified as investment property.

Investment property comprises land held under operating leases and buildings held under finance leases.

Land held under operating leases is classified and accounted for as investment property when the rest of the definition of investment property is met. The operating lease is accounted for as if it was a finance lease.

Investment property is measured initially at its cost, including related transaction costs.

After initial recognition, investment property is carried at fair value. Fair value is based on active market prices, adjusted, if necessary, for any difference in the nature, location or condition of the specific asset. If this information is not available, the Group uses alternative valuation methods such as recent prices on less active markets or discounted cash flow projections. These valuations are reviewed annually by external valuers.

The fair value of investment property reflects, among other things, rental income from current leases and assumptions about rental income from future leases in the light of current market conditions.

Subsequent expenditure is charged to the asset's carrying amount only when it is probable that future economic benefits associated with the item will flow to the Group and the cost of the item can be measured reliably. All other repairs and maintenance costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income during the financial period in which they are incurred.

Changes in fair values are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If an investment property becomes owner-occupied, it is reclassified as property, plant and equipment, and its fair value at the date of reclassification becomes its cost for accounting purposes.

If an item of property, plant and equipment becomes an investment property because its use has changed, any difference between the carrying amount and the fair value of this item at the date of transfer is recognised in equity as a revaluation of property, plant and equipment under HKAS 16. However, if a fair value gain reverses a previous impairment loss, the gain is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.8 投資物業

持作長期租金收益或資本增值或兩者兼備 且並非合併集團旗下各公司所佔用之物業 歸類為投資物業。

投資物業包括以經營租賃持有之土地及以 融資租賃持有之樓宇。

以經營租賃持有之土地倘符合投資物業之 其餘定義,均歸類為投資物業及據此入 賬。有關之經營租賃則以融資租賃方式入 賬。

投資物業最初以其成本(包括相關交易成本)計算。

在首次確認後,投資物業按公平值入賬。 公平值乃以活躍市場價格為基礎,於必要 時就指定資產之性質、地點或狀況之任何 差異作出調整。若未能獲得此等資料,本 集團便採用較不活躍市場之近期價格或折 現現金流量預測等其他估值方法。該等估 值每年由外部估值師進行評審。

投資物業之公平值反映(其中包括)現時租 賃之租金收入及以現時市況預計日後租賃 取得之租金收入。

其後開支只有在可預見與該項目有關的未來經濟利益流入本集團,而該項目的成本能可靠計量時,才可計入該項資產之賬面值。所有其他維修及保養成本於其產生之財政期間之綜合全面收益表內列作開支。

公平值之變動計入綜合全面收益表中。

倘投資物業轉作自用,該物業將重新分類 為物業、廠房及設備,以重新分類日期之 公平值作為成本列賬。

倘物業、廠房及設備各項因用途改變而成為投資物業,其於轉變當日之賬面值與公平值之任何差額,將根據香港會計準則第16號於權益內確認為物業、廠房及設備重估儲備。然而,倘公平值增值撥回過往減值虧損,則該項增值將於綜合全面收益表中確認。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.9 Impairment of non-financial assets

Assets that have an indefinite useful life or have not yet been available for use are not subject to amortisation and are tested at least annually for impairment. Assets are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. An impairment loss is recognised for the amount by which the asset's carrying amount exceeds its recoverable amount. The recoverable amount is the higher of an asset's fair value less costs to sell and value in use. For the purposes of assessing impairment, assets are grouped at the lowest levels for which there are separately identifiable cash flows (cash-generating units). Non-financial assets other than goodwill that suffered impairment are reviewed for possible reversal of the impairment at each reporting date.

2.10 Financial assets

The Group classifies its financial assets in the following categories: at fair value through profit or loss, loans and receivables and available-for-sale. The classification depends on the purpose for which the financial assets were acquired. Management determines the classification of its financial assets at initial recognition.

(a) Financial assets at fair value through profit or

Financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are financial assets held for trading. A financial asset is classified in this category if acquired principally for the purpose of selling in the short term. Derivatives are classified as held for trading unless they are designated as hedges. Assets in this category are classified as current assets.

(b) Loans and receivables

Loans and receivables are non-derivative financial assets with fixed or determinable payments that are not quoted in an active market. They are included in current assets, except for maturities greater than 12 months after the end of the reporting period, which are classified as non-current assets. Loans and receivables are classified as trade and other receivables and cash and cash equivalents in the statements of financial position (Notes 2.13 and 2.14).

(c) Available-for-sale financial assets

Available-for-sale financial assets are non-derivatives that are either designated in this category or not classified in any of the other categories. They are included in non-current assets unless management intends to dispose of the investment within 12 months of the end of the reporting period.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.9 非財務資產之減值

2.10 財務資產

本集團將財務資產劃分為以下類別:按公 平值計入損益、貸款及應收款項,以及可 供出售。分類方法乃取決於財務資產的購 入目的。管理層將於初始確認時為其財務 資產分類。

(a) 按公平值計入損益的財務資產

按公平值計入損益的財務資產為持 作買賣之財務資產。如所收購的財 務資產主要是為了在短期內出售, 則劃分為此類別。衍生工具亦會被 劃分為持作買賣,惟被指定為對沖 項目者則除外。歸類為此類之資產 會被劃分為流動資產。

(b) 貸款及應收款項

貸款及應收款項為設有固定或可確定付款金額,以及不會在活躍項市的非衍生財務資產。但由報時上計入流動資產之內,但由報告,但由報告,但由報告,以表明,以表明,以表明,以表明,以表明,以及其他應收款項以及現金等價物(附註2.13及2.14)。

(c) 可供出售財務資產

可供出售財務資產為非衍生財務資產,包括指定歸類至此類別或不能歸類至任何其他類別的財務資產。除非管理層計劃於報告期間結束日起計12個月內出售有關投資,否則可供出售財務資產將計入非流動資產內。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.10 Financial assets (Continued)

Regular way purchases and sales of investments are recognised on the date of trade - the date on which the Group commits to purchase or sell the asset. Investments are initially recognised at fair value plus transaction costs for all financial assets not carried at fair value through profit or loss. Financial assets carried at fair value through profit or loss are initially recognised at fair value, and transaction costs are expensed in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Financial assets are derecognised when the rights to receive cash flows from the investments have expired or have been transferred and the Group has transferred substantially all risks and rewards of ownership. Available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are subsequently carried at fair value. Loans and receivables are carried at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Gains or losses arising from changes in the fair value of the "financial assets at fair value through profit or loss" category, are presented in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains - net" in the period in which they arise.

Changes in the fair value of monetary and non-monetary securities classified as available-for-sale are recognised in other comprehensive income.

When securities classified as available-for-sale are sold or impaired, the accumulated fair value adjustments recognised in equity are included in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains - net". Interest on available-for-sale securities calculated using the effective interest method is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Dividends on available-for-sale equity instruments are recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income when the Group's right to receive payment is established.

The Group assesses at each statement of financial position date whether there is objective evidence that a financial asset or a group of financial assets is impaired. In the case of equity securities classified as available for sale, a significant or prolonged decline in the fair value of the security below its cost is considered as an indicator that the securities are impaired. If any such evidence exists for available-for-sale financial assets, the cumulative loss measured as the difference between the acquisition cost and the current fair value, less any impairment loss on that financial asset previously recognised in profit or loss - is removed from equity and recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Impairment losses recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on equity instruments are not reversed through the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. Impairment testing of trade receivables is described in Note 2.13.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.10 財務資產(續)

一般投資項目的購入及出售,均於交易日 (即本集團承諾購入或出售該資產當日)確 認入賬。所有並非按照公平值計入損益的 財務資產之投資項目初步按照公平值加上 交易成本確認。按照公平值計入損益的財 務資產初步按公平值入賬,而交易成本則 於綜合全面收益表列作開支。當本集團從 該等投資項目收取現金收入的權利已到期 或已被轉讓,或本集團已將擁有資產所帶 來的絕大部分風險和回報轉移,則會終止 確認財務資產。可供出售財務資產及按公 平值計入損益的財務資產其後按公平值列 賬。貸款及應收款項均以實際利率法按攤 銷成本列賬。

倘「按公平值計入損益的財務資產」之公平 值出現變動,該類別所產生的收益及虧損 均於產生期內列入綜合全面收益表之「其 他收益一淨額」中。

分類為可供出售之貨幣及非貨幣證券的公 平值變動於其他全面收益內確認。

當被分類為可供出售的證券被出售或出現 減值時,已計入權益的累計公平值調整 將轉入綜合全面收益表的「其他收益-淨 額」。採用實際利息法計算的可供出售證 券的利息計入綜合全面收益表。可供出售 股權工具的股息於本集團收取款項的權利 確立時計入綜合全面收益表。

本集團將於各財務狀況表日評估財務資產 或一組財務資產有否出現減值的客觀證 據。若股票證券被分類為可供出售,在判 斷該證券有否減值時,須考慮其公平值是 否大幅或長期低於其成本。如可供出售財 務資產出現此等跡象,其累計虧損(收購 成本與現時公平值的差額,減去該財務資 產以前已計入損益的任何減值虧損)將從 權益扣除,並於綜合全面收益表內確認。 已計入綜合全面收益表的股權工具減值虧 損不會透過綜合全面收益表撥回。應收貨 款的減值測試於附註2.13闡述。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.11 Derivative financial instruments

Derivatives are initially recognised at fair value on the date a derivative contract is entered into and are subsequently remeasured at their fair values. The method of recognising the resulting gain or loss depends on whether the derivative is designated as a hedging instrument, and if so, the nature of the item being hedged. As at 31 March 2014, the Group did not designate any derivatives as hedging instruments. Changes in the fair value of any derivative instruments that do not qualify for hedge accounting are recognised immediately in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income within "other gains — net".

2.12 Inventories

Inventories are stated at the lower of cost and net realisable value. Cost is determined using the weighted average method. The cost of finished goods and work in progress comprises design costs, raw materials, direct labour, other direct costs and related production overheads (based on normal operating capacity). It excludes borrowing costs. Net realisable value is the estimated selling price in the ordinary course of business, less applicable variable selling expenses.

2.13 Trade and other receivables

Trade and other receivables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method, less provision for impairment. A provision for impairment of trade and other receivables is established when there is objective evidence that the Group will not be able to collect all amounts due according to the original terms of the receivables. Significant financial difficulties of the debtor, probability that the debtor will enter bankruptcy or financial reorganisation, and default or delinquency in payments are considered indicators that the trade receivable is impaired. The amount of the provision is the difference between the asset's carrying amount and the present value of estimated future cash flows, discounted at the original effective interest rate. The carrying amount of the assets is reduced through the use of an allowance account, and the amount of the loss is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. When a trade receivable is uncollectible, it is written off against the allowance account for trade receivables. Subsequent recoveries of amounts previously written off are credited in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

If collection of trade and other receivables is expected in one year or less, they are classified as current assets. If not, they are presented as non-current assets.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.11 衍生金融工具

衍生工具於訂立衍生工具合約之日按公平值初步確認,其後按公平值重新估值。此項確認法造成之收益或虧損,取決於衍生工具是否指定作為對沖工具;倘若如是,則取決於被對沖項目之性質。於2014年3月31日,本集團並無指定任何衍生工具作對沖工具。任何不符合對沖會計準則的衍生工具的公平值如有任何變動,須即時計入綜合全面收益表之「其他收益一淨額」中。

2.12 存貨

存貨以成本值及可變現淨值兩者的較低者 列賬。成本值是以加權平均成本法計算 的。製成品及在製品的成本值包括設計費 用、原材料、直接工資、其他直接成本及 相關生產間接開支(根據正常營運能力計 算)。有關數額不包括借貸成本。可變現 淨值為於日常業務過程內的估計售價扣除 適當的浮動銷售支出計算。

2.13 應收貨款及其他應收款項

應收貨款及其他應收款最初按公平值確 認,其後則以實際利率法按攤銷成本扣除 減值撥備計量。如有客觀證據顯示本集團 無法按照應收貨款的原來條款收取所有欠 款,則須為有關應收貨款及其他應收款項 作出減值撥備。應收賬客戶面對嚴重財政 困難、應收賬客戶很可能會破產或進行財 務重組,及違約未付或逾期未付款項均被 視為應收貨款出現減值的跡象。撥備額為 資產賬面值與估計未來現金流量按原訂實 際利率折算之現值兩者的差額。資產之賬 面值會使用撥備賬扣減,而虧損金額則於 綜合全面收益表確認。當應收貨款不可收 回時,其將於應收貨款撥備賬內撇銷。先 前撇銷而於其後收回之金額會計入綜合全 面收益表中。

倘預期可於一年內收回應收貨款及其他應收款項,有關款項將被劃分為流動資產, 否則應收貨款及其他應收款項列賬為非流 動資產。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.14 Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents comprise cash on hand, deposits held at call with banks and short-term, highly liquid investments that are readily convertible into known amounts of cash and which are subject to an insignificant risk of changes in value, having been within three months of maturity at acquisition. Bank overdrafts that are repayable on demand and form an integral part of the Group's cash management are also included as a component of cash and cash equivalents for the purpose of the consolidated statement of cash flows.

2.15 Trade and other payables

Trade and other payables are recognised initially at fair value and subsequently measured at amortised cost using the effective interest method.

Accounts payable are classified as current liabilities if payment is due within one year or less. If not, they are presented as noncurrent liabilities.

2.16 Borrowings

Borrowings are recognised initially at fair value, net of transaction costs incurred. Borrowings are subsequently stated at amortised cost; any difference between the proceeds (net of transaction costs) and the redemption value is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period of the borrowings using the effective interest method.

Borrowings are classified as current liabilities unless the Group has an unconditional right to defer settlement of the liability for at least 12 months after the end of the reporting period.

2.17 Current and deferred income tax

The tax expense for the year comprises current and deferred tax. Tax is recognised in the income statement, except to the extent that it relates to items recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity. In this case the tax is also recognised in other comprehensive income or directly in equity, respectively.

The current income tax charge is calculated on the basis of the tax laws enacted or substantively enacted at the end of the reporting period in the countries where the Company and its subsidiaries operate and generate taxable income. Management periodically evaluates positions taken in tax returns with respect to situations in which applicable tax regulation is subject to interpretation and establishes provisions where appropriate on the basis of amounts expected to be paid to the tax authorities.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.14 現金及現金等價物

現金及現金等價物包括手頭現金、銀行通 知存款,以及入賬時於三個月到期日內可 隨時轉換為已知金額現金且價值變動風險 不大之短期高流通量投資。就綜合現金流 量表而言,需應要求償還並屬本集團現金 管理一部分之銀行诱支亦會計作現金及現 金等價物之部分。

2.15 應付貨款及其他應付款項

應付貨款及其他應付款項最初以公平值確 認,其後則以實際利率法按攤銷成本計 量。

倘應付賬款於一年內到期,有關款項將被 劃分為流動負債,否則應付賬款列賬為非 流動負債。

2.16借貸

借貸最初乃按公平值(扣除已產生的交易 成本)確認,其後按攤銷成本列賬;如扣 除交易成本之後的收益和贖回價值出現任 何差額,則於借貸期內以實際利率法在綜 合全面收益表內確認。

除非本集團有權無條件將債務還款日期遞 延至報告期間結束後至少12個月,否則借 貸將被劃分為流動負債。

2.17 當期及遞延所得税

年內税項支出包括當期及遞延税項。除非 税項與於其他全面收益或直接於權益確認 之項目有關,否則税項將於收益表確認。 在此情況下,税項亦分別於其他全面收益 或直接於權益確認。

當期所得税支出根據本公司及其附屬公司 營運及產生應課税收入的國家於報告期 間結束時已頒佈或實質頒佈的稅務法例計 算。管理層就適用税務法例詮釋所規限的 情况定期評估報税表的狀況,並在適用情 况下根據預期須向税務機關支付的税款設 定撥備。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.17 Current and deferred income tax (Continued)

Deferred income tax is provided in full, using the liability method, on temporary differences arising between the tax bases of assets and liabilities and their carrying amounts in the consolidated financial statements. However, deferred income tax is not accounted for if it arises from initial recognition of an asset or liability in a transaction other than a business combination that at the time of the transaction affects neither accounting nor taxable profit or loss. Deferred income tax is determined using tax rates (and laws) that have been enacted or substantively enacted by the end of the reporting period and are expected to apply when the related deferred income tax asset is realised or the deferred income tax liability is settled.

Deferred income tax assets are recognised to the extent that it is probable that future taxable profit will be available against which the temporary differences can be utilised.

Deferred income tax is provided on temporary differences arising on investments in subsidiaries, except where the timing of the reversal of the temporary difference is controlled by the Group and it is probable that the temporary difference will not reverse in the foreseeable future.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes assets and liabilities relate to income taxes levied by the same taxation authority on either the taxable entity or different taxable entities where there is an intention to settle the balances on a net basis.

2.18 Share capital

Ordinary shares are classified as equity.

Incremental costs directly attributable to the issue of new shares or options are shown in equity as a deduction, net of tax, from the proceeds.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.17 當期及遞延所得税(續)

遞延所得税採用負債法就資產及負債的税 基與其於綜合財務報表之賬面值之間的暫 時差異作全數撥備。然而,倘遞延所得稅 因初步確認業務合併以外交易的資產或負 債而產生,且於交易時間對會計及應課稅 溢利或虧損並無影響,則遞延所得稅不會 入賬。遞延所得稅採用在報告期間結束前 已頒佈或實質頒佈並預期於相關遞延所得 稅資產變現或遞延所得稅負債償還時使用 之稅率(及法例)釐定。

遞延所得税資產乃就有可能用以抵扣未來 應課税溢利之暫時差異而確認入賬。

遞延所得税就於附屬公司之投資產生之暫時差異而撥備,惟倘本集團可以控制暫時 差異之撥回時間,而暫時差異在可預見將 來有可能不會撥回則除外。

倘有可合法執行權利可將即期税項資產抵 銷即期税項負債,且倘遞延所得税資產 與負債涉及同一税務機關就擬按淨額基準 清償結餘之課税實體或不同課稅實體徵收 之所得税,遞延所得稅資產與負債可互相 抵銷。

2.18 股本

普通股分類為權益。

發行新股或購股權直接成本乃於權益內列 作所得款項之扣減(扣除稅項)。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.19 Employee benefits

(a) Pension obligations

The Group operates a number of defined contribution plans in Hong Kong and Mainland China. The schemes are generally funded through payments to insurance companies or trusteeadministered funds. A defined contribution plan is a pension plan under which the Group pays fixed contributions into a separate entity. The Group has no legal or constructive obligations to pay further contributions if the fund does not hold sufficient assets to pay all employees the benefits relating to employee service in the current and prior periods.

For defined contribution plans, the Group pays contributions to publicly or privately administered pension insurance plans on a mandatory, contractual or voluntary basis. The Group has no further payment obligations once the contributions have been paid. The contributions are recognised as employee benefit expense when they are due. Prepaid contributions are recognised as an asset to the extent that a cash refund or a reduction in the future payments is available.

(b) Share-based compensation

The Group operates a share-based compensation plan, under which the entity receives services from employees as consideration for equity instruments (options) of the Group. The fair value of the employee services received in exchange for the grant of the options is recognised as an expense. The total amount to be expensed over the vesting period is determined by reference to the fair value of the options granted:

- including any market performance conditions (for example, an entity's share price);
- excluding the impact of any service and non-market performance vesting conditions (for example, profitability, sales growth targets and remaining an employee of the entity over a specified time period); and
- including the impact of any non-vesting conditions (for example, the requirement for employees to save).

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 僱員福利

(a) 退休金責任

本集團在香港及中國內地設有多項 定額供款計劃。該等計劃一般透過 向保險公司或託管人管理之基金付 款提供資金。定額供款計劃為本集 團據此向獨立實體作定額供款之退 休金計劃。即使基金並無足夠資產 以向所有僱員繳付有關僱員現時及 過往期間服務之福利,本集團亦無 法律或推定責任作進一步供款。

就定額供款計劃而言,本集團向公 營或私人管理退休保險計劃作出強 制、合約性質或自願供款。作出供 款後,本集團毋須作進一步供款承 擔。該等供款會於到期支付時確認 為僱員福利開支。可提供現金退還 或扣減未來付款之預付供款會確認 為資產。

(b) 以股份為基礎之薪酬

本集團設有一項以股份為基礎之薪 酬計劃,據此,實體獲得僱員提供 之服務,作為本集團權益工具(購股 權)之代價。就僱員提供服務而授予 之購股權之公平值須確認為一項支 出。將於授予期內列作支出之總金 額乃參考所授購股權之公平值釐定:

- 包括任何市場表現條件(如一家 實體之股價);
- 不包括任何服務或非市場表現 歸屬條件(如盈利能力、銷售額 增長指標及僱員於特定期間內 留任實體)之影響;及
- 包括任何非歸屬條件(如規定僱 員儲蓄)之影響。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.19 Employee benefits (Continued)

(b) Share-based compensation (Continued)

Non-market vesting conditions are included in assumptions about the number of options that are expected to vest. At the end of each reporting period, the entity revises its estimates of the number of options that are expected to vest based on the non-marketing performance and service conditions. It recognises the impact of the revision to original estimates, if any, in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income with a corresponding adjustment to equity.

The proceeds received net of any directly attributable transaction costs are credited to share capital (nominal value) and share premium when the options are exercised.

The grant by the Company of options over its equity instruments to the employees of subsidiary undertakings in the Group is treated as a capital contribution. The fair value of employee services received, measured by reference to the grant date fair value, is recognised over the vesting period as an increase to investment in subsidiary undertakings, with a corresponding credit to equity in the parent entity accounts.

(c) Profit-sharing and bonus plans

The Group recognises a liability and an expense for bonuses and profit-sharing, based on a formula that takes into consideration the profit attributable to the Company's shareholders after certain adjustments. The Group recognises a provision where contractually obliged or where there is a past practice that has created a constructive obligation.

2.20 Provisions

Provisions are recognised when: the Group has a present legal or constructive obligation as a result of past events; it is more likely than not that an outflow of resources will be required to settle the obligation; and the amount has been reliably estimated.

Where there are a number of similar obligations, the likelihood that an outflow will be required in settlement is determined by considering the class of obligations as a whole. A provision is recognised even if the likelihood of an outflow with respect to any one item included in the same class of obligations may be small.

Provisions are measured at the present value of the expenditures expected to be required to settle the obligation using a pre-tax rate that reflects current market assessments of the time value of money and the risks specific to the obligation. The increase in the provision due to passage of time is recognised as interest expense.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.19 僱員福利(續)

(b) 以股份為基礎之薪酬(續)

在預計將予歸屬之購股權數目時, 非市場性質之歸屬條件亦加入一併 考慮。於每個報告期間結束日,實 體根據非市場表現及服務條件調整 對預計將予歸屬之購股權數目所作 估計,並於綜合全面收益表確認(如 有)調整原來估計所產生的影響,並 相應調整權益。

在行使購股權時所收取的款項扣除 任何直接應計交易成本後撥入股本 (面值)及股份溢價。

本公司向本集團旗下附屬公司之僱員授出其權益工具被視為注資。所獲得之僱員服務之公平值乃參考授出日期之公平值計量,並於歸屬期確認為增加對旗下附屬公司之投資,並相應計入母公司實體賬目之權益內。

(c) 利潤分享及花紅計劃

本集團根據一項公式(已計及於作出若干調整後本公司股東之應佔溢利)就花紅及利潤分享確認負債及支出。當負有合約上之責任或當以往慣例造成推定性責任時,本集團須確認撥備。

2.20 撥備

當本集團因已發生的事件而產生現有的法 律或推定責任:較可能需要有資源流出以 償付責任:金額已經可靠估計,即會確認 撥備。

如有多項類似責任,會根據責任的類別整體考慮是否可能需要在償付中流出資源。即使在同一責任類別所包含任何一個項目的相關資源流出的可能性極低,仍須確認撥備。

撥備以為履行義務所預計需要發生的支出 的現值計量,計算此等現值所使用的税前 折現率能夠反映當前市場對貨幣時間價值 及該負債特有的風險的評估。時間流逝導 致撥備金額的增加,確認為利息開支。

Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.21 Revenue recognition

Revenue comprises the fair value of the consideration received or receivable for the sale of goods and services in the ordinary course of the Group's activities. Revenue is shown net of value-added tax, returns, rebates and discounts and after eliminating sales within the Group. Revenue is recognised as follows:

(a) Sales of goods

Sales of goods are recognised when the related risks and rewards of ownership of the products delivered have passed to the customers.

(b) Interest income

Interest income is recognised on a time-proportion basis using the effective interest method.

(c) Management fees and handling income

Management fees and handling income are recognised when the relevant services are rendered.

(d) Rental income

Rental income is recognised on a straight-line basis over the period of the relevant leases.

2.22 Leases

Leases in which a significant portion of the risks and rewards of ownership are retained by the lessor are classified as operating leases. Payments made under operating leases (net of any incentives received from the lessor) are charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the period of the lease.

2.23 Financial guarantees

A financial guarantee (a type of insurance contract) is a contract that requires the issuer to make specified payments to reimburse the holder for a loss it incurs because a specified debtor fails to make payments when due in accordance with the original or modified terms of a debt instrument. The Group performs a liability adequacy test at each statement of financial position date by comparing its net liability regarding the financial guarantee with the amount that would be required if the financial guarantee were to result in a present legal or constructive obligation. If the liability is less than its present legal or constructive obligation amount, the entire difference is recognised in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income. During the year, no provision has been made in the financial statements for the financial guarantees.

主要會計政策概要(續)

2.21 收入確認

收入包括在本集團日常業務中就售出貨品 及服務已收或應收之代價之公平值。所呈 示之收入已減去增值税、退貨、回贈及折 扣, 並已對銷本集團內部之銷售。收入確 認如下:

(a) 出售貨品

出售貨品乃於所交付貨品擁有權之 有關風險及回報轉讓予客戶時確認。

(b) 利息收入

利息收入乃按時間比例基準採用實 際利息法確認。

(c) 管理費用及處理收入

管理費用及處理收入乃於提供相關 服務時確認。

(d) 租金收入

租金收入乃根據有關租約年期以直 線法確認。

2.22 租約

由出租人承擔附於擁有權之大部份風險及 回報之和約分類為經營和約。經營和約和 金(扣除來自出租人之任何優惠)按租期以 直線法於綜合全面收益表中扣除。

2.23 財務擔保

財務擔保(其中一類保險合約)為一項需 發行人作出指定賠償,以彌償持有人因指 定債務人未能於到期時按照債務工具之原 訂或經修訂條款作出付款所蒙受之損失之 合約。本集團會於各財務狀況表日進行負 債充足性測試,方法為將財務擔保之負債 淨額與因財務擔保而產生之現行法律責任 或推定責任所需之金額作出比較。倘負債 少於其現有法律責任或推定責任之金額, 全數差額將於綜合全面收益表內確認。年 內,財務報表中並無就財務擔保作出撥 備。

2 Summary of significant accounting policies (Continued)

2.24 Dividend distribution

Dividend distribution to the Company's shareholders is recognised as a liability in the Group's and the Company's financial statements in the period in which the dividends are approved by the Company's shareholders or directors, as appropriate.

2.25 Government grants

Grants from the government are recognised at their fair value where there is a reasonable assurance that the grant will be received and the Group will comply with all attached conditions.

Government grants relating to costs are deferred and credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income over the period necessary to match them with the costs that they are intended to compensate.

Government grants relating to property, plant and equipment are deferred and credited to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income on a straight-line basis over the expected lives of the related assets.

3 Financial risk management

3.1 Financial risk factors

The Group's activities expose it to a variety of financial risks: market risk (including foreign exchange risk, price risk and cash flow and fair value interest-rate risk), credit risk and liquidity risk. The Group's overall risk management policy focuses on the unpredictability of financial markets and seeks to minimise potential adverse effects on the Group's financial performance. The Board of Directors reviews and agrees policies for managing each of these risks and they are summarised below.

2 主要會計政策概要(續)

2.24 股息分派

向本公司股東分派的股息在股息獲本公司 股東或董事(如適用)批准的期間於本集團 及本公司財務報表確認為負債。

2.25 政府補貼

當能夠合理地保證政府補貼將可收取,而 本集團將會符合所有附帶條件時,政府提 供的補貼將按其公平值確認入賬。

有關成本的政府補貼將被遞延,並與其擬 定補償的成本配對在所需期間內於綜合全 面收益表中確認。

與物業、廠房及設備有關之政府補貼將被 遞延,並按有關資產之預計年期以直線法 在綜合全面收益表中確認。

3 財務風險管理

3.1 財務風險因素

本集團之業務承受多種財務風險:市場風險(包括外匯風險、價格風險以及現金流及公平值利率風險)、信貸風險及流動性風險。本集團之整體風險管理政策集中於難以預測之金融市場,並致力於將對本集團財務表現造成之潛在不利影響減至最低。董事會審閱並同意管理各項該等風險之政策,有關政策之摘要如下。

Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk

(i) Foreign exchange risk

The Group mainly operates in Hong Kong and Mainland China with transactions mainly settled in Hong Kong dollars ("HKD"), Renminbi ("RMB") and US dollars ("USD"). The Group is mainly exposed to foreign exchange risk arising from future commercial transactions, recognised assets and liabilities denominated in currencies other than the functional currency of the group entities to which they relate.

The Group entered into foreign currency forward contracts to manage such exposure. The net fair value of foreign exchange forward contracts entered into by the Group for managing the risk relating to monetary assets and liabilities in foreign currencies at 31 March 2014 was a liability of HK\$6,834,000 (2013: an asset of HK\$121,000) and has been recognised as derivative financial instruments.

At 31 March 2014, if HKD/USD had weakened/ strengthened by 2% (2013: 2%) against RMB with all other variables held constant, post-tax profit for the year would have been approximately HK\$1,348,000 (2013: HK\$1,797,000) lower/higher, mainly as a result of foreign exchange losses/gains on net impact on translation of RMB-denominated net monetary assets of subsidiaries in Hong Kong and HKD/USD-denominated net monetary assets of subsidiaries in Mainland China.

(ii) Price risk

The Group's investment bonds, listed securities and investment funds are susceptible to market price risk arising from uncertainties about future prices of those available-for-sale financial assets and financial assets at fair value through profit or loss. Management manages this exposure by maintaining a portfolio of investments with different risk profiles. Management considered that the exposure of investment bonds, listed securities and investment funds to price risk is not significant.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險

(i) 外匯風險

本集團主要於香港及中國內地 經營業務,交易主要以港元 (「港元」)、人民幣(「人民幣」) 及美元(「美元」)結算。本集團 所承擔之外匯風險主要來自未 來商業交易及確認以集團實體 相關功能貨幣以外之貨幣結算 之資產及負債。

本集團訂立外匯期貨合約以管理 是項風險。於2014年3月31日, 本集團所訂立就管理有關外幣貨 幣資產及負債之風險之外匯期貨 合約之公平淨值為負債6,834,000 港元(2013:資產121,000港元), 其已確認為衍生金融工具。

於2014年3月31日, 倘港元/ 美元兑人民幣下跌/上升2% (2013:2%), 在所有其他變 數保持不變之情況下,本年度 之除税後溢利將減少/增加約 1,348,000港元(2013:1,797,000 港元),主要由於換算香港附屬 公司人民幣計值貨幣資產淨值 及中國內地附屬公司港元/美 元計值貨幣資產淨值影響淨額 之匯兑虧損/收益所致。

(ii) 價格風險

本集團之投資債券、上市證券 及投資基金較易受到市場價格 風險所影響,而該等風險則由 於與該等可供出售財務資產及 按公平值計入損益的財務資產 之未來價格有關之不確定因素 而產生。管理層透過維持由不 同風險項目組成之投資組合管 理本項風險。管理層認為,本 集團須承受之投資債券、上市 證券及投資基金之價格風險並 非重大。

Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(a) Market risk (Continued)

(iii) Cash flow and fair value interest rate risk

As the Group has no significant interest-bearing assets except for certain bank deposits, the Group's income and operating cash flows are substantially independent of changes in market interest rates.

The Group's interest rate risk arises from bank borrowings. The Group will review whether bank loans bearing fixed or floating rates should be drawn from time to time with reference to the trend of changes in interest rates.

The Group's bank borrowings were primarily at fixed rates which expose the Group to fair value interestrate risk. The Group generally does not use financial derivatives to hedge its exposure to interest rate risk.

Management does not anticipate significant impact resulted from the changes in interest rates on interest-bearing assets and bank borrowings.

(b) Credit risk

The carrying amounts of trade and other receivables, cash and bank deposits, financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets represent the Group's maximum exposure to credit risk in relation to financial assets.

At 31 March 2014, the Company had provided guarantees in respect of banking facilities of its subsidiaries. Credit risk relating to those guarantees amounted to approximately HK\$155,700,000 (2013: HK\$155,700,000), which represented the notional amounts of such guarantees.

For trade and other receivables, the Group has put in place policies to ensure that sales of products are made to customers with an appropriate credit history. The Group performs periodic credit evaluations of its customers and takes appropriate follow-up actions to recover overdue debts.

The Group's historical experience in collection of trade and other receivables falls within the recorded allowances and the directors are of the opinion that adequate provision for uncollectible trade receivables has been made in the consolidated financial statements.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(a) 市場風險(續)

(iii) 現金流及公平值利率風險

除若干銀行存款外,本集團並 無重大計息資產,而本集團之 收入及經營現金流大體上獨立 於市場利率變動。

本集團之利率風險由銀行借貸 產生。本集團將參考利率變動 趨勢,以審閱是否需要不時提 取定息或浮息銀行貸款。

本集團之銀行借貸主要為定息 借貸,令本集團須承受公平值 利率風險。本集團一般不會使 用金融衍生工具對沖利率風險。

管理層預期計息資產及銀行借 貸之利率變動將不會引起重大 影響。

(b) 信貸風險

應收貨款及其他應收款項、現金及 銀行存款、按公平值計入損益的財 務資產及可供出售財務資產之賬面 值乃本集團就財務資產所承受的最 大信貸風險。

於2014年3月31日,本公司已就其附屬公司之銀行信貸提供擔保。有關該等擔保之信貸風險約為155,700,000港元(2013:155,700,000港元),即有關擔保之名義金額。

就應收貨款及其他應收款項而言, 本集團已制訂政策,以確保僅向信 貸紀錄良好之客戶銷售產品。本集 團亦會定期評估客戶之信貸狀況, 並會採取適當跟進措施以收回過期 債項。

本集團過往未收回之應收貨款及其 他應收款項並無超出有關撥備額, 而董事認為,綜合財務報表中已就 不可收回之應收貨款作出充分撥備。

Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(b) Credit risk (Continued)

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, substantially all cash and bank deposits are placed with major financial institutions located in Hong Kong and Mainland China; all financial assets at fair value through profit or loss and available-for-sale financial assets are also placed with those financial institutions which management believes are of high credit quality. Management does not expect any losses arising from non-performance by these counterparties.

(c) Liquidity risk

Prudent liquidity risk management implies maintaining sufficient cash and marketable securities, the availability of funding through an adequate amount of committed credit facilities and the ability to close out market positions. Due to the dynamic nature of the underlying businesses, the Group aims to maintain flexibility in funding by keeping committed credit lines available.

The Group measures and monitors its liquidity through the maintenance of prudent ratio regarding to the liquidity structure of the overall assets, liabilities, loans and commitments of the Group. The Group also maintains a healthy level of liquid assets and committed banking facilities to ensure the availability of sufficient cash flows to meet any unexpected and material cash requirements in the ordinary course of business. At 31 March 2014, the Group has unutilised committed banking facilities of HK\$273,808,000 (2013: HK\$231,210,000).

The table below analyses the Group's financial liabilities, the remaining periods of which at the end of the reporting period to the contractual maturity date are within 12 months. The amounts disclosed in the table are the contractual undiscounted cash flows.

財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(b) 信貸風險(續)

於2014年及2013年3月31日,絕大部 分現金及銀行存款存放在香港及中 國內地之主要金融機構,另亦與該 等金融機構就所有按公平值計入損 益的財務資產及可供出售財務資產 訂約,管理層認為該等金融機構具 備優良信貸質素。管理層預期不會 因該等對手方違約而產生任何虧損。

(c) 流動性風險

審慎的流動性風險管理指維持充足 的現金及可買賣證券,透過已承諾 信貸融資之足夠額度備有資金,和 有能力結算市場持倉。基於相關業 務之活躍多變性質,故本集團致力 透過已承諾的可用信貸額度維持資 金的靈活性。

本集團透過維持本集團整體資產、 負債、貸款及承擔之流動資金架構 之審慎比率,計量及監控其流動 資金。本集團亦將流動資產及已承 諾的銀行信貸額度保持於穩健水 平,以確保有足夠現金流應付日常 業務過程中突如其來及重大之現金 需要。於2014年3月31日, 本集團 之未動用已承諾的銀行信貸額度為 273,808,000港 元(2013:231,210,000 港元)。

下表分析本集團之財務負債,由報 告期間結束日至合約到期日之餘下 期間為12個月內。表中所披露金額 為合約未貼現現金流量。

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.1 Financial risk factors (Continued)

(c) Liquidity risk (Continued) Group

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.1 財務風險因素(續)

(c) 流動性風險(續) 本集團

		2011	
		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Trade and other payables	應付貨款及其他應付款項	225,275	238,236
Bank borrowings	銀行借貸	-	42,138
Interest payables	應付利息	_	1,120
		225,275	281,494
		+ 2 =	
Company		本公司	
		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Other payables	其他應付款項	6,643	11,686

3.2 Capital risk management

The Group's objectives when managing capital are to safeguard the Group's ability to continue as a going concern in order to provide returns for shareholders and benefits for other stakeholders and to maintain an optimal capital structure to reduce the cost of capital.

In order to maintain or adjust the capital structure, the Group may adjust the amount of dividends paid to shareholders, return capital to shareholders or issue new shares to reduce debt.

The Group monitors capital on the basis of total equity, including share capital, other reserves and retained earnings.

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group was at the net cash position.

3.3 Fair value estimation

According to HKFRS 7, financial instruments measured in the statement of financial position at fair value are required to disclose the fair value measurements by level of the following fair value measurement hierarchy:

- Level 1 Quoted prices (unadjusted) in active markets for identical assets or liabilities.
- Level 2 Inputs other than quoted prices included within level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly (that is, as prices) or indirectly (that is, derived from prices).
- Level 3 Inputs for the asset or liability that are not based on observable market data (that is, unobservable inputs).

3.2 資本風險管理

本集團管理其資本,以保障本集團有能力 持續經營,為股東提供回報及為其他利益 相關人士提供利益,維持最佳資本結構以 降低資本成本。

為維持或調整資本結構,本集團或會調整 派予股東之股息金額,將資本發還股東或 發行新股以減少債項。

本集團以總權益(包括股本、其他儲備及 保留溢利)基準監察資本。

於2014年及2013年3月31日,本集團處於 淨現金狀況。

3.3 公平值估計

根據香港財務報告準則第7號,就財務狀況表中按公平值計量的金融工具而言,須按下列公平值計量層級披露公平值計量:

- 第1級 相同資產或負債在活躍市場的報價(未經調整)。
- 第2級 資產或負債之輸入值(並非包括 於第1級內之報價),惟可直接 (價格)或間接(自價格引申)經 觀察得出。
- 第3級 一 資產或負債之輸入值,並非依 據可觀察之市場數據(即無法觀 察之輸入值)。

Financial risk management (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2014.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

下表呈列本集團於2014年3月31日按公平 值計量之財務資產。

		Level 1 第1級 HK\$'000	Level 2 第2級 HK\$'000	Level 3 第3級 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
Assets Financial assets at fair value through	資產 按公平值計入損益之 財務資產				
profit or loss - Listed securities and investment funds	一上市證券及投資 基金	8,984	-	-	8,984
Available-for-sale financial assets — Corporate bonds	可供出售財務資產 一企業債券	2,333	_	_	2,333
Total	總計	11,317	-	-	11,317
Liabilities	負債				
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	-	6,834	_	6,834

The following table presents the Group's financial assets that are measured at fair value at 31 March 2013.

下表呈列本集團於2013年3月31日按公平 值計量之財務資產。

		Level 1 第 1 級 HK\$'000	Level 2 第 2 級 HK\$'000	Level 3 第 3 級 HK\$'000	Total 總計 HK\$'000
Assets	資產				
Financial assets at fair value through	按公平值計入損益之				
profit or loss	財務資產				
 Listed securities and investment 	-上市證券及				
funds	投資基金	4,633	× -	_	4,633
Derivative financial instruments	衍生金融工具	1007	121		121
Available-for-sale financial assets	可供出售財務資產				
Corporate bonds	一企業債券	4,604	-		4,604
				1	
Total	總計	9,237	121	1	9,358

3 Financial risk management (Continued)

3.3 Fair value estimation (Continued)

The fair value of financial instruments traded in active markets (such as publicly traded derivatives, and trading and available-forsale securities) is based on quoted market prices at the statement of financial position date. The quoted market price used for financial assets held by the Group is the current bid price.

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market (for example, over-the-counter derivatives) is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group uses a variety of methods and makes assumptions that are based on market conditions existing at the end of the reporting period. Quoted market prices or dealer quotes for similar instruments are used for long-term debt. Other techniques, such as estimated discounted cash flows, are used to determine fair value for the remaining financial instruments. The fair value of forward foreign exchange contracts is determined using forward exchange market rates at the end of the reporting period.

There was no transfer of financial assets between level 1 and level 2 during the year.

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments

The Group makes estimates and assumptions concerning the future. The resulting accounting estimates will, by definition, seldom equal the related actual results. The estimates and assumptions that have a significant risk of causing a material adjustment to the carrying amounts of assets and liabilities within the next financial year are discussed below.

3 財務風險管理(續)

3.3 公平值估計(續)

於活躍市場買賣之金融工具(如公開買賣 之衍生工具及買賣證券及可供出售證券) 之公平值為財務狀況表結算日的市場報 價。本集團所持財務資產所用之市場報價 為當時買入價。

並非於活躍市場買賣之金融工具(例如場外衍生工具)之公平值乃使用估值技術釐定。本集團使用多種方法,並基於報告期末存在之市況作出假設。長期債項乃使用類似金融工具市價報價或交易商報價。釐定其餘金融工具公平值時則使用其他技術,例如估計貼現現金流量。遠期外幣合約之公平值則使用報告期末之遠期貨幣市場匯率計算。

本年度第1級與第2級財務資產之間並無轉讓。

4 重大會計估計及判斷

本集團就未來作出估計及假設。產生的會計估計未必與有關實際結果相同。於下一財政年度有重大風險造成資產與負債賬面值重大調整的估計及假設於下文闡述。

Critical accounting estimates and judgments (Continued)

(a) Income taxes

The Group is subject to income taxes in various jurisdictions. Significant judgment is required in determining the provision for income taxes. There are many transactions and calculations for which the ultimate tax determination is uncertain during the ordinary course of business. Where the final tax outcome of these matters is different from the amounts that were initially recorded, such differences will impact the income tax and deferred tax provisions in the period in which such determination is made.

Deferred income tax assets relating to temporary differences and tax losses are recognised when management expects it is probable that future taxable profits will be available to utilise against the temporary differences or tax losses. Where the expectations are different from the original estimates, such differences will impact the recognition of deferred income tax assets in the period in which such estimates have been changed.

(b) Useful lives of property, plant and equipment

The Group's management determines the estimated useful lives, and related depreciation charge for its property, plant and equipment. The estimates are based on the historical experience of the actual useful lives of property, plant and equipment of similar nature and functions. Management will increase the depreciation charge where useful lives are less than previously estimated lives. It will writeoff or write-down technically obsolete or non-strategic assets that have been abandoned or sold. Actual economic lives may differ from estimated useful lives. Periodic review could result in a change in depreciable lives and therefore depreciation expense in future periods.

(c) Estimated provision for impairment of receivables

The Group makes provision for impairment of receivables based on an assessment of the recoverability of receivables. Provisions are made where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the balances may not be collectible. The identification of doubtful debts requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of receivables and impairment is recognised in the year in which such estimate has been changed.

重大會計估計及判斷

(續)

(a) 所得税

本集團於多個司法權區須繳付所得稅。於 釐定各地之所得税撥備時須作出重大判 斷。日常業務運作中有大量最終税項計算 尚未確定的交易。倘有關事宜之最終評税 結果有異於最初記錄之數額,則有關差額 會影響到釐定有關數額之期間之所得稅及 遞延税項撥備。

與暫時差異及税項虧損有關之遞延所得税 資產按管理層預期未來有可能出現應課 税溢利用作抵銷該等暫時差異或税項虧損 時確認。當預期之金額與原定估計有差異 時,則該等差異將會於估計改變之期間內 影響遞延所得税資產之確認。

(b) 物業、廠房及設備之使用年期

本集團管理層釐定其物業、廠房及設備之 估計可使用年期及相關折舊費用。估算乃 根據類似性質及用途之物業、廠房及設備 實際使用年期之過往數據作出。管理層會 於使用期較過往估計之年期短時增加折舊 費用。其將撇銷或撇減已報廢或出售之技 術陳舊或非策略性資產。實際經濟年期可 能與估計可使用年期不同。定期審閱會使 折舊年期出現變動,因而使未來期間之折 舊開支出現變動。

(c) 應收款項減值撥備之估計

本集團根據對應收款項可收回程度之評估 作出應收款項減值撥備。一旦事件發生或 情況改變顯示餘額可能無法收回時,則作 出撥備。識別呆賬有賴於判斷及估計。當 預期之金額與原來估計有差異時,則該差 異將會影響應收款項的賬面值, 並於估計 改變的年度內確認減值。

4 Critical accounting estimates and judgments (Continued)

(d) Estimated provision for inventories

The Group makes provision for inventories based on an assessment of the realisability of inventories. Provisions are recognised where events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying value of inventories may not be realised. The identification of provision requires the use of judgment and estimates. Where the expectation is different from the original estimate, such difference will impact the carrying value of inventories and provision for inventories in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(e) Estimated provision for warranty

The Group records warranty liabilities based on past experience of the level of repairs or returns. The assessment of the provision amount involves management's judgments and estimates. Where the actual outcome or expectation in future is different from the original estimate, such differences will impact the carrying amount of the product warranty and the provision amount charged/reversed in the period in which such estimate has been changed.

(f) Impairment of non-financial assets

Non-financial assets including property, plant and equipment and land use rights are reviewed for impairment whenever events or changes in circumstances indicate that the carrying amount may not be recoverable. The recoverable amounts have been determined based on value-in-use calculations or fair value less costs to sell. These calculations require the use of judgments and estimates.

Management judgment is required in asset impairment review particularly in assessing: (i) whether an event has occurred that may indicate that the related asset values may not be recoverable; (ii) whether the carrying value of an asset is less than the recoverable amount, being the higher of fair value less costs to sell and net present value of future cash flows which are estimated based upon the continued use of the asset in the business; and (iii) whether appropriate key assumptions are applied in preparing cash flow projections including using an appropriate discount rate. Changing the assumptions selected by management in the impairment assessment, including the discount rates or the growth rate assumptions in the cash flow projections, could materially affect the net present value used in the impairment test and as a result affect the Group's financial position and results of operations. If there is a significant adverse change in the projected performance and resulting future cash flow projections, it may be necessary to charge an impairment loss to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

4 重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(d) 存貨撥備之估計

本集團根據存貨變現性之評估作出存貨撥備。一旦事件發生或情況改變顯示存貨之 賬面值可能未能變現時確認撥備。識別撥 備需要作出判斷及估計。當預期之金額與 原定估計有差異時,則該差異將會於估計 改變之期間內,分別影響存貨之賬面值及 存貨之撥備。

(e) 估計保修撥備

本集團根據過往維修或退貨程度之經驗列 賬保修負債。有關撥備金額之評估涉及管 理層之判斷及估計。倘實際結果或未來預 期有別於最初估計,則該等差異將會於估 計改變之期間內影響產品保修之賬面值及 已扣除/撥回之撥備金額。

(f) 非財務資產減值

一旦事件或情況有變而顯示非財務資產 (包括物業、廠房及設備及土地使用權)的 賬面值可能不可收回時,管理層複審資產 有否減值。可收回金額根據使用價值計算 或公平值減去銷售成本釐定。這些計算需 運用判斷及估算。

Critical accounting estimates and judgments (Continued)

(g) Fair value of financial instruments

The fair value of financial instruments that are not traded in an active market is determined by using valuation techniques. The Group relies on bank valuations to determine the fair value of financial instruments which in turn are determined using various valuation techniques, including discounted cash flow models and option pricing model, which require the input of subjective assumptions including forward foreign exchange rates, risk free rates and market volatility. Judgment is required in the calculation of such valuations. Changes in the underlying assumptions could impact profit and loss or equity.

(h) Employee benefits - share-based payments

The valuation of the fair value of the share options granted requires judgement in determining the expected volatility of the share price, the dividends expected on the shares, the risk-free interest rate during the life of the options and the number of share options that are expected to vest. Where the outcome of the number of options that are vested is different, such difference will impact the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in the subsequent remaining vesting period of the relevant share options.

5 Segment information

The chief operating decision-maker ("CODM") has been identified as the executive directors. CODM reviews the Group's internal reporting in order to assess performance and allocate resources. Management has determined the operating segments based on these reports.

CODM assesses the performance of the business from a product perspective, i.e. by headsets and headphones, and accessories and components.

CODM assesses the performance of the operating segments based on segment results before corporate expenses, other gains and losses, finance income and costs.

Revenue between segments is carried out in accordance with the terms mutually agreed by the respective parties. The revenue from external parties is derived from numerous external customers and is measured in a manner consistent with that in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

重大會計估計及判斷(續)

(q) 金融工具之公平值

並非在活躍市場買賣之金融工具公平值乃 使用估值技術釐定。本集團依賴銀行估 值,以釐定金融工具之公平值,而金融工 具之公平值乃使用若干估值方法釐定,包 括折現現金流量模式及期權定價模式,該 等模式涉及對遠期匯率、無風險利率及市 場波幅等之主觀假設。計算該等估值時須 作出判斷。相關假設的變動可能對盈虧或 權益造成影響。

(h) 僱員福利 - 股份報酬

對已授出購股權之公平值進行估值時,須 就釐定股價之預期波幅、股份預期股息 率、購股權有效年期內之無風險利率及預 期歸屬之購股權數目作出判斷。倘最終歸 屬之購股權數目與估計存在差異,將會影 響有關購股權其後尚餘歸屬年期之綜合全 面收益表。

分部資料

主要營運決策人(「主要營運決策人」)已被釐定 為執行董事。主要營運決策人負責審閱本集團 之內部報告以評估業績表現並分配資源。管理 層亦根據該等報告釐定經營分部。

主要營運決策人從產品角度(即戴咪耳機及音 響耳機與配件及零件)評估業務表現。

主要營運決策人根據分部業績評估經營分部之 表現,該業績並不包括企業支出、其他收益及 虧損、融資收入及成本。

分部間收入乃根據訂約雙方一致協定之條款進 行。外界收入均來自若干外界客戶及按與綜合 全面收益表一致之方式計量。

Segment information (Continued)

5 分部資料(續)

		headp	ets and ohones 及音響耳機	comp	ries and onents 支 零件	Elimir 撇			tal 額
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Segment revenue – External revenue – Inter-segment revenue	分部收入 一對外收入 一分部間收入	1,158,333 -	1,248,372 –	366,943 85,893	357,179 99,616	- (85,893)	– (99,616)	1,525,276 –	1,605,551 –
Total	總額	1,158,333	1,248,372	452,836	456,795	(85,893)	(99,616)	1,525,276	1,605,551
Segment results	分部業績	75,495	114,780	3,560	17,235	-	-	79,055	132,015
Corporate expenses Other gains – net Finance income Finance costs	企業支出 其他收益一淨額 融資收入 融資成本							(6,009) 4,466 5,197 (1,414)	(7,839) 14,890 6,363 (2,621)
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利							81,295	142,808
Depreciation of property, plant and equipment	物業、廠房及設備之折舊	22,375	19,319	11,109	9,429	-	-	33,484	28,748
Amortisation of land use rights	土地使用權之攤銷	172	166	128	125	-	-	300	291
Provision for impairment of inventory obsolescence	呆貨減值撥備	17,223	2,741	3,718	99	-	-	20,941	2,840
(Reversal of provision)/provision for impairment of trade receivables	應收貨款減值(回撥)/撥備	(1,184)	2,227	(1,192)	1,829	-	*	(2,376)	4,056
Additions to non-current assets (other than financial instruments and deferred income tax assets)	非流動資產增加(除金融工具 及遞延所得税資產外)	34,976	31,711	23,416	16,506	-	* + * =	58,392	48,217

For the year ended 31 March 2014, revenues of approximately HK\$381,793,000 (2013: HK\$230,039,000) in headsets and headphones segment were derived from two (2013: one) customers, amounted to approximately HK\$209,605,000 and HK\$172,188,000 respectively, which individually accounted for over 10% of the Group's total revenue.

The Company is domiciled in Hong Kong. Revenue from external customers attributed to Hong Kong for the year ended 31 March 2014 is approximately HK\$1,308,329,000 (2013: HK\$1,392,743,000), and the total revenue from external customers from Mainland China is approximately HK\$216,947,000 (2013: HK\$212,808,000).

At 31 March 2014, the total non-current assets other than financial instruments and deferred income tax assets located in Hong Kong is approximately HK\$37,211,000 (2013: HK\$34,955,000), and the total non-current assets located in Mainland China is approximately HK\$220,104,000 (2013: HK\$194,210,000).

截至2014年3月31日止年度,戴咪耳機及音響耳機分部約381,793,000港元(2013:230,039,000港元)之收入,乃來自兩名(2013:一名)客戶,分別約為209,605,000港元及172,188,000港元,各自佔本集團總收入10%以上。

本公司以香港為基地。截至2014年3月31日止年度來自香港之對外客戶收入約為1,308,329,000港元(2013:1,392,743,000港元),而來自中國內地之對外客戶收入總額約為216,947,000港元(2013:212,808,000港元)。

於2014年3月31日,除金融工具及遞延所得稅資產外,位於香港之非流動資產總值約為37,211,000港元(2013:34,955,000港元),而位於中國內地之非流動資產總值約為220,104,000港元(2013:194,210,000港元)。

Property, plant and equipment

6 物業、廠房及設備

Group 本集團

				.1.5	TC 1221		
			Construction- in-progress	Machinery and moulds 機械及	Furniture and equipment 傢俬及	Motor vehicles	Total
		及樓宇 HK\$'000	在建工程 HK\$'000	模具 HK\$'000	器械 HK\$'000	汽車 HK\$'000	總計 HK\$'000
At 1 April 2012	於2012年4月1日						
Cost	成本	218,436	5,073	301,438	126,741	21,467	673,155
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(69,913)	_	(276,301)	(113,275)	(17,475)	(476,964)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	148,523	5,073	25,137	13,466	3,992	196,191
Year ended 31 March 2013	截至2013年3月31日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	148,523	5,073	25,137	13,466	3,992	196,191
Additions	增添	5,803	6,412	16,397	9,942	2,159	40,713
Disposals	出售	_	_	(253)	(70)	(120)	(443)
Transfer	轉撥	577	(577)	_	_	_	_
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(7,200)	_	(12,729)	(6,352)	(2,467)	(28,748)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	788	37	178	86	11	1,100
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	148,491	10,945	28,730	17,072	3,575	208,813
At 31 March 2013	於2013 <mark>年3</mark> 月31日						
Cost	成本	225,163	10,945	203,933	118,185	20,110	578,336
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(76,672)	-	(175,203)	(101,113)	(16,535)	(369,523)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	148,491	10,945	28,730	17,072	3,575	208,813
			7	17			
Year ended 31 March 2014	截至2014年3月31日止年度						
Opening net book amount	年初賬面淨值	148,491	10,945	28,730	17,072	3,575	208,813
Additions	增添	1,016	4,650	37,750	11,417	5,962	60,795
Disposals	出售	-	- (5.555)	(10)	(39)	(61)	(110)
Transfer	轉撥	1,624	(6,389)	- (45.252)	4,765	- (2.247)	(22.404)
Depreciation charge	折舊開支	(7,463)	-	(15,263)	(8,441)	(2,317)	(33,484)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	2,265	101	465	251	33	3,115
Closing net book amount	年終賬面淨值	145,933	9,307	51,672	25,025	7,192	239,129
At 31 March 2014	於2014年3月31日						
Cost	成本	231,284	9,307	242,957	135,024	24,419	642,991
Accumulated depreciation	累計折舊	(85,351)		(191,285)	(109,999)	(17,227)	(403,862)
Net book amount	賬面淨值	145,933	9,307	51,672	25,025	7,192	239,129
	/0/ hrd / J. Irr	. 10/555	5/501	0.10.2	-5/0-5	-,,,,,	

6 Property, plant and equipment (Continued)

Depreciation expense of HK\$23,435,000 (2013: HK\$19,925,000) has been included in cost of sales and HK\$10,049,000 (2013: HK\$8,823,000) in general and administrative expenses.

At 31 March 2014, the net book value of property, plant and equipment being pledged as security for the Group's banking facilities amounted to approximately HK\$37,391,000 (2013: HK\$37,950,000).

At 31 March 2014, the Group's interests in leasehold land at net book value of HK\$9,542,000 (2013: HK\$9,829,000) is located in Hong Kong and held on leases between 10 to 50 years.

7 Investment properties

6 物業、廠房及設備(續)

折舊開支23,435,000港元(2013:19,925,000港元)已納入於銷售成本及10,049,000港元(2013:8,823,000港元)已納入於一般及行政支出。

於2014年3月31日,賬面淨值約37,391,000港元 (2013:37,950,000港元)之物業、廠房及設備 已予抵押,作為本集團取得銀行融資之抵押 品。

於2014年3月31日,本集團於租賃土地之賬面 淨值權益9,542,000港元(2013:9,829,000港元) 是位於香港以10至50年租約持有。

7 投資物業

Group 本集團

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Beginning of the year Fair value gains (Note 23)	年初 公平值收益(附註 23)	2,860 260	1,900 960
End of the year	年終	3,120	2,860

For the year ended 31 March 2014, outgoings in respect of investment properties amounted to HK\$12,000 (2013: HK\$12,000).

The investment properties were revalued at 31 March 2014 by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited, an independent professional qualified valuer. Valuations were based on current prices in an active market.

At 31 March 2014 and 2013, the Group's interests in investment properties are wholly located in Hong Kong and held on leases between 10 to 50 years.

Valuation basis

The Group obtains independent valuations for its investment properties at least annually. In the current year, the valuations are performed by LCH (Asia-Pacific) Surveyors Limited, an independent professionally qualified valuers. At the end of each reporting period, the directors update their assessment of the fair value of each property, taking into account the most recent independent valuations. The directors determine a property's value within a range of reasonable fair value estimates.

截至2014年3月31日止年度,投資物業之支銷 為12,000港元(2013:12,000港元)。

於2014年3月31日,投資物業由獨立專業合資格估值師利駿行測量師有限公司進行重估。估值乃根據於活躍市場之現行價格進行。

於2014年及2013年3月31日,本集團於投資物業之權益全部是位於香港及以10至50年租約持有。

估值基準

本集團至少於每年取得投資物業之獨立估值。 於本年度,由獨立專業合資格估值師利駿行測 量師有限公司進行估值。於各報告期間結束 時,董事會經考慮最近獨立評估後更新各物業 之公平值之評估。董事於合理公平值估算範圍 內釐定物業價值。

7 Investment properties (Continued)

Valuation basis (Continued)

The best evidence of fair value is current prices in an active market for similar investment properties. Where such information is not available the directors consider information from a variety of sources including:

- Current prices in an active market for properties of different nature or recent prices of similar properties in less active markets, adjusted to reflect those differences;
- (ii) Discounted cash flow projections based on reliable estimates of future cash flows; or
- (iii) Capitalised income projections based upon a property's estimated net market income, and a capitalisation rate derived from an analysis of market evidence.

The valuation gain is included in "Other gains – net" in the consolidated income statement (Note 23).

The following table analyses the investment properties carried at fair value by valuation method:

Fair value hierarchy

7 投資物業(續)

估值基準(續)

公平值之最佳證明為按活躍市場相近投資物業 之現價。當董事未能取得該等資料時,會考慮 多種來源資料,包括:

- (i) 活躍市場不同性質物業之現價或相近物業 於較不活躍市場之近價,調整以反映該等 差異:
- (ii) 根據可靠估計未來現金流之估算折現現金 流;或
- (iii) 根據物業之預計市場收入淨額資本化估算 收入,且資本利率乃按市場證明分析。

估值收益於綜合收益表「其他收益-淨額」列賬 (附註23)。

下表載列以估值法按公平值入賬之投資物業之分析:

公平值層級

Fair value measurements at 31 March 2014 using 於2014年3月31日所用之公平值計量

	Quoted prices in		
active markets		Significant	Significant
	for identical	other observable	unobservable
	assets (Level 1)	inputs (Level 2)	inputs (Level 3)
	相同資產於活躍	其他重要可觀察	重要不可觀察
市均	易之報價(第1級)	輸入值(第2級)	輸入值(第3級)
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000

Recurring fair value measurements 經常性公平值計量
- Investment properties - 投資物業

circumstances that caused the transfer.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as of the date of the event or change in

There were no transfers among Levels 1, 2 and 3 during the year.

Level 2 fair values of investment properties have been derived using the direct comparison approach, which is based on comparing the property to be valued directly with other comparable properties in close proximity, which have recently transacted.

本集團之政策為於事件發生當日或情況改變引致轉移時,才確認公平值層級之轉入及轉出。

3,120

於年內,概無第1級、第2級及第3級之間的轉移。

第2級投資物業之公平值運用直接比較方法, 其乃將估值物業與近期交易之鄰近地區其他可 比較物業進行直接比較。

8 Land use rights

8 土地使用權

Group

本集團

	2014	2013
	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Beginning of the year 年初	9,988	10,217
Amortisation of prepaid 攤銷預付經營租約款項		
operating lease payment	(300)	(291)
Exchange differences	176	62
End of the year 年終	9,864	9,988

At 31 March 2014, the net book value of land use rights pledged as security for the Group's banking facilities amounted to approximately HK\$4,485,000 (2013: HK\$4,525,000).

The Group's interests in land use rights represent prepaid operating lease payments and their net book value are analysed as follows:

於2014年3月31日,賬面淨值約4,485,000港元(2013:4,525,000港元)之土地使用權已予抵押,作為本集團取得銀行融資之抵押品。

本集團於土地使用權之權益為預付經營租約款 項及其賬面淨值分析如下:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Mainland China – held on leases between 10 to 50 years	中國內地一以10至50年租約持有	9,864	9,988

Available-for-sale financial assets

可供出售財務資產

Group

本集團

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Beginning of the year Additions	年初增添	4,604 1,258	7,249 3,129
Disposals Fair value (losses)/gains transferred to other comprehensive income (Note 21)	出售 轉撥至其他全面收益之 公平值(虧損)/收益 (附註21)	(3,130)	(6,062)
Release of reserves upon disposal during the year (Note 21)	年內出售時所解除之儲備(附註21)		8
End of the year Less: current portion (Note)	年終 減:流動部份(附註)	2,333 (1,266)	4,604 -
		1,067	4,604

Note: Current portion represented available-for-sales financial assets which are expected to mature at various dates within 12 months.

At 31 March 2014, the Group's available-for-sale financial assets represented investment bonds. The fair value of the investment bonds was based on their current bid price in an active market provided by counterparties.

附註: 流動部份指預期於12個月內不同日期到期之 可供出售財務資產。

於2014年3月31日,本集團之可供出售財務資 產指投資債券。該等投資債券之公平值乃根據 交易對方提供當時於活躍市場之買入價而定。

10 Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries

10 於附屬公司之投資及應收款項

(a) Investments in subsidiaries

(a) 於附屬公司之投資

Company 本公司

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Unlisted shares, at cost Contribution relating to	非上市股份按成本值列賬 與股份報酬相關之供款	139,000	139,000
share-based payments		3,778	3,193
		142,778	142,193

The underlying value of the investments in subsidiaries is, in the opinion of the Company's directors, not less than the carrying value at 31 March 2014.

本公司董事認為,投資於附屬公司之相關價值 不少於2014年3月31日之賬面值。

(b) Amounts due from subsidiaries

The amounts due from subsidiaries are unsecured, interest free and repayable on demand. The balance is denominated in Hong Kong dollars.

(b) 應收附屬公司款項

應收附屬公司款項乃無抵押、免息及須按 要求償還。有關款項以港元列賬。

10 Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries 10 於附屬公司之投資及應收款項(續) (Continued)

(c) Principal subsidiaries

(c) 主要附屬公司

The following is a list of the principal subsidiaries at 31 March 2014:

下表為於2014年3月31日之主要附屬公司:

		Place of incorporation/			
		principal place		Particulars of	
	Name	of operation	Principal activities	issued share capital	Interest held (ii)
		註冊地點/		已發行	
	名稱	主要經營地點	主要業務	股本詳情	所持權益(ii)
Ī					
	Charter Media Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding and trading	HK\$3	100%
	中名有限公司	香港	of electro-acoustic products and accessories	3港元	
			投資控股及買賣電聲產品及配件		
	Charter Media (Dongguan)	Mainland China	Manufacture of electro-acoustic	HK\$190,000,000	100%
	Company Limited (i)	中國內地	products and accessories	190,000,000港元	100 /0
	中名(東莞)電子有限公司(i)	1 121 125	製造電聲產品及配件	150,000,000,6	
	1 4(1)50) 63 1313(2) 3(4)		V/C 0-12 HI / NOT		
	Dongguan Full Rich Precision Metal	Mainland China	Manufacture and trading of	HK\$11,000,000	100%
	Products Company Limited (i)	中國內地	precision metal parts	11,000,000港元	
	東 <mark>莞富</mark> 饒精密五金製品有限公司(i)		製造及買賣精密五金配件		
	F <mark>ujiko</mark> n Electrical Limited	Hong Kong	Investment holding	HK\$3	100%
	富士高電業有限公司	香港	投資控股	3港元	
	Fujikon Industrial (BVI) Limited (ii)	British Virgin Islands	_	US\$3,000	100%
		英屬處女群島	投資控股	3,000美元	
	Fujikon Industrial	Hong Kong	Design, manufacture,	Class A	_
	Company Limited	香港	marketing and trading of	(non-voting)(iii) –	_
	富士高實業有限公司	Ħ/C	electro-acoustic products	HK\$2,400,000	
	田工间交不可以公司		and accessories	A股股份	
			設計、製造、推廣及	(無投票權) (iii) -	
			買賣電聲產品及配件	2,400,000港元	
				Class B	100%
				(voting)(iii) –	
				HK\$600,000	
				B股股份(有投票權)	
				(iii) — 600,000港元	

10 Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries 10 於附屬公司之投資及應收款項(續) (Continued)

(c) Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

(c) 主要附屬公司(續)

Name	Place of incorporation/ principal place of operation	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital	Interest held (ii)
名稱	註冊地點/ 主要經營地點	主要業務	已發行 股本詳情	所持權益(ii)
Fujikon International Limited 富士高國際有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding and trading of transformers and power adaptors 投資控股及買賣變壓器及電力轉接器	HK\$3 3港元	100%
Fujikon Packing Material Company Limited (vi) 富士高包裝物料有限公司(vi)	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding and manufacture and trading of packaging materials 投資控股以及製造及買賣包裝物料	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	51%
Fujikon Precision Metal Products Limited 富士高精密五金製品有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding and manufacture and trading of precision metal parts 投資控股以及製造及買賣精密 五金配件	HK\$10,000 10,000港元	100%
Full-Sound (Dongguan) Electrical Products Limited (i) 富聲(東莞)電器配件有限公司(i)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacture and trading of electro-acoustic products and accessories 製造及買賣電聲產品及配件	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	100%
Keen Motion Limited 堅毅有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Provision of management services 提供管理服務	HK\$2 2 港元	100%
Landbo Limited 立保有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Property holding 物業持有	HK\$100 100港元	100%
Maxchief Enterprises Limited 萬澤企業有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding and trading of electro-acoustic products and accessories 投資控股及買賣電聲產品及配件	HK\$150 150港元	100%

10 Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries 10 於附屬公司之投資及應收款項(續) (Continued)

(c) Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

(c) 主要附屬公司(續)

	Name	Place of incorporation/ principal place of operation 註冊地點	Principal activities	Particulars of issued share capital 已發行	Interest held (ii)
ı	名稱	主要經營地點	主要業務	股本詳情	所持權益(ii)
	Zhejiang Fousine Science & Technology Company Limited (iv) & (vi) 浙江富舜科技股份有限公司(iv)及(vi)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacture and trading of PVC beads, wires and cables 製造及買賣聚氯乙烯膠粒、銅絲及電線	RMB60,000,000 人民幣60,000,000元	70%
	Profits (Dongguan) Electric Products Company Limited (i) 盈富(東莞)電器製品有限公司(i)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacture and trading of transformers and power adaptors 製造及買賣變壓器及電力轉接器	HK\$5,410,000 5,410,000港元	100%
	Score Merit Limited 志茂有限公司	Hong Kong 香港	Investment holding 投資控股	HK\$2 2港元	100%
	Smart Success Management Limited	British Virgin Islands 英屬處女群島	Investment holding 投資控股	US\$100 100美元	100%
	Dong Guan Fortune Packing Products Company Limited (i) & (vi) 東莞富采包裝製品有限公司(i)及(vi)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacture and trading of packaging materials 製造及買賣包裝物料	HK\$20,000,000 20,000,000港元	51%
	Guiyang Fullsound Electronic Products Limited (v) 貴陽富聲電器配件有限公司(v)	Mainland China 中國內地	Manufacture and trading of electro-acoustic products and accessories 製造及買賣電聲產品及配件	HK\$5,000,000 5,000,000港元	100%

Notes:

附註:

Charter Media (Dongguan) Company Limited, Dongguan Full Rich Precision Metal Products Company Limited, Full-Sound (Dongguan) Electrical Products Limited, Profits (Dongguan) Electric Products Company Limited and Dong Guan Fortune Packing Products Company Limited are wholly foreign owned enterprises established in Mainland China to be operated for 25 years up to May 2019, 12 years up to October 2016, 22 years up to April 2024, 17 years up to January 2017 and 25 years up to November 2024, respectively.

中名(東莞)電子有限公司、東莞富饒精 密五金製品有限公司、富聲(東莞)電器 配件有限公司、盈富(東莞)電器製品有 限公司及東莞富采包裝製品有限公司均 為於中國內地成立之外國全資擁有企業, 該等企業分別經營25年至2019年5月、12年 至2016年10月、22年至2024年4月、17年至 2017年1月及25年至2024年11月。

10 Investments in and amounts due from subsidiaries 10 於附屬公司之投資及應收款項(續) (Continued)

(c) Principal subsidiaries (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

- The shares of Fujikon Industrial (BVI) Limited are held directly by the Company. The shares of other subsidiaries are held indirectly.
- (iii) Holders of Class A (non-voting) shares have no voting rights, are not entitled to dividends unless the net profit of the company exceeds HK\$900,000,000,000, and are not entitled to any distribution upon winding up unless a sum of HK\$900,000,000 has been distributed by the Company to holders of Class B (voting) shares.
- (iv) Zhejiang Fousine Science & Technology Company Limited is a sinoforeign equity joint venture established in Mainland China with no fixed duration of operation.
- During the year, Guiyang Fullsound Electronic Products Limited, a wholly foreign owned enterprise, directly held by Maxchief Enterprises Limited was established in Mainland China and to be operated for 12 years up to June 2025.
- (vi) The Group holds controlling interests in these subsidiaries. In the opinion of the directors, the non-controlling interests are individually and in aggregate not material to the Group's financial statements. Therefore, no separate disclosure on these subsidiaries is presented.

(c) 主要附屬公司(續)

附註:(續)

- (ii) Fujikon Industrial (BVI) Limited之股份由本 公司直接持有。其他附屬公司之股份均 被間接持有。
- (iii) A股(無投票權)股份持有人並無投票權, 亦無權獲派股息,除非本公司純利超過 900,000,000,000港元,且於清盤時無權獲 得任何分派,除非900.000.000.000港元之 款項已由本公司分派予B股(有投票權)股 份持有人。
- (iv) 浙江富舜科技股份有限公司為一間於中 國內地成立之中外合資股份合營企業, 且無固定營運期。
- (v) 於年內,貴陽富聲電器配件有限公司於 中國內地成立,為萬澤企業有限公司直 接持有之外國全資擁有企業,將經營12 年至2025年6月。
- (vi) 本集團於該等附屬公司持有控股權益。 董事認為,非控股權益對本集團之財務 報表個別及共同影響不大。因此,有關 該等附屬公司之獨立披露並無呈列。

11 Inventories 11 存貨

Group 本集團

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
			741-2-2-777
Raw materials	原材料	71,397	96,751
Work-in-progress	在製品	47,598	45,089
Finished goods	製成品	45,584	46,422
			///
		164,579	188,262

The cost of inventories recognised as expense and included in cost of sales amounted to approximately HK\$1,244,087,000 (2013: HK\$1,277,310,000). For the year ended 31 March 2014, the Group has made a net provision of inventory obsolescence of approximately HK\$20,941,000 (2013: HK\$2,840,000).

確認為支出及計入銷售成本之存貨成本約為 1,244,087,000港元(2013:1,277,310,000港元)。 截至2014年3月31日止年度,本集團之呆貨淨撥 備約為20,941,000港元(2013:2,840,000港元)。

12 Trade and other receivables

The Group grants credit periods to customers ranging from 7 to 120 days. At 31 March 2014, trade receivables of HK\$175,919,000 (2013: HK\$191,021,000) were neither past due nor impaired. These related to a number of independent customers for whom there was no relevant history of default. Trade receivables that are less than three months past due are not considered impaired except for customers which are in unexpected difficult economic situations. At 31 March 2014 and 2013, other receivables are not considered impaired and have no history of default.

The ageing analysis of the trade receivables by past due date is as follows:

12 應收貨款及其他應收款項

本集團給予客戶7至120日之信貸期。於2014年3月31日,應收貨款175,919,000港元(2013:191,021,000港元)並無逾期及減值。該等款項與若干並無相關拖欠還款紀錄的獨立客戶有關。除並無預期下處於經濟困難之客戶外,逾期少於3個月之應收貨款並不視為減值。於2014年及2013年3月31日,其他應收款項並不視為減值亦無拖欠還款記錄。

按到期日計算之應收貨款之賬齡分析如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2014	2013	2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Current	當期	175,919	191,021	_	_
1 to 30 days	1日至30日	33,980	57,330	_	_
31 to 60 days	31日至60日	8,975	22,655	-	_
61 to 90 days	61日至90日	3,552	8,712	-	_
Over 90 days	90日以上	3,319	9,438	-	_
		225,745	289,156	_	_
Less: Provision for impairment	減:應收貨款之減值撥備				
of trade receivables		(2,910)	(6,254)	-	_
Trade receivables, net	應收貨款,淨額	222,835	282,902	_	_
Other receivables	其他應收款項	22,280	29,627	223	2,625
	96/2015/5/5/5/5				
		245,115	312,529	223	2,625

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade receivables and other receivables approximate their fair values.

As at 31 March 2014, trade receivables from the five largest customers accounted for approximately 65.0% (2013: 46.7%) of the total trade receivables. The Group's approach of managing credit risk is disclosed in Note 3.

本集團應收貨款及其他應收款項之賬面值與其 公平值相若。

於2014年3月31日,來自五大客戶之應收貨款 約佔總應收貨款65.0%(2013:46.7%)。本集團 對信貸風險之管理於附註3披露。

12 Trade and other receivables (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other receivable balances are denominated in the following currencies:

12 應收貨款及其他應收款項(續)

本集團應收貨款及其他應收款項結餘賬面值以 下列貨幣列賬:

			Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	
Hong Kong dollars	港元	7,771	6,996	223	2,625	
Renminbi	人民幣	43,096	61,668	-	_	
US dollars	美元	193,115	235,761	-	_	
Others	其他	1,133	8,104	-	_	
		245,115	312,529	223	2,625	

Movements in the provision for impairment of trade receivables for the Group are as follows:

本集團應收貨款減值撥備變動如下:

Groun

			本集團		
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000		
Beginning of the year (Reversal of provision)/provision	年初 減值(回撥)/撥備	6,254	5,743		
for impairment		(2,376)	4,056		
Receivables written off as uncollectible	不可收回之應收貨款撇銷	(986)	(3,553)		
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	18	8		
End of the year	年終	2,910	6,254		

The impairment provision made during the year has been included in the general and administrative expenses in the consolidated statement of comprehensive income.

年內作出之減值撥備已計入綜合全面收益表之 一般及行政支出中。

13 Derivative financial instruments

As at 31 March 2014 and 2013, derivative financial instruments mainly represented foreign exchange forward contracts and the amounts are denominated in US dollars.

The notional principal amounts of the outstanding foreign exchange forward contracts at 31 March 2014 are HK\$543,060,000 (2013: HK\$34,929,000). These foreign exchange forward contracts are held for trading and are expected to mature at various dates within 20 months (2013: 12 months).

13 衍生金融工具

於2014年及2013年3月31日,衍生金融工具主要指外匯遠期合約,其金額以美元列賬。

於2014年3月31日,未到期外匯遠期合約之名 義本金額為543,060,000港元(2013:34,929,000 港元)。該等持作買賣之外匯遠期合約預期將 於20個月(2013:12個月)內不同日期到期。

14 Other financial assets at fair value through profit 14 按公平值計入損益的其他財務資產 or loss

	Group 本集團		
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	
Listed equity securities and 上市股票證券及投資基金 investment funds	8,984	4,633	

The fair value of all equity securities at fair value is based on their current bid prices in an active market. Other financial assets at fair value through profit or loss are denominated in the following currencies:

按公平值計算的全部股票證券之公平值乃根據 其在活躍市場當時之買盤價釐定。按公平值計 入損益的其他財務資產以下列貨幣列賬:

			本集團		
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000		
Hong Kong dollars Renminbi US dollars	港元 人民幣 美元	1,317 6,657 1,010	1,206 1,105 2,322		
		8,984	4,633		

15 Cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank 15 現金及現金等價物及有抵押銀行存款 deposits

			Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
* 7650		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	
Cash at bank and on hand Short-term bank deposits	銀行存款及現金 短期銀行存款	172,818 296,034	419,381 22,552	341	782 -	
Cash and cash equivalents Pledged bank deposits	現金及現金等價物 有抵押銀行存款	468,852 -	441,933 11,499	341	782 –	
		468,852	453,432	341	782	

The effective interest rate on short-term bank deposits was approximately 2.8% (2013: 1.5%) per annum. These deposits have an average maturity of 43 days (2013: 26 days). At 31 March 2013, the pledged bank deposits did not carry interest with an average maturity of 45 days.

短期銀行存款實際利率約為每年2.8厘(2013: 1.5厘);該等存款平均到期日為43日(2013:26 日)。於2013年3月31日,有抵押銀行存款不計 息,平均到期日為45日。

15 Cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank 15 現金及現金等價物及有抵押銀行存款 **deposits** (Continued)

Cash and cash equivalents and pledged bank deposits are denominated in the following currencies:

現金及現金等價物及有抵押銀行存款以下列貨 幣列賬:

			Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2014 HK\$'000		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	
Hong Kong dollars	港元	10,323	28,903	341	782	
Renminbi	人民幣	339,843	•	-	-	
US dollars	美元	114,492	265,528	-	_	
Others	其他	4,194	25,231	_	-	
		468,852	453,432	341	782	

At 31 March 2014, approximately HK\$40,302,000 (2013: HK\$63,411,000) of the Group's cash and cash equivalents placed with banks in Mainland China were denominated in Renminbi, which is not a freely convertible currency in the international market and the repatriation of which is subject to foreign exchange control regulations of Mainland China.

No bank deposits were pledged as security for the Group's banking facilities as at 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$11,499,000).

於2014年3月31日, 本集團約40,302,000港元 (2013:63,411,000港元)存放於中國內地銀行 之現金及現金等價物以人民幣列賬,而人民幣 並非國際市場自由兑換之貨幣,其調動受中國 內地外匯管制法規所限制。

於2014年3月31日,並無銀行存款予以抵押作 為本集團銀行融資之抵押品(2013:11,499,000 港元)。

16 Trade and other payables

As at 31 March 2014, the ageing analysis of trade payables by past due date is as follows:

16 應付貨款及其他應付款項

於2014年3月31日,按到期日計算之應付貨款 之賬齡分析如下:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Current	當期	106,939	134,657	-	//X -
1 to 30 days 31 to 60 days	1日至30日 31日至60日	43,762 2,295	22,117 5,722	-	
61 to 90 days Over 90 days	61日至90日 90日以上	1,881 8,151	1,976 3,755	-	
Trade payables Accruals and other payables	應付貨款 應計費用及其他應付款項	163,028 113,032	168,227 107,797	- 6,707	– 12,037
The same state payables	NOVEL SELECTION OF THE PROPERTY OF THE PROPERT	276,060	276,024	6,707	12,037

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables approximate their fair values.

本集團之應付貨款及其他應付款項之賬面值與 其公平值相若。

16 Trade and other payables (Continued)

The carrying amounts of the Group's trade and other payables balances are denominated in the following currencies:

16 應付貨款及其他應付款項(續)

本集團之應付貨款及其他應付款項結餘之賬面 值以下列貨幣列賬:

		Group 本集團		Company 本公司	
	2014	2013	2014	2013	
	НК\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
Hong Kong dollars 港元 Renminbi 人民幣 US dollars 美元 Other currencies 其他貨幣	36,797	48,139	6,707	12,037	
	191,647	199,284	-	-	
	43,878	26,006	-	-	
	3,738	2,595	-	-	
	276,060	276,024	6,707	12,037	

17 Bank borrowings

At 31 March 2014, the Group did not have any bank borrowing. At 31 March 2013, bank borrowings of approximately HK\$32,138,000 were secured by certain of the Group's property, plant and equipment (Note 6) and land use rights (Note 8). The remaining was jointly guaranteed by the Company and a non-controlling shareholder. The bank borrowings bear interest rate at approximately 5.2%.

The carrying amounts of the bank borrowings approximate their fair values. The bank borrowings are repayable within one year and are denominated in the following currencies:

17 銀行借貸

於2014年3月31日,本集團並無任何銀行借 貸。於2013年3月31日,銀行借貸約32,138,000 港元以本集團若干物業、廠房及設備(附註6) 及土地使用權(附註8)為抵押。餘下的銀行借 貸由本公司與一名非控權股東共同擔保。銀行 借貸按利率約為5.2厘計息。

銀行借貸之賬面值與其公平值相若。銀行借貸 應於一年內償還,並以下列貨幣列賬:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Hong Kong dollars Renminbi	港元 人民幣	*	10,000 32,138
THE STATE OF		M -	42,138

18 Deferred income tax

Deferred income tax is calculated in full on temporary differences under the liability method using the tax rates enacted or substantively enacted by the statement of financial position date.

Deferred income tax assets and liabilities are offset when there is a legally enforceable right to offset current tax assets against current tax liabilities and when the deferred income taxes relate to the same fiscal authority.

18 遞延所得税

遞延所得税採用負債法就暫時差異按財務狀況 表日期已頒佈或實質頒佈之税率全數計算。

遞延所得稅資產及負債在現行稅項資產與現行 稅項負債有合法可強制執行權利互相抵銷及遞 延所得稅與同一稅務機關有關時,方可互相 抵銷。

		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Deferred income tax assets	遞延所得税資產	4,189	238
Deferred income tax liabilities	遞延所得税負債	(1,967)	(759)
		2,222	(521)

The net movement on the deferred income tax account is as follows:

遞延所得税賬目之變動淨額如下:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At 1 April Deferred income tax credited/(charged) to consolidated statement of	於4月1日 於綜合全面收益表中抵扣/ (支銷)之遞延所得税(附註26)	(521)	(367)
comprehensive income (Note 26) Exchange differences	匯兑差額	2,754 (11)	(154) —
At 31 March	於3月31日	2,222	(521)

18 Deferred income tax (Continued)

The movements in deferred income tax assets and liabilities (prior to offsetting of balances within the same taxation jurisdiction) during the year are as follows:

18 遞延所得税(續)

年內遞延所得税資產及負債(與同一徵税司法 權區之結餘抵銷前)之變動如下:

Deferred income tax assets 遞延所得税資產		Decelerated tax depreciation Tax losses 減速税項折舊 税項虧損		Provisions and others Total 撥備及其他 總計					
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At 1 April (Charged)/credited to consolidated statement of	於4月1日 於綜合全面收益表中 (支銷)/抵扣	1	206	237	113	-	-	238	319
comprehensive income		(1)	(205)	(237)	124	4,200	-	3,962	(81)
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	_	_	-	(11)	_	(11)	
At 31 March	於3月31日	-	1	-	237	4,189	-	4,189	238

Deferred income tax liabilities 遞延所得税負債		ated tax ciation 項折舊		ue gain 直收益	Oth 其		To 總	
	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
At 1 April 於4月1日 (Charged)/credited to 於綜合全面收益表中 consolidated statement of (支銷)/抵扣	(731)	(575)	-	(83)	(28)	(28)	(759)	(686)
comprehensive income	(1,208)	(156)	-	83	-	-	(1,208)	(73)
	(1,939)	(731)	-	-	(28)	(28)	(1,967)	(759)

Deferred income tax assets are recognised for tax loss carry-forwards to the extent that realisation of the related tax benefits through future taxable profits is probable. The Group did not recognise deferred income tax assets of HK\$6,299,000 (2013: HK\$4,583,000) in respect of losses amounting to HK\$25,709,000 (2013: HK\$18,333,000) that can be carried forward against future taxable income, of which HK\$24,203,000 will expire in five years and the remaining amount has no expiry date.

As at 31 March 2014, deferred income tax liabilities have not been recognised for the withholding tax that would be payable on the unremitted earnings of certain subsidiaries, as the Group is able to control the timing of the reversal of the temporary differences and it is probable that no material temporary differences will be reversed in the foreseeable future.

遞延所得稅資產僅會在可能透過未來可徵稅利潤實現相關稅項利潤之情況下確認稅項虧損結轉。本集團未確認遞延所得稅資產為6,299,000港元(2013:4,583,000港元),有關虧損金額為25,709,000港元(2013:18,333,000港元),該虧損金額可予結轉,以抵銷未來可徵稅收益,當中24,203,000港元將於五年內屆滿,而剩餘金額並無屆滿日期。

於2014年3月31日,本集團並無就若干附屬公司之未匯返盈利應繳之預扣税確認遞延所得稅負債,因為本集團有能力控制暫時差額撥回之時間,且於可見將來可能並無重大暫時差額可獲撥回。

19 Share capital

19 股本

		2014		2013	
		Number of shares	Nominal value	Number of shares	Nominal value
		股份數目	面值	股份數目	面值
		'000	HK\$'000	'000	HK\$'000
Authorised:	法定:				
- ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	-每股面值0.10港元之普通股	2,000,000	200,000	2,000,000	200,000
Issued and fully paid:	已發行及繳足:				
- ordinary shares of HK\$0.10 each	- 每股面值0.10港元之普通股				
Beginning of the year	年初	412,443	41,244	410,139	41,014
Exercise of share options during the year	年內行使購股權	7,416	742	2,304	230
End of the year	年終	419,859	41,986	412,443	41,244

During the year, 7,416,000 shares of HK\$0.1 each were issued upon exercise of the share options at an aggregate consideration of HK\$8,774,000. These shares rank pari passu in all respects with the existing shares.

年內,因購股權獲行使發行7,416,000股每股面值0.1港元之股份,總代價為8,774,000港元。該等股份在所有方面均與現有股份享有同等權益。

20 Share options

Pursuant to the ordinary resolutions of the Company passed on 21 August 2002, the Company adopted a share option scheme (the "Old Scheme") which complied with Chapter 17 of the Rules Governing the Listing of Securities on the Stock Exchange (the "Listing Rules"). At the annual general meeting of the Company held on 3 August 2012, an ordinary resolution was passed for the adoption of a new share option scheme (the "New Scheme") and the termination of the Old Scheme. Under the share option schemes, the Company may grant options to any eligible employee (whether full-time or part-time, including any executive director), any non-executive director, any shareholder, any supplier and any customer of the Company or any of its subsidiaries or any entity in which any member of the Group holds any equity interest, and any other party having contributed to the development of the Group to subscribe for shares in the Company, subject to a maximum of 30% of the nominal value of the issued share capital of the Company from time to time.

The subscription price will be determined by the Company's Board of Directors, and will not be less than the highest of:

- (a) the closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet on the date of offer;
- (b) the average closing price of the shares as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheets for the five trading days immediately preceding the date of offer; and
- (c) the nominal value of the shares.

20 購股權

根據本公司於2002年8月21日通過之普通決議案,本公司採納符合聯交所證券上市規則(「上市規則」)第17章規定之購股權計劃(「舊計劃」)。本公司於2012年8月3日舉行之股東週年大會上,通過普通決議案以採納新購股權計劃,(「新計劃」)並終止舊計劃。根據購股權計劃,本公司可向本公司或其任何附屬公司報之任何實體之任何成員公司持有任何股權之任何實體之任何成員公司持有任何股權之任何實體之任何非執行董事、任何股東、任何與東、任何非執行董事、任何股東、任何其應之任何客戶,及曾為本集團發展作出貢獻之任何其他人士授出購股權以認購本公司股份,惟所涉及股份不得超過本公司不時之已發行股本面值之30%。

認購價將由本公司董事會釐定,並將不低於以 下各項之最高者:

- (a) 股份於要約當日在聯交所每日報價表所列 之收市價:
- (b) 股份於緊接要約當日前五個交易日在聯交 所每日報價表所列之平均收市價;及
- (c) 股份面值。

20 Share options (Continued)

20 購股權(續)

Movements of share options under the Old Scheme during the year were as follow:

年內舊計劃項下之購股權變動如下:

Date of grant	Exercise period	Subscription price per share 每股	Beginning of the year	Exercised during the year	Lapsed/ cancelled during the year 年內失效/	End of the year
授出日期	行使期	認購價	年初	年內行使	註銷	年終
		HK\$	'000	'000	'000	'000
		港元	千股	千股	千股	千股
22/05/2007	22/05/2008 – 21/05/2017	1.98 (Note i) (附註i)	11,500	700	-	10,800
28/03/2012	28/03/2013 — 27/03/2022	1.10 (Note i) (附註i)	15,072	6,716	1,276	7,080
	28/03/2014 – 27/03/2022	1.10 (Note ii) (附註ii)	6,000	-	-	6,000
	28/03/2015 – 27 <mark>/0</mark> 3/2022	1.10 (Note iii) (附註iii)	8,546	-	108	8,438
			29,618	6,716	1,384	21,518

Notes:

- The options were subject to a vesting period of one year from the date of
- The options were subject to a vesting period of two years from the date of grant.
- (iii) The options were subject to a vesting period of three years from the date of grant.
- (iv) For the year ended 31 March 2014, the weighted average closing price of the shares immediately before the dates on which the options were exercised was HK\$2.60.

附註:

- 該等購股權須按授出日期起計之一年歸屬期
- (ii) 該等購股權須按授出日期起計之兩年歸屬期 行使。
- (iii) 該等購股權須按授出日期起計之三年歸屬期 行使。
- (iv) 截至2014年3月31日止年度,股份於緊接購股權 行使當日前之加權平均收市價為2.60港元。

20 Share options (Continued)

Notes: (Continued)

(v) The closing price of the shares of the Company as stated in the Stock Exchange's daily quotations sheet immediately before the dates on which the options were granted were as follows:

20 購股權(續)

附註:(續)

(v) 本公司股份於緊接購股權授出當日前在聯交所 每日報價表列出之收市價如下:

Closing price per share immediately before the date of grant (HK\$) 緊接授出常日前之每股收市價(港元)

		before the date of grant (liks)
Date of grant 授出日期		緊接授出當日前之每股收市價(港元)
22 May 2007	2007年5月22日	1.95
28 March 2012	2012年3月28日	1.10

- (vi) At 31 March 2014, outstanding options of 23,880,000 were exercisable.
- (vii) Options exercised during the year were issued at the corresponding subscription price.
- (viii) The Company has used the Binomial Model for assessing the fair value of the share options granted. According to the Binomial Model, the fair value of the options granted during the year ended 31 March 2012 measured as at the date of grant of 28 March 2012 was approximately HK\$0.273, HK\$0.288 and HK\$0.294 per share, respectively, taking into account various factors, variables and assumptions which include the following:
 - exercise multiple was applied to the historical information of the option holders, on average, would exercise their options when the stock price is 160% of the exercise price;
 - (ii) the risk-free interest rate used was 1.27%;
 - (iii) the expected volatility was about 43%; and
 - (iv) the expected annual dividend yield of 5.73%.

The volatility measured at the standard deviation of continuously compounded share returns is based on statistical analysis of daily share prices over the last ten years. During the year, the fair value of the options granted on 28 March 2012 which had been charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income amounted to HK\$1,439,000 (2013: HK\$6,058,000). The remaining unamortised fair value of the options will be charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income in future years.

As at 31 March 2014, no share options were granted under the New Scheme.

- (vi) 於2014年3月31日·23,880,000股未行使購股權可予行使。
- (vii) 年內已行使購股權已按相應認購價予以發行。
- (viii) 本公司採用二項式模式評估所授出購股權之公 平值。根據二項式模式,於截至2012年3月31日 止年度授出購股權之公平值(按2012年3月28日 授出日期計算)分別約為每股0.273港元、0.288 港元及0.294港元,並已計及多項因素、變數及 假設,包括:
 - (i) 過往資料應用到行使倍數,按以往資料,購股權持有人平均於股價達到行使價之160%時行使購股權;
 - (ii) 用作計算之無風險利率為1.27厘;
 - (iii) 預期股價波動率約為43%;及
 - (iv) 預計每年股息收益率為5.73%。

按持續複合股份回報的標準差計量波幅乃根據 過往十年每日股價之統計分析得出。年內,於 2012年3月28日授出之購股權公平值為1,439,000 港元(2013:6,058,000港元),已於綜合全面收 益表中扣除。購股權之餘下未攤銷公平值將於 未來數年於綜合全面收益表中扣除。

於2014年3月31日,概無根據新計劃授出購股權。

21 Other reserves

21 其他儲備

		Group 本集團							
		Share premium	Property revaluation reserve 物業重估	Capital reserves (a) 資本	Statutory reserves (b) 法定	Investment reserves 投資	Share option reserves 購股權	Exchange reserves 匯兑	Total
		股份溢價	儲備	儲備(a)	儲備(b)	儲備	儲備	儲備	總額
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000
At 1 April 2012	於2012年4月1日	98,759	1,041	30,575	6,321	(21)	6,754	74,088	217,517
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,594	2,594
Fair value gains on	可供出售財務資產之公平值收益								
available-for-sale financial assets		-	-	-	-	280	-	-	280
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:								
 Value of employee services 	- 僱員服務之價值	-	-	-	-	-	6,058	-	6,058
– Proceeds from shares issued	- 行使購股權而發行股份								
upon exercise of share options	之所得款項	2,304	-	-	-	-	-	-	2,304
– Exercise of share options	一行使購股權	630	-	-	-	-	(630)	-	-
Release of investment reserves	出售可供出售財務資產時								
upon disposal of available-for-sales	所解除之投資儲備								
financial assets						8			8
At 31 March 2013	於2013年3月31日	101,693	1,041	30,575	6,321	267	12,182	76,682	228,761
Currency translation differences	匯兑差額	-	-	-	-	-	-	6,987	6,987
Fair value losses on	可供出售財務資產之公平值虧損								
available-for-sale financial assets		-	-	-	-	(399)	-	-	(399)
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:								
 Value of employee services 	一僱員服務之價值	-	-	-	-	-	1,439	-	1,439
 Proceeds from shares issued 	一行使 <mark>購股權而發行</mark> 股份								
upon exercise of share options	之所得款項	8,032	-	-	-	-	-	-	8,032
– Exercise of share options	一行使購股權	2,242	-	-	-		(2,242)	-	-
A4 24 Mayek 2044	₩2044 / E2 B24 D	111 067	1.044	20 575	C 224	(422)	11 270	02.000	244 020
At 31 March 2014	於2014年3月31日	111,967	1,041	30,575	6,321	(132)	11,379	83,669	244,820

21 Other reserves (Continued)

21 其他儲備(續)

Company 本公司

		平公可				
		Share premium 股份溢價	Contributed surplus (c) 實繳盈餘(c)	Share option reserves 購股權儲備	Total 總額	
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	HK\$'000	
	M					
At 1 April 2012	於2012年4月1日	98,759	138,800	6,754	244,313	
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:					
- Proceeds from shares issued upon	一行使購股權而發行股份					
exercise of share options	之所得款項	2,304	_	_	2,304	
 Value of employee services 	- 僱員服務之價值	_	-	6,058	6,058	
– Exercise of share options	一行使購股權	630	_	(630)	_	
At 31 March 2013	於2013年3月31日	101,693	138,800	12,182	252,675	
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:	. ,		,	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	
- Proceeds from shares issued upon	一行使購股權而發行股份					
exercise of share options	之所得款項	8,032			8,032	
 Value of employee services 	一僱員服務之價值			1,439	1,439	
– Exercise of share options	- 行使購股權	2,242		(2,242)		
At 31 March 2014	於2014年3月31日	111,967	138,800	11,379	262,146	

Notes:

- (a) Capital reserves represent the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and the aggregate amount of the share capital and share premium of subsidiaries acquired through an exchange of shares pursuant to the Group's reorganisation in March 2000, and certain amounts of statutory reserves and retained earnings of a subsidiary capitalised as paid-up capital in prior years.
- (b) Statutory reserves represent general reserve fund required to be set up pursuant to the laws of Mainland China for the Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China. The general reserve fund can only be used to make up for losses incurred, increase registered capital or use for collective welfare of employees.
- (c) Contributed surplus represents the difference between the nominal value of the ordinary shares issued by the Company and the net asset value of a subsidiary acquired through an exchange of shares pursuant to the Group's reorganisation in March 2000.

附註:

- (a) 資本儲備指本公司所發行普通股之面值與根據 2000年3月本集團重組進行換股而收購之附屬公 司股本與股份溢價總和之差額,以及於過去數 年一間附屬公司資本化為繳足股本之法定儲備 及保留溢利之若干金額。
- (b) 法定儲備指須根據中國內地法律為本集團於中國內地之附屬公司設立的一般儲備基金。一般儲備基金僅可用作彌補虧損、增加註冊資本或用作僱員之集體福利。
- (c) 實繳盈餘指本公司所發行普通股之面值與根據 2000年3月本集團重組進行換股而收購一間附屬 公司資產淨值之差額。

22 Revenue

The Group is principally engaged in the design, manufacture, marketing and trading of electro-acoustic products, accessories and other electronic products and property holding. Revenues recognised during the year are as follows:

22 收入

本集團主要業務為設計、製造、推廣及銷售電 聲產品、配件及其他電子產品及持有物業。年 內確認之收入如下:

		2014 HK\$'000	
Sales of merchandise	貨品銷售	1,518,264	1,599,149
Rental income	租金收入	175	170
Management fees	管理費	144	133
Handling income	處理收入	6,693	6,099
		1,525,276	1,605,551

23 Other gains - net

23 其他收益-淨額

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Fair value losses on derivative	衍生金融工具之公平值虧損		
financial instruments	77. 工业的工兴之公 旧准]]次	(6,955)	(43)
Fair value losses on other financial	按公平值計入損益的其他財務資產	(5,225)	(15)
assets at fair value through	之公平值虧損		
profit or loss		(234)	(354)
Fair val <mark>ue</mark> gains on	投資物業之公平值收益		
investment properties		260	960
Net gains/(losses) on disposal of	出售可供出售財務資產之收益/		
available-for-sale financial assets	(虧損)淨額	197	(16)
Net gains/(losses) on disposal of other	出 <mark>售按公平值計入損益的</mark>		
financial assets at fair value	其他財務資產之收益/		
through profit or loss	(虧損)淨額	92	(654)
Net gains on disposal of property,	出售物業、廠房及		
plant and equipment	設備之收益淨額	76	99
Net realised gains from	衍生金融工具之已		
derivative financial instruments	實現收益淨額	20,046	12,750
Net foreign exchange (losses)/gains	匯兑(虧損)/收益淨額	(9,016)	2,148
	一	4,466	14,890

24 Operating profit

24 經營溢利

Operating profit is stated after charging and crediting the following:

經營溢利已扣除及計入下列各項:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Auditor's remuneration	核數師酬金	1,736	1,376
Amortisation of land use rights	土地使用權之攤銷	300	291
Cost of inventories	存貨成本	1,244,087	1,277,310
Depreciation of property,	物業、廠房及設備		
plant and equipment	之折舊	33,484	28,748
Government grants	政府補貼	(894)	(212)
Operating lease rental of premises	物業之經營租約租金	6,748	7,285
Provision for impairment of	呆貨減值撥備		
inventory obsolescence		20,941	2,840
(Reversal of provision)/provision for	應收貨款減值		
impairment of trade receivables	(回撥)/撥備	(2,376)	4,056
Staff costs (including directors'	僱員支出(包括董事酬金)		
emoluments) (Note 30)	(附註30)	388,507	369,054

25 Finance income and costs

25 融資收入及成本

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Interest income from	來自以下之利息收入		
 available-for-sale financial assets 	一可供出售財務資產	271	245
bank deposits	一銀行存款	4,926	6,118
Finance income	融資收入	5,197	6,363
Finance costs	融資成本	(1,414)	(2,621)
Net finance income	融資收入淨額	3,783	3,742

26 Income tax expenses

The Company is exempted from taxation in Bermuda until March 2016.

Hong Kong profits tax has been provided at the rate of 16.5% (2013: 16.5%) on the estimated assessable profits arising in or derived from Hong Kong for the year. The Group's subsidiaries in Mainland China are subject to the China Corporate Income Tax at a rate of 25% (2013: 25%) on estimated assessable profits.

26 所得税支出

本公司免繳百慕達税項,直至2016年3月為止。

香港利得税撥備已按照年內於香港產生或源自 香港之估計應課税溢利以16.5%(2013:16.5%) 税率計算。本集團於中國內地之附屬公司須按 估計應課税溢利以25% (2013:25%)税率繳交 中國企業所得税。

26 Income tax expenses (Continued)

26 所得税支出(續)

The amount of taxation charged to the consolidated statement of comprehensive income represents:

從綜合全面收益表內扣除的稅項金額指:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
	₩ ₩0.<		
Current income tax	當期所得稅		
 Hong Kong profits tax 	- 香港利得税	12,915	17,288
 China corporate income tax 	- 中國企業所得税	5,228	6,654
 Over-provision in prior years 	- 往年過剩撥備	(37)	(170)
		18,106	23,772
Deferred income tax (Note 18)	遞延所得税(附註18)	(2,754)	154
		15,352	23,926

The taxation on the Group's profit before income tax differs from the theoretical amount that would arise using the taxation rate of the home country of the Company as follows:

本集團從除稅前溢利扣除之所得稅與據本公司 所屬國家之税率計算之理論金額之差別如下:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Profit before income tax	除所得税前溢利	81,295	142,808
Calculated at a taxation rate of 16.5%	按税率16.5%(2013:16.5%)計算		
(2013: 16.5%)		13,414	23,563
Effect of different taxation rates	於中國內地不同税率之影響		
in Mainland China		(840)	2,816
Income not subject to taxation	毋須繳税之收入	(1,240)	(1,828)
Expenses not deductible for	不可就課税而扣除之支出		
taxation purpose		1,665	1,923
Tax losses not recognised	未確認之税務虧損	1,651	1,487
Over-provision in prior years	往年過剩撥備	(37)	(170)
Others	其他	739	(3,865)
			- Xe-
Income tax expenses	所得税支出	15,352	23,926

27 Profit attributable to equity holders of the Company

The profit attributable to equity holders of the Company is dealt with in the financial statements of the Company to the extent of approximately HK\$59,656,000 (2013: HK\$82,525,000).

27 本公司股權持有人應佔溢利

約59,656,000港元(2013:82,525,000港元)之本 公司股權持有人應佔溢利已計入本公司財務報 表。

28 Dividends 28 股息

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
		111000	111(\$ 000
Interim dividend paid of HK4.0 cents	已付中期股息每股普通股4.0港仙		
(2013: HK3.0 cents) per	(2013:3.0港仙)		
ordinary share		16,771	12,304
Proposed final dividend of HK5.0	建議末期股息每股普通股5.0港仙		
cents (2013: HK5.0 cents)	(2013:5.0港仙)		
per ordinary share		20,993	20,783
Special interim dividend paid of	已付特別中期股息每股普通股2.0港仙		
HK2.0 cents (2013: HK4.0 cents)	(2013:4.0港仙)		
per ordinary share		8,386	16,406
Proposed special final dividend of	建議特別末期股息每股普通股4.0港仙		
HK4.0 cents (2013: HK7.0 cents)	(2013:7.0港仙)		
per ordinary share		16,794	29,097
		62,944	78,590

At a meeting held on 26 June 2014, the Board of Directors recommended a final dividend per ordinary share of HK5.0 cents and a special final dividend of HK4.0 cents per ordinary share amounting to a total of HK\$37,787,000. The proposed dividends are not reflected as a dividend payable in these consolidated financial statements, and will be reflected as appropriation of retained earnings for the year ending 31 March 2015.

於2014年6月26日舉行之會議上,董事會建 議派付末期股息每股普通股5.0港仙,以及特 別末期股息每股普通股4.0港仙,為數合共 37,787,000港元。擬派股息不會在該等綜合財 務報表中列作應付股息,而將反映為截至2015 年3月31日止年度之保留溢利分配。

29 Earnings per share

Basic

Basic earnings per share is calculated by dividing the profit attributable to equity holders of the Company by the weighted average number of ordinary shares in issue during the year.

29 每股盈利

基本

每股基本盈利乃以歸屬本公司股權持有人之溢 利除以年內已發行普通股之加權平均數計算。

	No.	2014	2013
Profit attributable to equity holders	歸屬本公司股權持有人		
of the Company (HK\$'000)	之溢利(千港元)	62,318	114,312
Weighted average number of ordinary	已發行普通股之		
shares in issue (in thousands)	加權平均數(千股)	418,153	410,158
Basic earnings per share (HK cents)	每股基本盈利(港仙)	14.9	27.9

29 Earnings per share (Continued)

Diluted

Diluted earnings per share is calculated by adjusting the weighted average number of ordinary shares outstanding assuming conversion of all dilutive potential ordinary shares. The Company has one category of dilutive potential ordinary shares: share options. For the share options, a calculation is done to determine the number of shares that could have been acquired at fair value (determined as the average annual market price of the Company's shares) based on the monetary value of the subscription rights attached to outstanding share options. The number of shares calculated as above is compared with the number of shares that would have been issued assuming the exercise of the share options.

29 每股盈利(續)

攤薄

每股攤薄盈利乃通過假設所有潛在攤薄普通股 已轉換而發行之普通股經調整加權平均數計 算。本公司有一類潛在攤薄普通股,即購股 權。就購股權而言,乃根據尚未行使購股權所 附認購權之貨幣價值就釐定可按公平值收購之 股份數目(以本公司股份平均每年市價釐定)而 作出計算。上文計算之股份數目與假設購股權 獲行使後發行之股份數目相若。

		2014	2013
Profit attributable to equity holders	歸屬本公司股權持有人		
of the Company (HK\$'000)	之溢利(千港元)	62,318	114,312
Weighted average number of ordinary	已發行普通股之		
shares in issue (in thousands)	加權平均數(千股)	418,153	410,158
Adjustment for potential dilutive	就尚未行使購股權之		
effect in respect of outstanding	潛在攤薄影響作出		
share options (in thousands)	之調整(千股)	14,933	14,727
Weighted average number of ordinary	計算每股攤薄盈利之		
share <mark>s fo</mark> r diluted earnings per	普通股加權平均數(千股)		
share (in thousands)		433,086	424,885
Diluted earnings per share (HK cents)	每股攤薄盈利(港仙)	14.4	26.9

30 Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)

30 僱員支出(包括董事酬金)

		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金	353,656	334,719
Other staff benefits	其他員工福利	15,551	14,715
Pension costs – defined	退休金支出一定額		
contribution plans (Note 33)	供款計劃(附註33)	17,861	13,562
Value of employee share options	僱員購股權之價值	1,439	6,058
			<u> </u>
		388,507	369,054

30 Staff costs (including directors' emoluments) (Continued)

30 僱員支出(包括董事酬金)(續)

(a) Directors and senior management's emoluments

(a) 董事及高級管理層酬金

Pension

Name of Director		Fees	Salary	Discretionary bonuses	costs and share options	Total
董事姓名		袍金 HK \$ ′000	薪金 HK\$'000	酌情花紅 HK\$′000	退休金支出 及購股權 HK\$'000	總額 HK \$ ′000
For the year ended 31 March 2014	截至2014年3月31日 止年度					
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny (Chief Executive Officer) Yuen Yee Sai, Simon Chow Man Yan, Michael Yuen Chi King, Wyman Yeung Siu Chung, Ben Chow Lai Fung Independent Non-Executive Directors Chang Chu Cheng (Note) Che Wai Hang, Allen Lee Yiu Pun	楊志雄 (行政總裁) 源而文子敬聰 周麗 獨立非執行董事 張樹成(附註) 車偉耀斌	- - - - - - 200 200 200	1,987 1,931 1,931 1,229 1,229 1,229	1,176 1,176 1,176 606 606 606	6 6 15 305 305 305	3,169 3,113 3,122 2,140 2,140 2,140 2,00 200
For the year ended 31 March 2013	截至2013年3月31日 止年度					
Executive Directors	執行董事					
Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny (Chief Executive Officer) Yuen Yee Sai, Simon Chow Man Yan, Michael Yuen Chi King, Wyman Yeung Siu Chung, Ben Chow Lai Fung Independent Non-Executive Directors	楊志雄 (行政總裁) 源而知 周文仁 源子敬 楊少聰 周麗鳳 獨立非執行董事		1,892 1,839 1,839 1,170 1,170 1,170	2,310 2,310 2,310 1,190 1,190 1,190	117 117 132 855 855 855	4,319 4,266 4,281 3,215 3,215 3,215
Chang Chu Cheng (Note)	張樹成(附註)	200	X -	-	-	200

200

200

Note: Dr. Chang Chu Cheng resigned on 1 April 2014.

車偉恒

李耀斌

Che Wai Hang, Allen

Lee Yiu Pun

附註:張樹成博士於2014年4月1日辭任。

200

200

30 Staff costs (including directors' emoluments)

(Continued)

(b) Five highest paid individuals

The five individuals whose emoluments were the highest in the Group for the year include three (2013: five) directors whose emoluments are reflected in the analysis presented above. The emoluments payable to the remaining two individuals during the year are as follows.

30 僱員支出(包括董事酬金)(續)

(b) 五名最高薪人士

年內本集團最高薪五名人士包括三名 (2013:五名)董事,彼等之酬金已於上表 呈列之分析反映。年內應付餘下兩名人士 之酬金如下。

		2014 HK\$'000
Wages and salaries	工資及薪金	5,300
Pension costs – defined contribution	退休金支出一定額	3,300
plans (Note 33)	供款計劃(附註33)	42
Value of employee share options	僱員購股權之價值	147
		5,489

The emoluments of the afore-mentioned individuals fell within the band of HK\$2,500,001 to HK\$3,000,000.

上述人士之酬金介於2,500,001港元至3,000,000 港元範圍內。

31 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows

31 綜合現金流量表附註

- (a) Reconciliation of profit for the year to cash generated from operations:
- (a) 本年度溢利與經營活動所得之現金之 對賬:

		2014	2013
		HK\$'000	HK\$'000
Profit for the year	本年度溢利	65,943	118,882
Adjustments for:	就以下事項作出調整:		·
 Amortisation of land use rights 	一土地使用權之攤銷	300	291
 Depreciation of property, plant 	-物業、廠房及		
and equipment	設備之折舊	33,484	28,748
– Finance costs	一融資成本	1,414	2,621
Finance income	一融資收入	(5,197)	(6,363)
 Income tax expenses 	一所得税支出	15,352	23,926
 Fair value losses on derivative 	一衍生金融工具		•
financial instruments	公平值虧損	6,955	43
 Fair value losses on other 	一按公平值計入損益的		
financial assets at fair value	其他財務資產之		
through profit or loss	公平值虧損	234	354
Fair value gains on	-投資物業公平值之收益		
investment properties	3222 13312 - 1 1 1 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	(260)	(960)
– Net (gains)/losses on disposal	一出售可供出售財務資產	(**/	(/
of available-for-sale	之(收益)/虧損淨額		
financial assets	~_ ()(/ / _ / /	(197)	16
Net (gains)/losses on disposal	-出售按公平值計入損益的	(151)	
of other financial assets	其他財務資產之		
at fair value through	(收益)/虧損淨額		
profit or loss	(N mr / / Æ 1 / / / F A	(92)	654
– Net gains on disposal of	- 出售物業、廠房及	(32)	034
property, plant and equipment	設備之收益淨額	(76)	(99)
Provision for impairment of	ー呆貨減值撥備	(70)	(55)
inventory obsolescence	// Q/W LIX IR	20,941	2,840
- (Reversal of provision)/provision	一應收貨款減值	20,541	2,040
for impairment of	(回撥)/撥備		
trade receivables	(13X / / 13X lH)	(2,376)	4,056
 Value of employee share options 	- 僱員購股權之價值	1,439	6,058
Exchange differences	一匯兑差額	2,712	0,030
Exchange unitrenees	四 九年版	2,7.12	
		440 576	404.067
cl : 1: ::1	火火 宝 次 人 鏡 手。	140,576	181,067
Changes in working capital:	營運資金變動:	F 004	(22.200)
– Inventories	一存貨	5,801	(32,200)
- Trade receivables	一應收貨款	62,671	(50,506)
- Other receivables	一其他應收款項 應付货款	12,593	(12,558)
- Trade payables	一應付貨款 一應計費用及其他應付款項	(7,474)	16,571
Accruals and other payablesDeferred income		1,001	20,193
- Deterred income	一遞延收入	(503)	(1,370)
Cash generated from operations	經營活動所得之現金	214,665	121,197

31 Notes to the consolidated statement of cash flows 31 綜合現金流量表附註(續) (Continued)

(b) Analysis of changes in financing activities during the year:

(b) 年內融資活動變動分析:

		•			borrowings と行借貸	
		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000	
		,		, , , , ,	,	
At 1 April	於4月1日	142,937	139,773	42,138	40,541	
Issue of shares upon exercise	因行使購股權而					
of share options	發行股份	8,774	2,534	-	-	
Employee share option scheme:	僱員購股權計劃:					
 Exercise of share options 	- 行使購股權	2,242	630	-	-	
New bank borrowings	新增銀行借貸	-	-	50,441	46,900	
Repayment of bank borrowings	償還銀行借貸	-	-	(93,228)	(45,510)	
Exchange differences	匯兑差額	-	-	649	207	
At 31 March	於3月31日	153,953	142,937	-	42,138	

32 Commitments

(a) Capital commitments

The Group had the following authorised and contracted capital commitments:

32 承擔

(a) 資本承擔

本集團之已授權及已訂約資本承擔如下:

	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Acquisition of machinery and equipment 購買機械及器材	4,557	13,088

(b) Commitments under operating leases

The Group had future aggregate minimum lease payments under various non-cancellable operating leases as follows:

(b) 經營租賃承擔

本集團根據多項不可解除之經營租賃於未 來應付最低租金總額如下:

		2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
Not later than one year Later than one year and not	不超過1年 超過1年但	5,304	4,531
later than five years	不超過5年	11,826	13,172
Later than five years	超過5年	9,187	11,642
		26,317	29,345

33 Pension obligations

The Group has arranged for its Hong Kong employees to join the Mandatory Provident Fund Scheme ("the MPF Scheme"), a defined contribution scheme managed by an independent trustee. The assets of the fund are held separately from those of the Group and are managed by independent professional fund managers. Under the MPF Scheme, each of the Group and its employees make monthly contributions to the scheme at 5% of the employees' earnings as defined under the Mandatory Provident Fund legislation. Both the employer's and the employees' contributions are subject to a cap of HK\$1,250 per month and thereafter contributions are voluntary.

As stipulated by the rules and regulations in Mainland China, the Group contributes to state-sponsored retirement plans for its employees in Mainland China. The employees contribute up to 8% of their basic salaries, while the Group contributes to retirement plans approximately at 12% to 14% of the basic salaries of its employees in Mainland China, and has no further obligations for the actual payment of pensions or postretirement benefits. The state-sponsored retirement plans are responsible for the entire pension obligations payable to retired employees.

34 Financial guarantee

At 31 March 2014, the Company had provided guarantees in respect of banking facilities of its subsidiaries amounting to approximately HK\$155,700,000 (2013: HK\$155,700,000). No facilities were utilised by the subsidiaries at 31 March 2014 (2013: HK\$37,238,000).

33 退休金責任

本集團安排香港僱員參與由一名獨立信託人管 理之定額供款強制性公積金計劃(「強積金計 劃」)。基金之資產與本集團其他資產分開持 有, 並由獨立專業基金經理管理。根據強積金 計劃,本集團及其僱員均須以強制性公積金法 例所定義之僱員薪金之5%每月向計劃作出供 款。僱主及僱員供款之上限均為每月1,250港 元,亦可自願額外供款。

根據中國內地法律及法規規定,本集團為其中 國內地僱員向國家資助之退休計劃作出供款。 僱員須最多按其基本薪金之8%作出供款,而本 集團則須向退休計劃作出其中國內地僱員基本 薪金約12%至14%之供款,而毋須就其後退休 金或退休福利之實際支付作出任何承擔。退休 僱員之所有退休金支付概由國家資助之退休計 劃承擔。

34 財務擔保

於2014年3月31日,本公司為其附屬公司之銀 行融資作出擔保,金額約為155,700,000港元 (2013:155,700,000港元)。附屬公司於2014年 3月31日概無動用任何融資(2013:37,238,000 港元)。

35 Related party transactions

The Company's directors consider there is no ultimate holding company as at 31 March 2014 and 2013.

(a) The following significant transactions were carried out with related parties:

35 關連人士交易

於2014年及2013年3月31日,本公司董事認為 並無最終控股公司。

(a) 本集團與關連人士之重大交易如下:

Name of related party/nature of transaction	關連人士之 名稱/交易性質	2014 HK\$'000	2013 HK\$'000
The Bright Printing Press and Paper Products	光明柯式印務紙品廠		
Limited (i)	有限公司(i)		
 Purchases of merchandise 	- 向本集團購買貨品		
from the Group		-	20
 Sales of merchandise to the Group 	- 向本集團銷售貨品	213	225
 Management fees paid/payable 	-已/應付本集團		
to the Group	之管理費用	12	-
First Success Technology Limited (i)	世嘉科技有限公司(i)		
 Rental expense paid/payable 	-本集團已/應付		
by the Group	之租金	837	827
 – Management fees paid/payable 	-已/應付本集團		
to the Group	之管理費用	132	120

Note:

Both companies are wholly owned by Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny, Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon and Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael, directors of the Company.

In the opinion of the Company's directors, the above related party transactions were conducted in the usual course of business of the Group and in accordance with terms mutually agreed by the respective parties.

(b) Key management compensation

Key management personnel are the Company's executive directors. Details of compensation of key management personnel are disclosed in Note 30 to the financial statements.

附註:

該兩間公司均由本公司董事楊志雄先 生、源而細先生及周文仁先生全資擁有。

本公司董事認為,上述關連人士交易乃於 本集團一般業務過程中進行,並按雙方協 定之條款進行。

(b) 主要管理人員薪酬

主要管理人員為本公司執行董事。主要管 理人員之薪酬詳見財務報表附註30。

Corporate Information 公司資料

Board of Directors

Executive Directors

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny (Chairman & Chief Executive Officer)

Mr. Yuen Yee Sai, Simon (Joint Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Chow Man Yan, Michael (Joint Deputy Chairman)

Mr. Yuen Chi King, Wyman

Mr. Yeung Siu Chung, Ben

Ms. Chow Lai Fung

Independent Non-executive Directors

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (appointed on 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (resigned on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

Audit Committee

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun (Chairman)

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (appointed on 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (resigned on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

Remuneration Committee

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen (Chairman)

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (appointed on 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (resigned on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny

Nomination Committee

Mr. Yeung Chi Hung, Johnny (Chairman)

Dr. Chung Chi Ping, Roy (appointed on 1 April 2014)

Dr. Chang Chu Cheng (resigned on 1 April 2014)

Mr. Che Wai Hang, Allen

Mr. Lee Yiu Pun

Company Secretary

Ms. Chow Lai Fung

Registered Office

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

董事會

執行董事

楊志雄先生(主席兼行政總裁) 源而細先牛(聯席副主席) 周文仁先生(聯席副主席) 源子敬先生

楊少聰先生

周麗鳳小姐

獨立非執行董事

鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日辭任) 車偉恒先生 李耀斌先生

審核委員會

李耀斌先生(主席) 鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日辭任) 車偉恒先生

薪酬委員會

車偉恒先生(主席) 鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日辭任) 李耀斌先生 楊志雄先生

提名委員會

楊志雄先生(主席) 鍾志平博士(於2014年4月1日獲委任) 張樹成博士(於2014年4月1日辭任) 車偉恒先生 李耀斌先生

公司秘書

周麗鳳小姐

註冊辦事處

Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

Head Office and Principal Place of Business

16th Floor, Tower I **Grand Central Plaza** 138 Shatin Rural Committee Road Shatin, New Territories, Hong Kong

Bermuda Principal Share Registrar and Transfer Office

Appleby Management (Bermuda) Ltd. Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

Hong Kong Branch Share Registrar And Transfer Office

Hong Kong Registrars Limited Shops 1712-1716, 17th Floor Hopewell Centre 183 Queen's Road East Wanchai, Hong Kong

Auditor

PricewaterhouseCoopers Certified Public Accountants 22nd Floor, Prince's Building Central, Hong Kong

Solicitors

Chiu & Partners 40th Floor, Jardine House 1 Connaught Place Hong Kong

Principal Bankers

Standard Chartered Bank (Hong Kong) Limited Hang Seng Bank Limited

Public Relations Consultant

Strategic Financial Relations Limited Unit A, 29/F., Admiralty Centre I 18 Harcourt Road, Hong Kong

總辦事處及主要營業地點

香港新界沙田 沙田鄉事會路138號 新城市中央廣場 第1座16樓

百慕達主要股份過戶登記處

Appleby Management (Bermuda) Ltd. Canon's Court 22 Victoria Street Hamilton HM 12 Bermuda

香港股份過戶登記分處

香港證券登記有限公司 香港灣仔皇后大道東183號 合和中心17樓1712-1716號舖

核數師

羅兵咸永道會計師事務所 香港執業會計師 香港中環 太子大廈22樓

律師

趙不渝 馬國強律師事務所 香港康樂廣場1號 怡和大廈40樓

主要往來銀行

渣打銀行(香港)有限公司 恒生銀行有限公司

公共關係顧問

縱橫財經公關顧問有限公司 香港金鐘夏慤道18號 海富中心第一期29樓A室



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價值觀:

與客為盟,信守承諾;

鋭意創新,追求卓越;

團結協作,達成目標;

取之社會,回饋社會。







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